Axiomtek Co., Ltd. 2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Meeting Minutes (Translation)

Meeting Time: 09:00 AM, May 30th (Tuesday), 2023

Meeting Venue: 8F., No.55, Nanxing Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

Meeting Method: Physical Shareholders Meeting

Total outstanding shares of Axiomtek Co., Ltd.: 91,960,484 shares

Total shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by proxy (including votes casted

electronically: 50,477,326): 56,288,805 shares

The number of non-voting rights: 0 shares

Percentage of outstanding share held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 61.20%

Directors Present: Yang, Yu-Te (the Chairman of the Board of Directors),

Liu, Wei-Ting (Director), Tsai Shih-Yang (Director), Huang, Jui-Nan (Director) Chang, Jen-Chih (Independent Director/Convener of Audit Committee) Lin, Yih-Jong (Independent Director)

Yu, Chwo-Ming (Independent Director)

(All the 7 seats of the Board of Directors present this Meeting)

Attendee: Ms. Feng Ming-Chuan/CPA, PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chairman: Yang, Yu-Te, the Chairman of the Board of Directors Recorder: Hsu, Chin-Chuan

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I. The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

II. Chairman's Address (omitted)

III. Reports Items

- 1. 2022 Business Report (Please refer to ATTACHMENT I)
- 2. 2022 Consent Report of Audit Committee (Please refer to ATTACHMENT II)
- 3. Report of communication between the members of Audit Committee and the head of internal auditor. (Please refer to ATTACHMENT III)
- 2022 Report of Remuneration Distribution to Employees and Directors <u>Explanation</u>:
 - Pursuant to Article 27 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company: This Company shall set aside 1%-20% as employees' remuneration and the percentage lower than 2% as directors' remuneration if the Company has profit (means the pre-tax income before deduction of the employees' and directors' remuneration) in the current year.
 - (2) The Board of Directors of the Company had approved to allocate TWD 50,000,000 as the remuneration to employees and TWD 8,070,000 as the remuneration to the directors for the year 2022, where all remuneration shall be paid in cash. (hereinafter

all monetary unit will be TWD)

- (3) The above-mentioned remuneration to employees and to directors had been expensed for the year 2022, the amount of the expenditures is consistent with that of the remuneration allocation agreed by the Board of Directors.
- (4) The proposal has been approved by the Remuneration Committee and passed by the resolution of the Board of Directors.
- 5. 2022 Report of Profit Distribution of Cash Dividend

Explanation:

- (1) According to the 27-1 of the Article of Incorporation of the Company, the Board of Directors is authorized to distribute dividends and bonuses in whole or in part may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting.
- (2) 2022 profit distribution of cash dividend totaling in TWD 229,073,710, or TWD 2.5 per share. The Chairman of the Board of Directors is authorized to determine the record date, payment date and other relevant matters for the distribution of the cash dividend.
- (3) If there is any change in the number of common shares of the Company which consequently leads to a change in the dividend distribution ratio, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is authorized to adjust the dividend distribution ratio based on the actual shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- (4) The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.
- (5) Regarding the cash dividend distribution this time, the cash dividend is to be calculated to the integral number with all decimals truncated. And all the truncated decimals from all distorted figures are accumulated to a summation amount which will then be adjusted among shareholders in the order of decimal of each cash dividend amount from big to small as well as in the order of account number from the top to the bottom until the total amount of cash dividend actually paid out can match that in the book.
- 6. 2022 Report of Remuneration Paid to Directors.
 - Explanation:
 - (1) According to the Company's profitability, the investment and contribution of each director to the Company's affairs, the Chairman of the board will propose a remuneration proposal, which will be approved by the Remuneration Committee and passed by the Board of Directors.
 - (2) Information on Directors' remuneration, including remuneration policy, content and amount of individual remuneration, etc., please refer to ATTACHMENT IV.

IV. Proposal and Acknowledgement

- 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements (Proposed by the Board of Directors) Explanation:
 - (1) 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements (including Parent Company Only and Consolidated Financial Statements) of the Company had been passed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors where the Financial Statements had been audited by CPA Feng, Ming-Juan and Wu, Han-Chi of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan. The Audit Committee had also issued a written Consent Report incorporating 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements along with 2022 Profit Distribution.
 - (2) For details, please refer to ATTACHMENT I for 2022 Business Report, ATTACHMENT V for 2022 Independent Auditors' Report and Parent Company Only Financial Statements, and ATTACHMENT VI for 2022 Independent Auditors' Report and Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - (3) Please kindly acknowledge this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,267,425 votes	11,385 votes	5,009,995 votes
100.00%	91.07%	0.02%	8.90%

2. 2022 Profit Distribution

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) Please refer to ATTACHMENT VII for 2022 Profit Distribution Table.
- (2) For 2022, the beginning retained earnings of the Company is TWD 694,687,799, added remeasurement of defined benefit plans recognized in retained earnings of TWD 11,646,881, and unappropriated retained earnings after adjustment is TWD 706,334,680, plus 2022 net income of TWD 602,636,853, and set aside legal reserve of TWD 61,428,373, and reversal of special reserve of TWD 72,347,093, the total unappropriated retained earnings is TWD 1,319,890,253, 2022 profit distribution of cash dividend totaling in TWD 229,073,710. The Company shall, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors.

TWD 1,319,890,253 =

TWD 694,687,799 + 11,646,881 + 602,636,853 - (602,636,853 + 11,646,881) x 10% + 72,347,093

- (3) The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.
- (4) Please kindly acknowledge this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,767,540 votes	14,385 votes	4,506,880 votes
100.00%	91.96%	0.02%	8.00%

V. Discussion Items

1. Revision of partial Articles in the "Article of Incorporation".

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) In order to comply with the Article 172-2 of the Company Act: " A company may explicitly provide for in its Articles of Incorporation that its Shareholders' Meeting can be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority." To add flexibility to the methods of convening a Shareholders Meeting, the Company hereby proposes to amend the "Articles of Incorporation". Please refer to ATTACHMENT VII for the comparison table of amendments to the "Articles of Incorporation".
- (2) Please kindly discuss this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting	Results:
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Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,634,603 votes	42,385 votes	4,611,817 votes
100.00%	91.73%	0.07%	8.19%

- Revision of partial Articles in the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting". (Proposed by the Board of Directors) Explanation:
 - (1) In order to comply with the articles' modifications of "Sample Template for Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings by Public Companies", the Company hereby proposes to amend the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting". Please refer to ATTACHMENT VII for Comparison Table for Articles in the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting". Please refer to ATTACHMENT IX for the comparison table of amendments to the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting".
 - (2) Please kindly discuss this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,641,559 votes	42,429 votes	4,604,817 votes
100.00%	91.74%	0.07%	8.18%

3. Issuance of new shares from capital surplus.

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) In accordance with Article 241 of the Company Act, the Company intends to issue 9,162,948 shares from capital surplus at the amount of NT\$91,629,480, with a par value per share of NT\$10. Based on the shareholders and their shareholding ratio listed in the shareholder' register on the ex-rights date, we have tentatively decided to distribute 100 shares per thousand shares held free of charge. For the fractional share that is less than one share, the shareholders shall register with the Company's stock agent to assemble their entitlements within 5 days since the book closure starting date. Entitlement can't be assembled into one single share or has not been assembled within the time limit, cash will be compensated according to the par value rounded up to one NTD (offsetting fees for dividend transfer or non-physical share registration), the fractional shares will be subscribed at par value by a person designated by the Chairman of the board.
- (2) If the outstanding shares are affected by subsequent changes in share capital, resulting in changes in allotment ratio, the Board of Directors will be authorized by the Shareholders' Meeting to handle the relevant matters.
- (3) The rights and obligations of the new shares issued are the same as the existing common shares.
- (4) After the issuance of new shares from capital increase is resolved by the annual Shareholders' Meeting and submitted to the competent authority for approval. The Board of Directors will be authorized to determine the ex-right record date and announce it separately at that time.
- (5) If this capital increase proposal needs to be amended due to changes in laws or regulations of the competent authority, the Board of Directors will be authorized by the Shareholders' Meeting to handle it with full authority.
- (6) Please kindly discuss this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,606,006 votes	81,983 votes	4,600,816 votes
100.00%	91.68%	0.14%	8.17%

4. Release of the Prohibition on Directors and its Representative from Participation in a Competitive Business.

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

(1) In order to comply with Article 209 of the Company Act: "A Director shall address the important contents of his conducts - acting on behalf of himself or on others within the scope of the business of the Company - to the Shareholders' Meeting while obtaining the permission from the shareholders". Hereby propose for getting approval of Shareholders' Meeting to release the prohibition on directors and its representative from participation in concurrent positions in other companies as below:

Title	Name	Concurrent Positions in Other Companies
Director	Liu, Wei-Ting	Investment Representative of Advantech Co., Ltd. Corporate Investment Division. Chairman of ChuanTing Investment Co., Ltd. Chairman of Tran-Fei Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Shiung-Yang Investment Corporation. Chairman of IoT Vision Investment Corporation. (New) Director of DeNeng Scientific Research Co., Ltd. Director of Cermate Technologies Inc. Director of K&M Investment Co., Ltd. Director of CZ Investment Co., Ltd. Director of Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. Director of Smasoft Technology Co., Ltd. Director of ISAP Solution Corporation. Director of Yan Xu Green Electricity Co. LTD. (New) Director of Advantech Intelligent Healthcare Co., Ltd.
Independent Director	Yu, Chwo-Ming	Professor, Department of Industrial and Business Management, Chang Gung University (New) Member of Remuneration Committee of Advantech Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Integrated Service Technology Inc. Independent Director of WPG Holding Limited (New)

(2) Please kindly discuss this proposal.

Resolution: Proposal was approved after voting.

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting	Approval votes	Disapproval votes	Abstention/Invalid votes
56,288,805 votes	51,080,932 votes	96,652 votes	5,111,221 votes
100.00%	90.74%	0.17%	9.08%

VI. Extemporary Motions: None.

VII. Adjournment: There was no other business and extemporary motion, the Chairman announced the meeting adjourned at 09:23 AM, May 30th (Tuesday), 2023.

(There was no question raised by shareholders at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, and the minutes of the meeting only set out the main point of the meeting, and the detailed content is still subject to the audio-visual records of the meeting)

PART TWO – ATTACHMENTS

(ATTACHMENT I)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

2022 Business Report

Axiomtek Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") has the annual operating revenue of TWD 5.082 billion in 2022, an increase of 38.71% from TWD 3.664 billion in 2021.

In 2022, the epidemic will slow down and move towards unblocking. The kinetic energy of various industries is expected to gradually pick up, and the layout of digital transformation has been actively launched. Digital transformation is mainly driven by big data and software, improving operational efficiency and resilience through digital solutions. Enterprises integrate digital technology, digital tools, software and hardware, and at the same time deepen the connection between OT and IT technology; combined with the increasingly mainstream AI artificial intelligence, edge computing, machine vision, deep learning, Internet of Things, AR/VR, and 5G innovative application technologies in the market. It is expected that the wave of smart manufacturing and global localization will promote the transformation and growth of enterprises. Facing the trend of digital transformation, the Company makes good use of its existing advantages in hardware manufacturing and design, creates technological service value through the ecosystem, and provides highly vertically and horizontally integrated value for automation, smart city, retail, energy, medical, and other application industries, and drive the next wave of growth momentum.

The Company's operating results in 2022 and business plan for 2023 are illustrated as follows:

I. Operating Results in 2022:

- (I) Outcome of business plan implementation:
 - The Company's operating revenue was TWD 5.082 billion, the net income of TWD 603 million, a total comprehensive income of TWD 687 million and after-tax earnings per share was TWD 6.66 in 2022.
- (II) Budget implementation:

The Company has not disclosed the financial forecast for 2022, so there is no budget achievement.

(III)	Financial	income,	expenditures	and	profitability:	
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	Item	2022	2021
Financial	Debt to assets ratio	36.37	36.69
Structure (%)	Long-term capital to property, plant and equipment ratio	230.29	214.36
	Current ratio	142.93	136.71
Solvency (%)	Quick ratio	79.87	74.75
	Interest earned ratio (times)	13,385.70	11,946.13
	Return on assets (%)	11.62	9.19
Profitability	Return on equity (%)	18.17	13.69
	Income before tax to paid-in capital (%)	82.28	49.12
	Profit ratio (%)	11.86	10.67
	Earnings per share (TWD)	6.66	4.57

(IV) Research and development status:

In response to sustainable management and market development trends, the following medium and long-term development directions are planned:

- 1. Focus on the industrial application in vertical markets such as factory automation, rail transit, green energy and smart grid; provide edge computing platforms, machine vision solutions, touch panel computer, and combine core technologies such as video, audio, and smart platforms to provide comprehensive AIoT solution.
- 2. The edge computing system is developing toward intelligent, miniaturized, and modularized products. Strengthen the integrated application of the embedded operating system and provide a security upgrade solution for the Internet of Things.
- 3. Develop specific domain-focused platforms for smart retail, medical, gaming, and entertainment markets, and integrate software expertise to provide customers with a complete and reliable solution.
- 4. Migrade the system level to an application market solution, combine DigiHub to provide software and hardware integration services; deepen the added value, and provide exclusive, customized, and flexible services for partners.

II. Summary Business Plan for 2023:

- (I) Business policy
 - 1. Focus on the integration of artificial intelligence and the Internet of Things, smart manufacturing-related technologies and edge computing platforms, and continue to invest in domain industries such as factory automation, smart energy, transportation, medical, gaming, and smart retail.

- 2. Provide a complete product line and professional customization services for targeted vertical markets.
- 3. Collaborate with strategic partners to create alliances, integrate software and hardware to enhance value-added products, and pursue long-term development and sustainable operation of the enterprise.
- 4. Global localization business policy, actively deploying overseas Design Engineering Service to provide localized professional services; adding overseas service bases, global marketing channels to deepen customer relationships, and establishing global distribution partners.
- 5. Form follows function can organize corresponding development, pursue the vision of sustainable development of the enterprise and long-term talent cultivation.
- (II) Production and sales policies:
 - 1. Introduce MES (Manufacturing Execution System) smart factory operations management and progress towards full factory automation.
 - 2. Implement green production supply chain and supplier management, use GPMS (Green Product Management System) and SCM (Supply Chain Management) management mechanisms to confirm that products are non-toxic and harmless, and regularly audit the quality of suppliers.
 - 3. Through the PLM (Product Lifecycle Management), global information management and communication systems, obtain data on materials, semi-finished products, inventories and future market demands, reducing inventory management costs and losses due to price reduction on the slow-moving stock.

III. The Company's Development Strategy:

- (I) Sales strategy:
 - 1. Give full play to the key influence of digital transformation, accumulate software and hardware integration technology, deepen the added value of the industry, and provide customers with exclusive technology services.
 - 2. Marketing globally with its own brand, focusing on design, manufacturing, and sales; actively deploying global localization strategies, establishing sales bases and technical bases, expanding marketing channels and realizing localized services.
 - 3. Formulate strategies and tactics for the sales strategies of major global customers including key accounts, domain-focused system integrators, and channel partners, expand sales scale and assist customers to develop a new market.
 - 4. Strengthen the added value of software and hardware integration, duplicate success cases, shorten customer development time and development costs, and

create a win-win model.

- 5. Utilize the Salesforce cloud application and platform, use IT (Information Technology) and BI (Business Intelligence) to effectively manage customer relationships and manage project progress, and integrate digital marketing models to improve customer experience.
- (II) Product technology:
 - 1. Edge computing platform: towards miniature and modular design, adopts industrial aesthetic design, and emphasizes user experience. Designed for automation, smart energy, machine vision, AGV/AMR, artificial intelligence and IoT application markets. Obtain product specialty certifications for specific vertical applications.
 - 2. IT/OT cybersecurity platform: lock the industrial network security application market, develop edge computing computer platform, remote monitoring technology IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) and high-speed Ethernet module, and develop SDN (Software-Defined Networking) network security architecture.
 - 3. Digital signage players and self-service kiosks: provide affordable and highperformance models, integrating touch screens, barcode readers, payment devices, and other multifunctional all-in-one machines; through multiple screen output interfaces and customized software and firmware program to achieve multiscreen splicing and self-management of the system.
 - 4. Computers for medical equipment: combining with customer IT architecture to create a smart medical environment. The control system of large-scale testing instruments, mobile medical carts, bedside computers, and information computers are all the focus of future product development.
 - 5. Gaming industry-specific computer platform: develop Video Mixer technology and game machine PTS (Player Tracking System) system platform, background management system, image processing, and Jackpot server, etc., and deepen its vertical industry expertise and integration capabilities.
- IV. The Effect of the External Competitive, the Legal Environment and the Overall Business Environment:

Edge computing with Artificial Intelligence of Things, AR/VR, 5G, and other technologies for domain vertical industries are made to support customers' success. The Company will continue to apply digital transformation and global localization, formulate the development of the group organization, and take sustainable management as the core. Plan long-term development strategies, realize localized services, and regional supply chains, and move technical energy to the front line to meet the flexible needs of customers.

Looking forward to the future, the Company will continue to cultivate its own technical capabilities, focus on specific domain markets, software and hardware integration capabilities, and value-added services to lead business growth. Cooperate with partners such as key accounts, domain-focused system integrators, and channel partners to create a successful alliance ecosystem. It is important to ensure that corporate governance and ESG responsibilities will be embedded into the corporate culture, and create a win-win situation with partners to break out of a new era.

Yang, Yu-Te, Chairman Huang, Jui-Nan, President Hsu, Chin-Chuan, Principal Accounting Officer AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

(ATTACHMENT II)

2022 Consent Report of Audit Committee

To 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

Date: February 23rd, 2023

Consented by the Audit Committee, the 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements and profit distribution proposals have also been resolved by the Board of Directors of the Company where the financial statements have been completely audited and subsequently the Unqualified Opinion Independent Auditors' Report has been issued by the CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan and Wu, Han-Chi of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan which has been entrusted by the Board of Directors.

In compliance with the provisions of relevant laws and regulations, the abovementioned 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements and Profit Distribution proposals are being reported and presented herewith for review in order to comply with the provisions of Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Sincerely yours,

Chang, Jen-Chih Convener of Audit Committee AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

(ATTACHMENT III)

Summary of communication between the members of Audit Committee and the head of internal auditor.

Participant	Date	Attendees	Significant Matters of Communication	Outcome of the Communication
	Feb 25, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan, Assistant Vice President Ivy Kuo, Manager Raby Cheng	 1.1.2021 Q4 audit report 2. The status of the execution of the internal control system and the results of the self-audits. Discuss the effectiveness of the 2021 internal control system and the internal control system statement 3. Explanation and discussion on the revision of the "Internal Control System" and " Internal Audit Implementation Rules " of the company. 	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Apr 28, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan	1. 2022 Q1 audit report	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
Head of Internal Auditor	Jul 28, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan PwC Taiwan: CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan, Manager Raby Cheng	1. 2022 Q2 audit report	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Oct 27, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Alex Mou	1. 2022 Q3 audit report 2. 2023 annual audit plan	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Feb 18, 2022 Mar 8, 2022 Apr 8, 2022 Apr 29, 2022 May 31, 2022 Jun 6, 2022 July 29, 2022 Sep 2, 2022 Sep 29, 2022 Sep 29, 2022 Oct 31, 2022 Dec 27, 2022 Internal audit reports	Before the end of each month, the confirmed audit report of the previous month will be sent to the mailboxes of the Independent Directors	Jan 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Feb 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Mar 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Apr 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. May 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Jun 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Jul 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Aug 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Aug 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Sep 2022 Monthly audit	According to the 2022 annual audit plan passed on Oct 28, 2021, various circular audits will be carried out monthly, and the audit results and follow-up reports will be sent to each Independent Directors before the end of each month and obtained all Independent Director's Receipt letter.

Participant	Date	Attendees	Significant Matters of Communication	Outcome of the Communication
			and tracking report. Oct 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Nov 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Dec 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report.	

2022 Remuneration Paid to Directors

(ATTACHMENT Ⅳ)

Unit: Thousand shares/NT\$ Thousand

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		(/	ensation	Retire Pay Pensio	and	Profit- Comp	ectors Sharing ensation (C) ote 3)	Expens Perquisi (No		and R Net Ii	+C+D atio to ncome %)		ds, and	and F	nent Pay Pension F)		Compen	Profit-Sha sation ((ote 6)	-	A+B+C F+G an to Net I (%) (No	d Ratio ncome	Remuneration Received from Investee Enterprises other than Subsidiaries or from the Parent Company (Note 11)
Job Title	Name	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (1	The	All Consc (]	T Com	he pany	All Cons Enti (Not	ities	The	All Consc (]	ceived fron Subsidiari pany (Note
		The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	Amount in Cash	Amount in Stock	Amount in Cash	Amount in Stock	Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	n Investee ies or from the e 11)
Chairman	Yang, Yu-Te	0	0	0	0	1,761	1,761	25	25	1,786 0.30%	1,786 0.30%	9,546	9,546	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,332 1.88%	11,332 1.88%	None
D	Advantech Co., Ltd.	0	0	0	0	934	934	0	0	934 0.16%	934 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	934 0.16%	934 0.16%	None
Director	Representative: Liu, Wei-Ting	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	25	25 0.00%	25 0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25 0.00%	25 0.00%	None
Director	Tsai, Shih-Yang	0	0	0	0	934	934	25	25	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	None
Director	Huang, Jui-Nan	0	0	0	0	934	934	25	25	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	10,624	10,624	108	108	0	0	0	0	11,691 1.94%	11,691 1.94%	None
Independent Director	Lin, Yih-Jong	0	0	0	0	1,059	1,059	25	25	1,084 0.18%	1,084 0.18%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,084 0.18%	1,084 0.18%	None
Independent Director	Chang, Jen-Chih	0	0	0	0	1,038	1,038	25	25	1,063 0.18%	1,063 0.18%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,063 0.18%	1,063 0.18%	None
Independent Director	Yu, Chwo-Ming	0	0	0	0	1,409	1,409	25	25	1,434 0.24%	1,434 0.24%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,434 0.24%	1,434 0.24%	None

1. The policies, systems, standards, and structure of Independent Directors' remuneration, and describe the correlation with the amount of remuneration according to the responsibilities, risks, and investment time: The Company mainly distributes the remuneration of Directors in accordance with the "Operating Procedures for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors" and "Directors' Remuneration Distribution Method". According to the Articles of Incorporation, if the Company is profitable in the current year (means the Pre-tax Income before deduction of the employees' and Directors' compensation) in the current year. Directors' payout should be no more than 2%. The remuneration of Directors in the preceding paragraphs only can receive the profit in the form of cash. The proportion and amount of Directors' remuneration allocation each year are proposed by the Remuneration Committee based on the Company's operating performance, business risks, development trends and reference to industry standards, and by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of Directors. The distribution of remuneration for Directors and Independent Directors is first based on the Content of positions and functional committee members. In general, Directors' remuneration is evaluated according to the performance of the responsibilities, risks, and the rationality of the remuneration has been evaluated by the Nomination Committee, reviewed by the Remuneration for Directors. Relevant laws and regulations review the remuneration system in a timely manner to implement corporate governance, and expect to make the distribution of remuneration system in a timely manner to implement corporate governance, and expect to make the distribution of remuneration for Directors.

2.Except as disclosed in the above table, the remuneration received by the Directors of the Company for providing services to all the companies in the financial report in the most recent year (such as serving as a non-employee consultant for the parent company, all companies and investment enterprises in the consolidated financial statements): TWD\$0

- 3. Retirement pay and pension is the contribution of labor pension funds paid on a monthly basis according to the law.
- Note 1:The names of Directors shall be listed separately (the institutional shareholder and its representative should be illustrated separately), and Directors and Independent Directors shall be listed separately, and the various payment amounts shall be disclosed in a collective manner.
- Note 2:Refers to remuneration in the past year for the Directors (including Director's salaries, additional fees, severance pay, various bonuses, incentive payouts, etc.)
- Note 3:Director's remuneration for the past year, approved by the Board.
- Note 4:Director's operating expenses in the past year (includes transportation, special fees, various allowances, lodging, allotted vehicles, other amenities, etc.) In the case of the provision of housing, cars and other means of transport or exclusive payments, the nature and cost of the assets provided, rental at actual or at a fair market price, fuel and other payments should be disclosed. Where a driver is assigned, including the payment made by the Company that is not already included in the remuneration.
- Note 5:Remuneration for Directors who are also employees (includes Presidents, Vice Presidents, other managerial officers, and employees) including salaries, job add-on, severance pay, various bonuses, incentive payouts, transportation expenses, special skills fees, various allowances, lodging, allotted vehicles and other amenities. In the case of the provision of housing, cars and other means of transport or exclusive payments, the nature and cost of the assets provided, rental at actual or at a fair market price, fuel and other payments should be disclosed. Where a driver is assigned, including the payment made by the Company that is not already included in the remuneration. Per IFRS 2 the salary expenses recognized in the "Share-based payment", including the acquisition of employee stock option certificates, restricted shares, and participation in cash increase subscription shares, shall also be included in the remuneration.
- Note 6:Past year's remuneration (including stock and cash) approved by the Board of Directors to Directors also serving as employees (includes the President, Vice Presidents, other managerial officers, and employees). If an estimate is not available, compute using the previous year's actual payouts and complete Table 1-3.
- Note 7:All categories of remuneration paid to the Directors by the companies (including this Company) listed in the consolidated report, must be disclosed.
- Note 8:Total remuneration paid to each Director must be disclosed in the appropriate range against the Name of Director.
- Note 9:All categories of remuneration paid to the Directors by the companies (including this Company) listed in the consolidated report, must be disclosed in the appropriate range against the Name of Director.
- Note 10:Net profit after tax refers to the past year's net profit after tax. Per international financial reporting standards, net profit after tax refers to the net profit after tax of the parent company or individual companies in the past year.
- Note 11: a. State clearly the remuneration amount paid to the Director by reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company (Fill in "None" if not in the case).
 - b. If the Director has received remuneration from reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company, please specify the amount received in the relevant ranges tabled and denote these as "Parent company and all reinvested businesses".
 - c. Remuneration here refers to any fees, compensation (including the remuneration for employees, Directors, and supervisors) and reimbursement for expenses incurred while executing their duties in the appointments held by Directors, supervisors or Presidents in reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company.
- Note 12: The Company established the Audit Committee on June 3, 2015 to replace the role of the supervisor.
- * The remuneration disclosed in the table differs from the concept of income defined according to Income Tax Law, therefore, the table is for the purpose of information disclosure instead of tax levy.

2022 Independent Auditors' Report (Parent Company Only Financial Statements)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. (hereinafter referred to as "Axiomtek" or "the Company") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in order to comply with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in order to comply with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Individual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company In order to comply with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in order to comply with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the individual financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the individual financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

Cut off of Operating Revenue

Description

Please refer to Note 4(31) for accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(20) for details of operating revenue.

The Company's operating revenue mainly comes from the manufacture and sale of finished products, and is mainly for export. The operating revenue for export is based on the transaction conditions with customers as the basis for revenue recognition. Different customers have different transaction conditions and revenue recognition procedures. Involving manual judgment by management, for sales transactions before and after the balance sheet date, it is necessary to confirm whether the significant risks and rewards related to the ownership of the goods have been transferred to the customer. Therefore, there is a risk of improper timing of revenue recognition. We considered the cut off of operating revenue as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Understood and assessed the effectiveness of the internal control of Axiomtek's operating revenue and perform the test of the effectiveness of internal controls over shipping and billing.
- 2. For the details of the export income transaction details for a specific period before and after the balance sheet date, confirm its completeness and perform a cut-off test by random inspection, including confirmation of transaction conditions, verification of relevant supporting documents, and confirmation that sales revenue has been recorded in an appropriate period.

Allowance for Inventory Valuation Losses

Description

Please refer to Note 4(12) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation losses and Note 6(3) for details of inventories. As at December 31, 2022, the Company's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$1,193,561 thousand and NT\$70,000 thousand, respectively.

The Company is primarily engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of industrial computer products. Due to rapid technological innovation and fluctuations in market prices, the Company recognizes inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and the net realizable value is estimated based on historical experience. An allowance for inventory valuation losses is provided for those inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged.

As the amounts of inventories are material, the types of inventories vary, and the estimation of net realizable value for individually obsolete or damaged inventories is subject to management's judgment, we considered the allowance for inventory valuation losses as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Ensured consistent application of Company's accounting policies in relation to allowance for inventory valuation losses and assessed the reasonableness of these policies.
- 2. Evaluated the reasonableness of inventories individually identified as obsolete or damaged with supporting documents, validated the appropriateness of system logic of inventory aging report utilized by management to ensure proper classification of inventories aged over a certain period of time and reperformed the calculation.
- 3. Discussed with management the net realizable value of inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged, validated respective supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory.

Other Matter- Audit by the Other Independent Accountants

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method. These investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT \$231,507 thousand and NT \$211,830 thousand, constituting 4.15% and 4.36% of total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures accounted for under equity method amounted to NT\$22,384 thousand and NT\$9,581 thousand, constituting 3.26% and 2.75% of total comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The financial statements of these investments accounted for under the equity method were audited by other independent auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the separate financial statements and information disclosed relative to these investments, is based solely on the reports of other independent auditors.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in order to comply with the "Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in order to comply with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in order to comply with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Parent Company Only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Feng, Ming-Chuan

Wu, Han-Chi

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 23, 2023.

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			 December 31, 20		December 31, 20	
	Assets	Notes	 Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 774,147	14	\$ 607,232	12
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	6(1) and 8	3,000	-	-	-
1150	Notes receivable	6(2) and 12(2)	5,583	-	5,566	-
1170	Accounts receivable	6(2) and 12(2)	185,940	3	124,776	3
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	6(2),7 and 12(2)	449,061	8	385,570	8
1200	Other receivables		25,551	1	29,774	1
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	104	-	-	-
1220	Current income tax assets		541	-	46	-
130X	Inventories	6(3)	1,123,561	20	942,383	19
1410	Prepayments		16,800	-	13,896	-
1470	Other current assets		 434		595	
11XX	Total current assets		 2,584,722	46	2,109,838	43
	Non-current assets					
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(4)	1,220,085	22	1,048,731	22
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)	1,639,967	29	1,548,362	32
1755	Use rights assets	6(6)	7,936	-	22,680	-
1760	Investment property	6(8)	37,983	1	38,479	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)	33,560	1	27,891	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(26)	52,675	1	60,791	1
1920	Refundable deposits		 8,072		5,575	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 3,000,278	54	2,752,509	57
1XXX	Total Assets		\$ 5,585,000	100	\$ 4,862,347	100

(Continued)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			D	December 31, 202		December 31, 202	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	635,300	11	\$ 374,000	8
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(19)		66,657	1	76,162	2
2150	Notes payables			1,350	-	675	-
2170	Accounts payable			596,615	11	681,480	14
2180	Accounts payable – related parties	7		17,495	-	11,348	-
2200	Other payables	6(11)		308,537	6	287,056	6
2230	Current income tax liabilities			170,401	3	93,353	2
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current			1,539	-	1,152	-
2280	Lease liabilities-current portion			7,302	-	15,799	-
2310	Advance receipts			171	-	84	-
2399	Other current liabilities			3,027		2,207	
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,808,394	32	1,543,316	32
	Non-current liabilit						
2560	Income tax liabilities- non current			8,913	-	30,677	1
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)		180,464	3	155,892	3
2580	Lease liabilities-non current			229	-	6,968	-
2640	Accrued pension liabilities	6(13)		32,385	1	46,458	1
2645	Guarantee deposit received			763	-	763	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			222,754	4	240,758	5
2XXX	Total liabilities			2,031,148	36	1,784,074	37
	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	;					
	Share capital						
3110	Ordinary shares	6(15)		910,235	16	884,829	18
3140	Advance receipts for share capital	6(15)		13,079	-	75,094	2
	Capital surplus	6(16)					
3200	Capital surplus			633,715	12	533,041	11
	Retained earnings	6(17)					
3310	Legal reserve			615,504	11	576,846	12
3320	Special reserve			76,627	1	38,974	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,308,972	24	1,046,116	21
	Other equity	6(18)					
3400	Other equity		(4,280)	-	(76,627)	(2)
3XXX	Total equity			3,553,852	64	3,078,273	63
	Significant commitment and contingent item	9		<u> </u>		· · ·	
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11					
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	5,585,000	100	\$ 4,862,347	100
	1 v			, -,,		,,-,	

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings per Share)

				Year	ended	Dece	mber 31		
				2022			2021		
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount		%
4000	Operating revenue	6(19) and 7	\$	5,082,224	100	\$	3,663,800		100
5000	Operating costs	6(3), (24),							
		(25) and 7	(3,586,613) (<u> </u>	(2,686,465)	(73)
5900	Gross profit			1,495,611	29		977,335		27
5910	Unrealized gain from sale	6(4)	(121,217) (2)	(81,600)	(2)
5920	Realized gain from sale			81,600	2		87,278	_	2
5950	Net gross profit			1,455,994	29		983,013		27
	Operating expenses	6(24) and (25)							
6100	Selling expenses		(123,108) (3)	(94,773)	(3)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(193,426) (4)	(154,088)	(4)
6300	Research and development expenses		(567,638) (11)	(485,292)	(13)
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)							
	impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9		(75)	-	(3)		-
6000	Total operating expenses		(884,247) (18)	(734,156)	(20)
6900	Operating profit			571,747	11		248,857		7
	Non-operating income and expenses								
7100	Interest income	6(20)		5,442	-		2,203		-
7010	Other income	6(21)		33,571	1		12,921		-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(22)		24,680	1		66,904		2
7050	Finance costs	6(23)	(5,637)	-	(3,980)		-
7070	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(4)							
	accounted for under equity method			119,112	2		144,571	_	4
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			177,168	4		222,619		6
7900	Profit before income tax			748,915	15		471,476		13
7950	Income tax expenses	6(26)	(146,278) (3)	(80,561)	(2)
8200	Net Income		\$	602,637	12	\$	390,915		11
	Other comprehensive income								
	Components of other comprehensive income that will								
	not be reclassified to profit or loss								
8311	Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	6(13)	\$	12,778	-	(\$	3,986)		-
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and	6(4)							
	joint ventures accounted for using equity method,								
	components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			1,425	-	(1,144)		
8349	Income tax relating to components of other	6(26)		1,425	-	C	1,144)		-
0577	comprehensive income	6(26)	(2,556)	_		797		-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will		(2,000)					
	be reclassified to profit or loss								
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign								
	operations			90,434	2	(47,065)	(1)
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other	6(26)					. ,	Ì	Í
	comprehensive income		(18,087)	-		9,413		-
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		\$	83,994	2	(\$	41,985)	(1)
8500	Total Comprehensive Income		\$	686,631	14	\$	348,930	`	10
	• · ·		-	/		<u> </u>	- , *	-	-
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(28)	\$		6.66	\$			4.57
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(28)	\$		6.52	\$			4.30

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Balance at January 1, 2021 § 825,953 § 23,897 § 330,995 § 546,178 § 26,633 § 919,497 (§ 38,975) § 2,633,778 Profit for the year - - - - - - 330,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - 390,915 - - 390,915 - - 390,915 -		Notes	Share c	A	dvance eipts for re capital	Capital surplus	Le	gal reserve	ined earning	Una	ppropriated ned earnings	F sta tra diff	ther equity inancial atements anslation Ferences of foreign perations	Total	equity
Profit for the year	<u>Year 2021</u>														
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year - - - - - - 4,333 (37,652) (41,985) Total comprehensive income - - - 386,582 (37,652) (348,930) Appropriations of 2020 carnings - - - 30,668 - (12,341) - - Reversal of special reserve 6(17) - - - 12,341 (12,341) - - - 19,882 Cash dividends 6(17) - - - 16,023 - - 16,023 Conversion of convertible bonds 52,186 53,660 170,768 - - 276,614 Balance at January 1, 2021 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637	•		\$ 825,953	\$	23,897	\$ 330,595	\$	546,178	\$ 26,633	\$		(<u>\$</u>	38,975)	\$	
Total comprehensive income			-		-	-		-	-		,		-		
Appropriations of 2020 earnings		r			-			-	 -	((/	(/
Legal reserve $6(17)$ $30,668$ - $(30,668)$ Reversal of special reserve $6(17)$ $12,341$ $(12,341)$ Cash dividends $6(17)$ $216,954$ -(216,954)-19,882Compensation cost of share-based payments $16,023$ 16,023Conversion of convertible bonds $52,186$ $53,660$ $170,768$ 276,614Balance at December 31, 2021 $$884,829$ $$75,094$ $$533,041$ $$576,846$ $$38,974$ $$1,046,116$ $($76,627)$ $$3,078,273$ Year 2022 $$884,829$ $$75,094$ $$533,041$ $$576,846$ $$38,974$ $$1,046,116$ $($76,627)$ $$3,078,273$ Profit for the year602,637-602,637Other comprehensive income11,64772,347 $83,994$ Total comprehensive income38,658Special reserve $6(17)$ 37,653 $37,653$ Share-based payments6(17)37,653 $37,653$ Share-based payments6(17)51,809Conversion of convertible bonds6(17) <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td> -</td> <td></td> <td>386,582</td> <td>(</td> <td>37,652)</td> <td></td> <td>348,930</td>	-				-			-	 -		386,582	(37,652)		348,930
Reversal of special reserve $6(17)$ 12,341 $(12,341)$ Cash divideds $6(17)$ $(216,954)$ - $(216,954)$ Share-based payments $6,690$ $(2,463)$ $15,655$ 19,882Compensation cost of share-based payments-16,02316,023Conversion of convertible bonds $52,186$ $53,660$ $170,768$ 276,614Balance at December 31, 2021§ 884,829§ $75,094$ § $533,041$ § $576,846$ § $38,974$ § $1.046,116$ (§ $76,627$)§ $3.078,273$ Year 2022Balance at January 1, 2022§ $884,829$ § $75,094$ § $533,041$ § $576,846$ § $38,974$ § $1.046,116$ (§ $76,627$)§ $3.078,273$ Profit for the year602,637-602,637Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year614,28472,34783,994Total comprehensive income<	•••••														
Cash dividends 6(17) - - - - - (216,954) - (216,954) Share-based payments 6,690 (2,463) 15,655 - - - 19,882 Compensation cost of share-based payments 52,186 53,660 170,768 - - - 16,023 Conversion of convertible bonds 52,186 53,660 170,768 - - - 276,614 Balance at December 31, 2021 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - - - - - - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 carnings - - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>30,668</td> <td>-</td> <td>(</td> <td>· · · ·</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-		-	-		30,668	-	(· · · ·		-		-
Share-based payments 6,690 $(2,463)$ 15,655 - - - 19,882 Compensation cost of share-based payments - - 16,023 - - - 16,023 Conversion of convertible bonds 52,186 53,660 170,768 - - - 276,614 Balance at December 31, 2021 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year - - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 Legal reserve 6(17) -	Reversal of special reserve		-		-	-		-	12,341	(12,341)		-		-
Compensation cost of share-based payments 16,023 - - 16,023 - - 16,023 Conversion of convertible bonds 52,186 53,660 170,768 - - - 276,614 Balance at December 31, 2021 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627 \$ 3,078,273 Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627 \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - - - - - - - - - 614,284 72,347 886,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		6(17)	-		-	-		-	-	(216,954)		- (216,954)
Conversion of convertible bonds $52,186$ $52,186$ $53,660$ $170,768$ $ 276,614$ Balance at December 31, 2021 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - <td></td> <td></td> <td>6,690</td> <td>(</td> <td>2,463)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>			6,690	(2,463)			-	-		-		-		
Balance at December 31, 2021 \$ 30.010 \$ 30.010 \$ 533.041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 \$ 76,627 \$ 3,078,273 Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 \$ 76,627 \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - 602,637 -<			-		-			-	-		-		-		
Year 2022 Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 Total comprehensive income - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - 38,658 -	Conversion of convertible bonds		52,186		53,660	170,768		_	-		-				276,614
Balance at January 1, 2022 \$ 884,829 \$ 75,094 \$ 533,041 \$ 576,846 \$ 38,974 \$ 1,046,116 (\$ 76,627) \$ 3,078,273 Profit for the year - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 Other comprehensive income - - - - - 614,284 72,347 83,994 Appropriations of 2021 earnings -	Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 884,829	\$	75,094	\$ 533,041	\$	576,846	\$ 38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627)	\$	3,078,273
Profit for the year - - - - - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 - 602,637 83,994 - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - - 38,658 - <td><u>Year 2022</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<u>Year 2022</u>								 						
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year - - - - 11,647 72,347 83,994 Total comprehensive income - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings - - - 38,658 - - - Special reserve 6(17) - - - 37,653 37,653 - - Cash dividends 6(17) - - - - (275,117) - (275,117) Share-based payments 8,910 13,079 30,191 - - - 52,180 Compensation cost of share-based payments - - 11,829 - - - 11,829 Conversion of convertible bonds 16,496 (75,094) 58,598 - - - - - Change in Capital Surplus-others <	Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 884,829	\$	75,094	\$ 533,041	\$	576,846	\$ 38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627)	\$	3,078,273
Total comprehensive income - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings Legal reserve 6(17) - - 38,658 - (38,658) - - - Special reserve 6(17) - - - 38,658 - (275,317) -	Profit for the year		-		-	-		-	 -		602,637		-		602,637
Total comprehensive income - - - - 614,284 72,347 686,631 Appropriations of 2021 earnings Legal reserve 6(17) - - 38,658 - (38,658) - - - Special reserve 6(17) - - - 37,653 (37,653) - - - Cash dividends 6(17) -	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	r	-		-	-		-	-		11,647		72,347		83,994
Appropriations of 2021 earningsLegal reserve $6(17)$ Special reserve $6(17)$ Cash dividends $6(17)$ Cash dividends $6(17)$ $6(17)$ $ Cash dividends$ $6(17)$ $ Cash dividends$ $6(17)$ $ Cash dividends$ $6(17)$ $ -$ </td <td>Total comprehensive income</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td> -</td> <td></td> <td>614,284</td> <td></td> <td>72,347</td> <td></td> <td>686,631</td>	Total comprehensive income				-			_	 -		614,284		72,347		686,631
Special reserve $6(17)$ 37,653 $37,653$ Cash dividends $6(17)$ $(275,117)$ -(275,117)Share-based payments $8,910$ $13,079$ $30,191$ 52,180Compensation cost of share-based payments $11,829$ 11,829Conversion of convertible bonds $16,496$ $(75,094)$ $58,598$ Change in Capital Surplus-others 56 5656	Appropriations of 2021 earnings							<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
Special reserve $6(17)$ 37,653 $(37,653)$ Cash dividends $6(17)$ (275,117)-(275,117)Share-based payments $8,910$ $13,079$ $30,191$ 52,180Compensation cost of share-based payments11,82911,829Conversion of convertible bonds $16,496$ $(75,094)$ $58,598$ Change in Capital Surplus-others 56 5656	Legal reserve	6(17)	-		-	-		38,658	-	(38,658)		-		-
Cash dividends 6(17) - - - - - (275,117) - (275,117) Share-based payments 8,910 13,079 30,191 - - (275,117) - (275,117) Share-based payments 8,910 13,079 30,191 - - - 52,180 Compensation cost of share-based payments - - 11,829 - - 11,829 Conversion of convertible bonds 16,496 (75,094) 58,598 - - - - Change in Capital Surplus-others	Special reserve	6(17)	-		-	-		-	37,653	Ì			-		-
Share-based payments 8,910 13,079 30,191 - - - 52,180 Compensation cost of share-based payments - - 11,829 - - 11,829 Conversion of convertible bonds 16,496 (75,094) 58,598 - - - - - Change in Capital Surplus-others	Cash dividends	6(17)	-		-	-		-	-	Ì	275,117)		- (275,117)
Compensation cost of share-based payments - - 11,829 - - 11,829 Conversion of convertible bonds 16,496 (75,094) 58,598 - - - - - - 11,829 Change in Capital Surplus-others - - 56 - - - 56	Share-based payments		8,910		13,079	30,191		-	-		-		-		
Conversion of convertible bonds 16,496 (75,094) 58,598 - - - - - - - - 56 - - 56 - 56 - 56 56 - 56 <td>Compensation cost of share-based payments</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>11,829</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>11,829</td>	Compensation cost of share-based payments		-		-	11,829		-	-		-		-		11,829
Change in Capital Surplus-others - - 56 - - 56			16,496	(75,094)			-	-		-		-		-
Belance at December 31 2022 $\$$ 010 225 $\$$ 12 070 $\$$ 622 715 $\$$ 615 504 $\$$ 76 627 $\$$ 1 209 072 $(\$$ 4 290) $\$$ 2 552 952	Change in Capital Surplus-others		-		-			-	-		-		-		56
$\frac{5910,255}{5910,255} = \frac{510,079}{50000} = \frac{50000000}{5000000000000000000000000000$	Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 910,235	\$	13,079	\$ 633,715	\$	615,504	\$ 76,627	\$	1,308,972	(\$	4,280)	\$	3,553,852

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Years ended I	Decem	ber 31
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	748,915	\$	471,476
Adjustments			,		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation	6(5), (6) and (24)	61,666		62,179
Depreciation from investment Property	6(8) and (22)		496		541
Amortization	6(9) and (24)		15,067		12,049
Expected credit impairment losses/ Reversal of	12(2)				
allowance for doubtful accounts			75		3
Impairment loss on other assets	6(22)		2,000		-
Interest expense	6(23)		5,637		3,980
Interest income	6(20)	(5,442)	(2,203)
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(24) and (25)		9,380		12,912
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(4)				
accounted for under equity method		(119,112)	(144,571)
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	6(22)		-	(120)
Gain on disposal of investments	6(22)	(11)	(295)
Gain on disposal of investment assets	6(22)		-	(78,854)
Unrealized profit from sales			39,617	(5,678)
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating					
activities					
Changes in assets relating to operating activities					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			11		295
Notes receivable		(17)	(2,618)
Accounts receivable (including related parties)		(124,730)	(161,407)
Other receivables (including related parties)			8,351	(15,469)
Inventories		(181,178)	(511,038)
Prepayments		(2,905)	(2,306)
Other current assets			162		175
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities					
Contract liabilities		(9,505)		46,478
Notes payables			675	(322)
Accounts payable (including related parties)		(78,718)		464,046
Other payables			12,124		45,374
Other current assets			906	(12,354)
Accrued pension liabilities		(1,295)	(1,392)
Cash inflow generated from operations		`	382,169	`	180,881
Receipt of interest			3,660		2,352
Payment of interest		(5,468)	(874)
Payment of income tax		ì	79,444)	ì	17,390)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		` <u> </u>	300,917	` <u> </u>	164,969
The cash nows provided by operating activities			500,717		107,707

(Continued)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Years ended	Decemt	per 31
	Notes	·	2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Financial assets at amortized cost - current		(\$	3,000)	\$	-
Other receivables (including related parties)			-		84,350
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(132,650)	(575,515)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment			34		120
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties			-		125,027
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(20,736)	(17,811)
Increase in refundable deposits		(40)		163
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(156,392)	(383,666)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from short -term borrowings			4,505,600		1,013,592
Redemption of short -term borrowings		(4,244,300)	(639,592)
Payment of cash dividends	6(17)	(275,117)	(216,954)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	6(14)		52,180		19,882
Payment of lease liabilities		(16,029)	(16,663)
Proceeds from bonds payable			-	(2,300)
Proceeds from disposal of employee stock ownership trust			56		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities			22,390		157,965
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			166,915	(60,732)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			607,232		667,964
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	774,147	\$	607,232

(ATTACHMENT VI)

2022 Independent Auditors' Report (Consolidated Financial Statements)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended In order to comply with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in order to comply with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China ("ROC GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group In order to comply with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in order to comply with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

Cut-off of Operating Revenue

Description

Please refer to Note 4(32) for accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(23) for details of operating revenue.

The Group's operating revenue mainly comes from the manufacture and sale of finished products, and is mainly for export. The operating revenue for export is based on the transaction conditions with customers as the basis for revenue recognition. Different customers have different transaction conditions and revenue recognition procedures. Involving manual judgment by management, for sales transactions before and after the balance sheet date, it is necessary to confirm whether the significant risks and rewards related to the ownership of the goods have been transferred to the customer. Therefore, there is a risk of improper timing of revenue recognition. We considered the cut off of operating revenue as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Understood and assessed the effectiveness of internal controls over cutoff of the Group's operating revenue and tested the effectiveness of internal controls over shipping and billing.
- 2. Checked the completeness and performed cutoff tests on a random basis on the export sales details in a certain period around balance sheet date, which includes checking the terms and conditions of transaction, verifying against supporting documents, and checking whether inventory changes records and sales cost had been recognized in the proper period.

Allowance for Inventory Valuation Losses

<u>Description</u>

Please refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation losses and Note 6(3) for details of inventories. As at December 31, 2022, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$2,007,826 thousand and NT\$80,818 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of industrial computers products. Due to rapid technological innovation and fluctuations in market prices, the Group recognizes inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and the net realizable value is estimated based on historical experience. An allowance for inventory valuation losses is provided for those inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged.

As the amounts of inventories are material, the types of inventories vary, and the estimation of net realizable value for individually obsolete or damaged inventories is subject to management's judgment, we consider allowance for inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

(I) We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Ensured consistent application of Group's accounting policies in relation to allowance for inventory valuation losses and assessed the reasonableness of these policies.
- 2. Evaluated the reasonableness of inventories individually identified as obsolete or damaged with supporting documents, validated the appropriateness of system logic of inventory aging report utilized by management to ensure proper classification of inventories aged over a certain period of time and reperformed the calculation.
- 3. Discussed with management the net realizable value of inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged, validated respective supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory.

Other Matter – Audits of Other Independent Accountants

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries, which statements reflect total assets of NT\$321,826 thousand and NT\$303,234 thousand, constituting 5.35% and 5.68% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and operating revenue of NT\$563,959 and NT\$417,138 thousand, constituting 8.52% and 8.23% of consolidated total operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the accounts included in the financial statements relative to these subsidiaries, is based solely on the audit reports of the other independent accountants.

Other Matter – Parent Company Only Financial Reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the Parent Company Only Financial Statements of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements In order to comply with the "Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in order to comply with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in order to comply with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Feng, Ming-Chuan

Wu, Han-Chi

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 23, 2023.

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2022		 December 31, 2021	
	Assets	Notes	. <u> </u>	Amount	%	 Amount	%
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	1,031,621	17	\$ 943,871	18
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	6(1)		3,000	-		
1150	Notes receivable	6(2) and 12(2)		17,620	-	19,898	-
1170	Accounts receivable	6(2) and 12(2)		745,252	12	745,599	14
1200	Other receivables			25,554	1	29,785	1
1220	Current income tax assets			1,922	-	401	-
130X	Inventories	6(3)		1,927,008	32	1,511,484	28
1410	Prepayments			31,815	1	23,221	-
1470	Other current assets			1,042		 834	
11XX	Total current assets			3,784,834	63	 3,275,093	61
	Non-current assets						
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(4)		17,023	-	20,982	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5) and 8		1,775,555	30	1,670,465	31
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)		190,296	3	127,737	2
1760	Investment property	6(8)		37,983	1	38,479	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)(10)		117,218	2	114,769	2
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(29)		72,904	1	78,938	2
1990	Other non-current assets			15,558		 9,228	
15XX	Total non-current assets			2,226,537	37	 2,060,598	39
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	6,011,371	100	\$ 5,335,691	100

(Continued)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(11)	\$	635,300	11	\$	374,000	7
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(22)		76,941	1		92,336	2
2150	Notes payables			1,350	-		675	-
2170	Accounts payable	6(12)		685,682	12		828,310	15
2180	Accounts payable – related parties	7		7,384	-		6,813	-
2200	Other payables	6(13)		429,955	7		419,448	8
2230	Current income tax liabilities			171,000	3		94,855	2
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current			1,539	-		1,152	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			47,916	1		37,570	1
2320	Current portion of long-term borrowings	6(14)(15)		-	-		1,411	-
2399	Other current liabilities			17,152	_		6,963	
21XX	Total current liabilities			2,074,219	35		1,863,533	35
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15) and 8		-	-		53,606	1
2560	Non-current income tax liabilities			8,913	-		30,677	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(29)		184,528	3		160,410	3
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			147,583	2		92,880	2
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(16)		42,276	1		56,312	1
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			383,300	6		393,885	7
2XXX	Total liabilities			2,457,519	41		2,257,418	42
	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent							
	Share capital							
3110	Ordinary shares	6(18)		910,235	15		884,829	17
3140	Advance receipts for share capital	()		13,079	-		75,094	1
	Capital surplus	6(19)						
3200	Capital surplus	. ,		633,715	11		533,041	10
	Retained earnings	6(20)						
3310	Legal reserve			615,504	10		576,846	11
3320	Special reserve			76,627	1		38,974	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,308,972	22		1,046,116	20
	Other equity	6(21)						
3400	Other equity		(4,280)	-	(76,627) (2
31XX	Total equity attributable to shareholders of							
	the parent			3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
3XXX	Total equity			3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized	9		, ,				
	contract commitments	-						
	Significant after the balance sheet date	11						
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	6,011,371	100	\$	5,335,691	100
2			¥	0,011,071		¥	2,222,071	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> <u>(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)</u>

				Year	r ended	Decem	iber 31	
				2022			2021	
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(22)	\$	6,618,827	100	\$	5,069,606	100
5000	Operating costs	6(3)(27)						
	Operating costs	(28) and 7	(4,388,015) (<u> </u>	(3,368,611) (67)
5900	Gross profit			2,230,812	34		1,700,995	33
5910	Unrealized gain from sale	6(4)	(234)	-	(20)	-
5920	Realized gain from sale			20	_		57	_
5950	Net operating margin			2,230,598	34		1,701,032	33
	Operating expenses	6(27)(28)						
6100	Selling expenses		(568,942) (9)	(638,299) (12)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(363,357) (5)	(161,830) (3)
6300	Research and development expenses		(570,785) (9)	(488,175) (10)
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal	12(2)						
	of impairment loss) determined in accordance							
	with IFRS 9			1,206	-		4,278	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,501,878) (23)	(1,284,026) (25)
6900	Operating profit			728,720	11		417,006	8
	Non-operating income and expenses							
7100	Interest income	6(23)		5,952	-		1,670	-
7010	Other income	6(24)		41,740	1		22,422	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(25)		30,547	-		66,334	1
7050	Finance costs	6(26)	(10,432)	-	(7,336)	-
-0.40	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(4)		. ,				
7060	accounted for under equity method		(3,745)	-	(5,000)	-
	Total non-operating income and expenses		`	64,062	1	` <u> </u>	78,090	2
7000	Profit before income tax			792,782	12		495,096	10
7900	Income tax expenses	6(29)	(190,145) (3)	(104,181) (2)
7950	Net Income	× ,	\$	602,637	9	\$	390,915	8
8200	Other comprehensive income					<u> </u>		
8311	Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	6(16)	\$	14,203	-	(\$	5,130)	-
	Income tax relating to components of other	6(29)	Ψ	1,205		(\$	5,150)	
8349	comprehensive income	0(2))	(2,556)	-		797	-
	Components of other comprehensive income		(_,)				
	that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
	Financial statements translation differences of							
8361	foreign operations			90,434	1	(47,065) (1)
	Income tax relating to the components of other	6(29)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(.,,,,,,(-,
8399	comprehensive income	•(_>)	(18,087)	_		9,413	-
	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the		` <u> </u>					
8300	year		(\$	83,994	1	(\$	41,985) (1)
8500	Total Comprehensive Income		\$	686,631	10	\$	348,930	7
0500	Profit attributable to:		Ψ	000,001	10	Ψ	510,550	,
9610			\$	602,637	0	¢	200.015	0
8610	Shareholders of the parent		φ	002,037	9	\$	390,915	8
	Total comprehensive income (loss)							
0710	attributable to:		¢	(0((21	10	¢	248.020	7
8710	Shareholders of the parent		\$	686,631	10	\$	348,930	1
		((20))	¢			¢		4
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(30)	<u>\$</u>		6.66	\$		4.57
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(30)	\$		6.52	\$		4.30

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 ____(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

							Equity attribu	itable to	shareholder	s of the	parent						
			Share	capital						Retair	ned Earnings						
N - 0001	Notes	Ordi	nary shares		nce receipts hare capital	Cap	oital surplus	Leg	al reserve	Spec	cial reserve	Una retai	appropriated ned earnings	sta tra diffe	inancial atements inslation erences of n operations		Total
Year 2021 Balance et January 1, 2021		¢	875 052	¢	22 807	¢	220 505	¢	516 170	¢	26 622	\$	010 407	(\$	28 075)	¢	2 622 778
Balance at January 1, 2021		2	825,953	\$	23,897	\$	330,595	2	546,178	\$	26,633	\$	<u>919,497</u> <u>390,915</u>	(3	38,975)	\$	2,633,778 390,915
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	6(21)		-		-		-		-		-		390,915		-		390,915
year	0(21)		-		-		-		-		-	(4,333)	(37,652)	(41,985)
Total comprehensive income			-		-		-				-	(386,582		37,652)	` <u> </u>	348,930
Appropriations of 2020 earnings	6(20)				<u> </u>		<u> </u>						200,202	(<u> </u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0.10,000
Legal reserve	0(20)		-		-		-		30,668		-	(30,668)		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		-		12,341	ì	12,341)		-		-
Cash dividends			-		-		-		-		-	Ì	216,954)		-	(216,954)
Share-based payments	6(18)		6,690	(2,463)		15,655		-		-		-		-		19,882
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(17)		-		-		16,023		-		-		-		-		16,023
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(19)		52,186		53,660		170,768		-		-		-		-		276,614
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$	884,829	\$	75,094	\$	533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627)	\$	3,078,273
<u>Year 2022</u>																	
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$	884,829	\$	75,094	\$	533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627)	\$	3,078,273
Profit for the year			-		-		-		-		-		602,637		-		602,637
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	6(21)																
year			-		-		-		-		-		11,647		72,347		83,994
Total comprehensive income			-		-		-		-		-		614,284		72,347		686,631
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(20)																
Legal reserve			-		-		-		38,658		-	(38,658)		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		-		37,653	(37,653)		-	,	-
Cash dividends	((10)		-		-		-		-		-	(275,117)		-	(275,117)
Share-based payments	6(18)		8,910		13,079		30,191		-		-		-		-		52,180
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(17)		-	(-		11,829		-		-		-		-		11,829
Conversion of convertible bonds Change in Capital Surplus-others	6(18) 6(19)		16,496	C	75,094)		58,598		-		-		-		-		- 56
Balance at December 31, 2022	0(19)	¢	910,235	¢	- 13,079	¢	<u>56</u> 633,715	¢	615,504	¢	- 76,627	¢	1,308,972	(\$	4,280)	¢	<u>56</u> 3,553,852
Datatice at December 51, 2022		Ф	910,235	Э	13,079	Ф	033,/13	Э	015,504	Ф	/0,02/	Ф	1,308,972	(3	4,200)	Ф	3,333,032

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> <u>(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)</u>

			Years ended	Decem	ber 31
	Notes		2022		2021
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	792,782	\$	495,096
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Expected credit impairment losses/ Reversal of allowance	12(2)				
for doubtful accounts		(1,206)	(4,278)
Depreciation	6(5)(6)(27)		98,567		93,218
Depreciation from investment Property	6(8)(25)		496		541
Amortization	6(9)(27)		20,799		17,494
Interest income	6(23)	(5,952)	(1,670)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted	6(4)		2 745		5 000
for under equity method	6(25)		3,745	(5,000
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	6(25) 6(25)	,	25	(120)
Gain on disposal of investments		(11)	(295)
Gains on disposals of investment property	6(25)		-	(78,854)
Gain on lease modification	6(25)		-	(1)
Interest expense	6(26)		10,432		7,336
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(27)(28)		11,829		16,023
Unrealized profit from sales	6(4)		214	(37)
Impairment loss on other assets	6(25)		2,000		-
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities					
Changes in assets relating to operating activities					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			11		295
Notes receivable			2,278	(1,074)
Accounts receivable (including related parties)			1,332	(38,411)
Other receivables			6,012	(18,573)
Inventories		(416,358)	(692,429)
Prepayments		(8,594)		14,683
Other current assets		(208)		1,781
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities					
Contract liabilities		(15,395)		55,087
Notes payables			675	(322)
Accounts payable (including related parties)		(142,057)		511,786
Other payables		(1,149		89,990
Other current liabilities			10,189	(12,512)
Other non-current assets			167	$\tilde{(}$	3,993)
Cash inflow generated from operations			372,921	\	455,761
Receipt of interest			4,170		1,819
Payment of interest		(10,262)	(4,231)
Payment of income tax		(126,150)	(50,218)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		((
net easi nows provided by operating activities			240,679		403,131

(Continued)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> <u>(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)</u>

			Years ended	Decem	ber 31
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Financial assets at amortized cost – current		(3,000)		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(31)	(\$	141,556)	(\$	581,355)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment			55		360
Proceeds from disposal of Investment property			-		125,027
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(21,406)	(18,214)
Decrease (Increase) in other non-current assets		(3,872)		563
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(169,779)	(473,619)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from short -term borrowings			4,505,600		1,013,592
Redemption of short -term borrowings		(4,244,300)	(639,592)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings			-		55,771
Redemption of long-term borrowings		(59,408)	(41,021)
Payment of cash dividends	6(20)	(275,117)	(216,954)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options			52,180		19,882
Payment of lease liabilities		(42,377)	(39,351)
Proceeds from bonds payable			-	(2,300)
Proceeds from disposal of employee stock ownership trust	6(33)		56		
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities		(63,366)		150,027
Effects due to changes in exchange rate			80,216	(43,457)
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			87,750		36,082
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			943,871		907,789
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	1,031,621	\$	943,871

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(ATTACHMENT VII)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

2022 Profit Distribution Table

Unit : TWD

Item	Amount		
	Sub-total	Total	
Unappropriated retained earnings at the beginning of the term		694,687,799	
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans recognized in retained earnings	11,646,881		
Adjusted unappropriated retained earnings		706,334,680	
2022 Net income	602,636,853		
10% set aside as legal reserve	(61,428,373)		
Reversal of special reserves	72,347,093		
Total unappropriated retained earnings		1,319,890,253	
Distributable item:			
Shareholders' dividend – cash (\$2.5 per share)		(229,073,710)	
Unappropriated retained earnings at the end of the term		1,090,816,543	

Note: The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.

President : Huang, Jui-Nan

(ATTACHMENT VIII)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendments to the "Article of Incorporation"

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
Article 11	Article 11	Act in connection
Shareholders' Meeting of the Company	Shareholders' Meeting of the Company	with the articles
shall be of two types, namely regular	shall be of two types, namely regular	modifications of
meeting and special meetings. Regular	meeting and special meetings. Regular	Operating
meeting shall be convened once a year	meeting shall be convened once a year	Procedures for
by the Board of Directors in	by the Board of Directors in	Article of
accordance with laws within six	accordance with laws within six	Incorporation by
months after the close of each fiscal	months after the close of each fiscal	Public
year. Special meetings shall be	year. Special meetings shall be	Companies.
convened in accordance with laws	convened in accordance with laws	
whenever necessary.	whenever necessary.	
The Company's Shareholders' Meeting		
can be held by means of visual		
communication network or other		
methods promulgated by the central		
competent authority.		
Article 29	Article 29	
These Articles of Incorporation were	These Articles of Incorporation were	
established on May 8, 1990.	established on May 8, 1990.	
The first amendment was approved on	The first amendment was approved on	
January 7, 1993.	January 7, 1993.	
The second amendment was made on	The second amendment was made on	
October 1, 1993.	October 1, 1993.	
The third amendment was made on	The third amendment was made on	
May 24, 1997.	May 24, 1997.	
The fourth amendment was made on August 15, 1997.	The fourth amendment was made on August 15, 1997.	
The fifth amendment was made on	The fifth amendment was made on	
September 5, 1997.	September 5, 1997.	
The sixth amendment was made on	The sixth amendment was made on	
June 20, 1998.	June 20, 1998.	
The seventh amendment was made on June 12, 1999.	The seventh amendment was made on June 12, 1999.	
The eighth amendment was made on	The eighth amendment was made on	
June 24, 2000.	June 24, 2000.	
The ninth amendment was made on	The ninth amendment was made on	
June 16, 2001.	June 16, 2001.	
The tenth amendment was made on	The tenth amendment was made on	
March 5, 2002.	March 5, 2002.	
The eleventh amendment was made on	The eleventh amendment was made on	
June 25, 2002.	June 25, 2002.	
The twelfth amendment was made on	The twelfth amendment was made on	
June 30, 2003.	June 30, 2003.	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
The thirteenth amendment was made	The thirteenth amendment was made	
on May 24, 2004.	on May 24, 2004.	
The fourteenth amendment was made	The fourteenth amendment was made	
on June 24, 2005.	on June 24, 2005.	
The fifteenth amendment was made on	The fifteenth amendment was made on	
June 9, 2006.	June 9, 2006.	
The sixteen amendment was made on	The sixteen amendment was made on	
June 25, 2007.	June 25, 2007.	
The seventeenth amendment was made	The seventeenth amendment was made	
on June 6, 2008.	on June 6, 2008.	
The eighteenth amendment was made	The eighteenth amendment was made	
on June 22, 2009.	on June 22, 2009.	
The nineteenth amendment was made	The nineteenth amendment was made	
on June 17, 2010.	on June 17, 2010.	
The twentieth amendment was made	The twentieth amendment was made	
on June 24, 2011.	on June 24, 2011.	
The twenty-first amendment was made	The twenty-first amendment was made	
on June 18, 2012.	on June 18, 2012.	
The twenty-second amendment was	The twenty-second amendment was	
made on June 3, 2015.	made on June 3, 2015.	
The twenty-third Amendment was	The twenty-third Amendment was	
made on May 31, 2016.	made on May 31, 2016.	
The twenty-fourth Amendment was	The twenty-fourth Amendment was	
made on May 22, 2017.	made on May 22, 2017.	
The twenty-fifth Amendment was	The twenty-fifth Amendment was	
made on May 29, 2019.	made on May 29, 2019.	
The twenty-sixth Amendment was		
made on May 30, 2023.		

(ATTACHMENT IX)

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendments to the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting"

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
Article 3	Article 3	Act in connection
Unless otherwise provided by law or	Unless otherwise provided by law or	with the articles
regulation, the Company's	regulation, the Company's	modifications of
Shareholders Meeting shall be	Shareholders Meeting shall be	[°] XXX Co., Ltd.
convened by the Board of Directors.	convened by the Board of Directors.	Rules of
When the Company convenes the		Procedure for
virtual meeting of the Shareholders		Shareholders
meeting, unless otherwise stipulated in		Meetings ₁
Regulations Governing the		
Administration of Shareholder		
Services of Public Companies, it shall		
be specified in the articles of		
association, and shall be resolved by		
the Board of Directors, and the virtual		
meeting of the Shareholders meeting		
shall be implemented with the		
attendance of more than two-thirds of		
the Directors and the consent of more		
than half of the Directors present at		
the Board of Directors.		
Changes to how the Company		
convenes its Shareholders Meeting		
shall be resolved by the Board of		
Directors, and shall be made no later		
than mailing of the Shareholders		
Meeting notice.		
The Company shall prepare electronic	The Company shall make including	
versions of the Shareholders Meeting	the Shareholders Meeting notice,	
notice and proxy forms, and the	proxy form, approval proposal,	
origins of and explanatory materials	discussion proposal, election, or	
relating to all proposals, including	discharge Directors and so on (a	
proposals for ratification, matters for	regular meeting of shareholders prior	
deliberation, or the election or	within 30 days or special meeting of	
dismissal of directors or supervisors,	shareholders prior 15 days) as	
and upload them to the Market	electronic forms upload to MOPS.	
Observation Post System (MOPS)	And the amendment of the meeting	
before 30 days before the date of a	shall be made as electronic files and	
regular Shareholders Meeting or	upload to MOPS (a regular meeting of	
before 15 days before the date of a	shareholders prior within 21 days or	
special Shareholders Meeting. The	special meeting of shareholders prior	
Company shall prepare electronic	<u>15 days). Before the 15 days of the</u>	
versions of the Shareholders Meeting	Shareholders Meeting, the Company	
agenda and supplemental meeting	shall well prepare the Shareholders	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
materials and upload them to the	Meeting's handbook and the	
MOPS before 21 days before the date	amendment to be put in the place of	
of the regular Shareholders Meeting or	professional stock transfer agency	
before 15 days before the date of the	authorized by the Company and	
special Shareholders Meeting. If,	reviewed by each shareholder anytime	
however, the Company has the paid-in	and shall grant to shareholders in the	
capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of	place of the meeting.	
the last day of the most current fiscal	<u></u>	
year, or total shareholding of foreign		
shareholders and PRC shareholders		
reaches 30% or more as recorded in		
the register of shareholders of the		
Shareholders Meeting held in the		
immediately preceding year,		
transmission of these electronic files		
shall be made by 30 days before the		
regular Shareholders Meeting. In		
addition, before 15 days before the		
date of the Shareholders Meeting, the		
Company shall also have prepared the		
Shareholders Meeting agenda and		
supplemental meeting materials and		
made them available for review by		
shareholders at any time. The meeting		
agenda and supplemental materials		
shall also be displayed at the		
Company and the professional		
shareholder services agent designated		
thereby.		
The Company shall make the meeting		
agenda and supplemental meeting		
materials in the preceding paragraph		
available to shareholders for review in		
the following manner on the date of		
the Shareholders Meeting:		
1. For physical Shareholders		
Meetings, to be distributed on-site		
at the meeting.		
2. For hybrid Shareholders Meetings,		
to be distributed on-site at the		
meeting and shared on the virtual		
meeting platform.		
3. For virtual-only Shareholders		
Meetings, electronic files shall be		
shared on the virtual meeting		
platform.		
(Omitted below)	(Omitted below)	
Article 4	Article 4	
For each Shareholders Meeting, a	For each Shareholders Meeting, a	
shareholder may appoint a proxy to	shareholder may appoint a proxy to	
attend the meeting by providing the	attend the meeting by providing the	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
proxy form issued by the Company	proxy form issued by the Company	•
and stating the scope of the proxy's	and stating the scope of the proxy's	
authorization.	authorization.	
A shareholder may issue only one	A shareholder may issue only one	
proxy form and appoint only one	proxy form and appoint only one	
proxy for any given Shareholders	proxy for any given Shareholders	
Meeting and shall deliver the proxy	Meeting and shall deliver the proxy	
form to the Company before 5 days	form to the Company before 5 days	
before the date of the Shareholders	before the date of the Shareholders	
Meeting. When duplicate proxy forms	Meeting. When duplicate proxy forms	
are delivered, the one received earliest	are delivered, the one received earliest	
shall prevail unless a declaration is	shall prevail unless a declaration is	
made to cancel the previous proxy	made to cancel the previous proxy	
appointment.	appointment.	
After a proxy form has been delivered	After a proxy form has been delivered	
to the Company, if the shareholder	to the Company, if the shareholder	
intends to attend the meeting in person	intends to attend the meeting in person	
or to exercise voting rights by	or to exercise voting rights by	
correspondence or electronically, a	correspondence or electronically, a	
written notice of proxy cancellation	written notice of proxy cancellation	
shall be submitted to the Company	shall be submitted to the Company	
before 2 business days before the	before 2 business days before the	
meeting date. If the cancellation	meeting date. If the cancellation	
notice is submitted after that time,	notice is submitted after that time,	
votes cast at the meeting by the proxy	votes cast at the meeting by the proxy	
shall prevail.	shall prevail.	
If, after a proxy form is delivered to		
the Company, a shareholder wishes to		
attend the Shareholders Meeting online, a written notice of proxy		
cancellation shall be submitted to the		
Company two business days before		
the meeting date. If the cancellation		
notice is submitted after that time,		
votes cast at the meeting by the proxy		
shall prevail.		
Article 5	Article 5	
The venue for a Shareholders Meeting	The venue for a Shareholders Meeting	
shall be the premises of the Company,	shall be the premises of the Company,	
or a place easily accessible to	or a place easily accessible to	
shareholders and suitable for a	shareholders and suitable for a	
Shareholders Meeting. The meeting	Shareholders Meeting. The meeting	
may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and	may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and	
no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration	no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration	
shall be given to the opinions of the	shall be given to the opinions of the	
Independent Directors with respect to	Independent Directors with respect to	
the place and time of the meeting.	the place and time of the meeting.	
The restrictions on the place of the	_	
meeting shall not apply when the		
Company convenes a virtual-only		
Shareholders Meeting.		

Existing Article	Explanation
Article 6	^
The Company shall specify in its	
1 1 1 1	
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other matters for attention.	
The time during which shareholder	
attendance registrations will be	
accepted, as stated in the preceding	
paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes	
prior to the time the meeting	
commences. The place at which	
attendance registrations are accepted	
shall be clearly marked and a	
sufficient number of suitable	
personnel assigned to handle the	
registrations.	
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meeting materials. Where there is an	
election of Directors, pre-printed	
ballots shall also be furnished.	
	Article 6 The Company shall specify in its Shareholders Meeting notices the time during which shareholder, attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention. The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations. Shareholders or their proxies (collectively, "shareholders") shall attend Shareholders Meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification. The Company shall furnish the attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of Directors, pre-printed

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
When the government or a juristic	When the government or a juristic	•
person is a shareholder, it may be	person is a shareholder, it may be	
represented by more than one	represented by more than one	
representative at a Shareholders	representative at a Shareholders	
Meeting. When a juristic person is	Meeting. When a juristic person is	
appointed to attend as proxy, it may	appointed to attend as proxy, it may	
designate only one person to represent	designate only one person to represent	
it in the meeting.	it in the meeting.	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, shareholders wishing to		
attend the meeting online shall register		
with the Company two days before the		
meeting date.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company shall upload		
the meeting agenda book, annual		
report and other meeting materials to		
the virtual meeting platform at least		
<u>30 minutes before the meeting starts,</u>		
and keep this information disclosed		
until the end of the meeting.		
Article 6-1	(New Article)	
To convene a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company shall include		
the follow particulars in the		
Shareholders Meeting notice:		
<u>1. How shareholders attend the virtual</u>		
<u>meeting and exercise their rights.</u> 2. Actions to be taken if the virtual		
meeting platform or participation in		
the virtual meeting is obstructed		
due to natural disasters, accidents		
or other force majeure events, at		
least covering the following		
particulars:		
A. To what time the meeting is		
postponed or from what time		
the meeting will resume if the		
above obstruction continues		
and cannot be removed, and the		
date to which the meeting is		
postponed or on which the		
meeting will resume.		
B. Shareholders not having		
registered to attend the affected		
virtual Shareholders Meeting		
shall not attend the postponed		
or resumed session.		
<u>C. In case of a hybrid</u>		
Shareholders Meeting, when		
the virtual meeting cannot be		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
continued, if the total number		
of shares represented at the		
meeting, after deducting those		
represented by shareholders		
attending the virtual		
Shareholders Meeting online,		
meets the minimum legal		
requirement for a shareholder		
meeting, then the Shareholders		
Meeting shall continue. The		
shares represented by		
shareholders attending the		
virtual meeting online shall be		
counted towards the total		
number of shares represented		
by shareholders present at the		
meeting, and the shareholders		
attending the virtual meeting		
online shall be deemed		
abstaining from voting on all		
proposals on meeting agenda of		
that Shareholders Meeting.		
D. Actions to be taken if the		
outcome of all proposals have		
been announced and		
extraordinary motion has not		
been carried out.		
3. To convene a virtual-only		
Shareholders Meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to		
shareholders with difficulties in		
attending a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting online shall be specified.		
Except for the circumstances		
stipulated in Item 6, Article 44-9 of		
Regulations Governing the		
Administration of Shareholder		
Services of Public Companies, at		
least shareholders shall be provided		
with connection equipment and		
necessary assistance, and the period		
during which shareholders can		
apply to the Company and other		
relevant matters shall be specified.		
Article 8	Article 8	
The Company, beginning from the	The Company, beginning from the	
time it accepts shareholder attendance	time it accepts shareholder attendance	
registrations, shall make an	registrations, shall make an	
uninterrupted audio and video	uninterrupted audio and video	
recording of the registration	recording of the registration	
procedure, the proceedings of the	procedure, the proceedings of the	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
Shareholders Meeting, and the voting	Shareholders Meeting, and the voting	L
and vote counting procedures.	and vote counting procedures.	
The Company shall retain the	The Company shall retain the	
recording for at 1 year. If, however, a	recording for at 1 year. If, however, a	
shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to	shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to	
Article 189 of the Company Act, the	Article 189 of the Company Act, the	
recording shall be retained until the	recording shall be retained until the	
conclusion of the litigation.	conclusion of the litigation.	
Where a Shareholders Meeting is held	6	
online, the Company shall keep		
records of shareholder registration,		
sign-in, check-in, questions raised,		
votes cast and results of votes counted		
by the Company, and continuously		
audio and video record, without		
interruption, the proceedings of the		
virtual meeting from beginning to end.		
The information and audio and video		
recording in the preceding paragraph		
shall be properly kept by the		
Company during the entirety of its		
existence, and copies of the audio and		
video recording shall be provided to		
and kept by the party appointed to		
handle matters of the virtual meeting.		
In case of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company is advised to		
audio and video record the back-end		
operation interface of the virtual		
meeting platform.		
Article 9	Article 9	
Attendance at Shareholders Meetings	Attendance at Shareholders Meetings	
shall be calculated based on numbers	shall be calculated based on numbers	
of shares. The number of shares in	of shares. The number of shares in	
attendance shall be calculated	attendance shall be calculated	
according to the shares indicated by	according to the shares indicated by	
the attendance book and sing-in cards	the attendance book and sing-in cards	
handed in, and the shares checked in	handed in plus the number of shares	
on the virtual meeting platform, plus	whose voting rights are exercised by	
the number of shares whose voting	correspondence or electronically.	
rights are exercised by		
correspondence or electronically.		
The chair shall call the meeting to	The chair shall call the meeting to	
order at the appointed meeting time	order at the appointed meeting time	
and announce relevant information	and announce relevant information	
such as the number of non-voting	such as the number of non-voting	
rights and the number of shares in	rights and the number of shares in	
attendance. However, when the	attendance. However, when the	
attending shareholders do not	attending shareholders do not	
represent a majority of the total	represent a majority of the total	
number of issued shares, the chair	number of issued shares, the chair	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
may announce a postponement,	may announce a postponement,	•
provided that no more than two such	provided that no more than two such	
postponements, for a combined total	postponements, for a combined total	
of no more than 1 hour, may be made.	of no more than 1 hour, may be made.	
If the quorum is not met after two	If the quorum is not met after two	
postponements and the attending	postponements and the attending	
shareholders still represent less than	shareholders still represent less than	
one third of the total number of issued	one third of the total number of issued	
shares, the chair shall declare the	shares, the chair shall declare the	
meeting adjourned. In the event of a	meeting adjourned.	
virtual Shareholders Meeting, the	meeting adjourned.	
Company shall also declare the		
meeting adjourned at the virtual		
meeting platform.		
	If the query is not mot after two	
If the quorum is not met after two	If the quorum is not met after two	
postponements as referred to in the	postponements as referred to in the	
preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or	preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or	
more of the total number of issued	more of the total number of issued	
shares, a tentative resolution may be	shares, a tentative resolution may be	
adopted pursuant to Article 175,	adopted pursuant to Article 175,	
paragraph 1 of the Company Act, all shareholders shall be notified of the	paragraph 1 of the Company Act, all shareholders shall be notified of the	
tentative resolution and another	tentative resolution and another	
Shareholders Meeting shall be convened within 1 month. In the event	Shareholders Meeting shall be convened within 1 month.	
	convened within 1 month.	
of a virtual Shareholders Meeting, shareholders intending to attend the		
meeting online shall re-register to the		
Company in accordance with Article		
<u>6.</u>		
<u>When, prior to conclusion of the</u>	When, prior to conclusion of the	
meeting, the attending shareholders	meeting, the attending shareholders	
represent a majority of the total	represent a majority of the total	
number of issued shares, the chair	number of issued shares, the chair	
may resubmit the tentative resolution	may resubmit the tentative resolution	
for a vote by the Shareholders	for a vote by the Shareholders	
Meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the	Meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the	
Company Act.	Company Act.	
Article 11	Article 11	
Before speaking, an attending	Before speaking, an attending	
shareholder must specify on a	shareholder must specify on a	
speaker's slip the subject of the	speaker's slip the subject of the	
speech, his/her shareholder account	speech, his/her shareholder account	
number (or attendance care number),	number (or attendance care number),	
and account name. The order in which	and account name. The order in which	
shareholders speak will be set by the	shareholders speak will be set by the	
chair.	chair.	
A shareholder in attendance who has	A shareholder in attendance who has	
submitted a speaker's slip but does not	submitted a speaker's slip but does not	
actually speak shall be deemed to	actually speak shall be deemed to	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
have not spoken. When the content of	have not spoken. When the content of	
the speech does not correspond to the	the speech does not correspond to the	
subject given on the speaker's slip, the	subject given on the speaker's slip, the	
spoken content shall prevail.	spoken content shall prevail.	
Except with the consent of the chair, a	Except with the consent of the chair, a	
shareholder may not speak more than	shareholder may not speak more than	
twice on the same proposal, and a	twice on the same proposal, and a	
single speech may not exceed 5	single speech may not exceed 5	
minutes. If the shareholder's speech	minutes. If the shareholder's speech	
violates the rules or exceeds the scope	violates the rules or exceeds the scope	
of the agenda item, the chair may	of the agenda item, the chair may	
terminate the speech.	terminate the speech.	
When an attending shareholder is	When an attending shareholder is	
speaking, other shareholders may not	speaking, other shareholders may not	
speak or interrupt unless they have	speak or interrupt unless they have	
sought and obtained the consent of the	sought and obtained the consent of the	
chair and the shareholder that has the	chair and the shareholder that has the	
floor, the chair shall stop any	floor, the chair shall stop any	
violation.	violation.	
When a juristic person shareholder	When a juristic person shareholder	
appoints two or more representatives	appoints two or more representatives	
to attend a Shareholders Meeting, only	to attend a Shareholders Meeting, only	
one of the representatives so	one of the representatives so	
appointed may speak on the same	appointed may speak on the same	
proposal.	proposal.	
After an attending shareholder has	After an attending shareholder has	
spoken, the chair may respond in	spoken, the chair may respond in	
person or direct relevant personnel to respond.	person or direct relevant personnel to respond.	
Where a virtual Shareholders Meeting	respond:	
is convened, shareholders attending		
the virtual meeting online may raise		
questions in writing at the virtual		
meeting platform from the chair		
declaring the meeting open until the		
chair declaring the meeting adjourned.		
No more than two questions for the		
same proposal may be raised. Each		
question shall contain no more than		
200 words. The regulations in		
paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.		
As long as questions so raised in		
accordance with the preceding		
paragraph are not in violation of the		
regulations or beyond the scope of a		
proposal, it is advisable the questions		
be disclosed to the public at the virtual		
meeting platform.		
Article 13	Article 13	
A shareholder shall be entitled to one	A shareholder shall be entitled to one	
vote for each share held, except when	vote for each share held, except when	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
the shares are restricted shares or are	the shares are restricted shares or are	-
deemed non-voting shares under	deemed non-voting shares under	
Article 179, paragraph 2 of the	Article 179, paragraph 2 of the	
Company Act.	Company Act.	
When voting rights are exercised by	When voting rights are exercised by	
correspondence or electronic means,	correspondence or electronic means,	
the method of exercise shall be	the method of exercise shall be	
established in accordance with the	established in accordance with the	
laws and shall be specified in the	laws and shall be specified in the	
Shareholders Meeting notice. A	Shareholders Meeting notice. A	
shareholder exercising voting rights	shareholder exercising voting rights	
by correspondence or electronic	by correspondence or electronic	
means will be deemed to have	means will be deemed to have	
attended the meeting in person.	attended the meeting in person.	
However, the shareholder mentioned	However, the shareholder mentioned	
in the preceding paragraph will be	in the preceding paragraph will be	
deemed to waive the right for the	deemed to waive the right for the	
motion and the modification of the	motion and the modification of the	
proposal at that Shareholders Meeting	proposal at that Shareholders Meeting	
mentioned herein, therefore, the	mentioned herein, therefore, the	
Company shall avoid the situation of	Company shall avoid the situation of	
providing the proposal for the motion	providing the proposal for the motion	
and the modification for the agenda	and the modification for the agenda	
item.	item.	
When shareholder exercises voting	When shareholder exercises voting	
rights by written consent or electronic	rights by written consent or electronic	
means in accordance with the	means in accordance with the	
preceding paragraph, the intention	preceding paragraph, the intention	
shall be delivered to the Company	shall be delivered to the Company	
before 2 days before the date of the	before 2 days before the date of the	
Shareholders Meeting, when the	Shareholders Meeting, when the	
intention repeat, the one received	intention repeat, the one received	
earliest shall prevail unless a	earliest shall prevail unless a	
declaration is made to cancel the	declaration is made to cancel the	
previous intention.	previous intention.	
After shareholder exercises voting	After shareholder exercises voting	
rights by written consent or electronic	rights by written consent or electronic	
means, if they want to attend to the	means, if they want to attend to the	
Shareholders Meeting in personal or	Shareholders Meeting in personal, the	
<u>online</u> , the shareholder mentioned in	shareholder mentioned in the	
the preceding sentence shall withdraw	preceding sentence shall withdraw the	
the intention by written consent or	intention by written consent or	
electronic means in the same way of	electronic means in the same way of	
exercising voting rights before 2 days	exercising voting rights before 2 days	
before the date of the Shareholders	before the date of the Shareholders	
Meeting; when the withdraw	Meeting; when the withdraw	
mentioned herein is overdue, the	mentioned herein is overdue, the	
voting rights by written consent or	voting rights by written consent or	
electronic mean shall prevail. If	electronic mean shall prevail. If	
shareholder exercises voting rights by	shareholder exercises voting rights by	
written consent or electronic means	written consent or electronic means	
whiten consent of creet onic means	inten consent of creed onic means	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
and appoint agent as proxy to attend	and appoint agent as proxy to attend	
the Shareholders Meeting, the voting	the Shareholders Meeting, the voting	
right of proxy shall prevail.	right of proxy shall prevail.	
Except as otherwise specified in the	Except as otherwise specified in the	
Company Act or in the Company's	Company Act or in the Company's	
articles of incorporation, a resolution	articles of incorporation, a resolution	
shall be adopted by a majority of the	shall be adopted by a majority of the	
votes represented by the shareholders	votes represented by the shareholders	
present at the meeting.	present at the meeting.	
When there is an amendment or an	When there is an amendment or an	
alternative to a proposal, the chair	alternative to a proposal, the chair	
shall present the amended or	shall present the amended or	
alternative proposal together with the	alternative proposal together with the	
original proposal and decide the order	original proposal and decide the order	
in which they will be put to a vote.	in which they will be put to a vote.	
When any one among them is passed,	When any one among them is passed,	
the other proposals will then be	the other proposals will then be	
deemed veto, and no further voting	deemed veto, and no further voting	
shall be required.	shall be required.	
Vote monitoring and counting	Vote monitoring and counting	
personnel for the voting on a proposal	personnel for the voting on a proposal	
shall be appointed by the chair, and all	shall be appointed by the chair, and all	
monitoring personnel shall be	monitoring personnel shall be	
shareholders of the Company.	shareholders of the Company.	
Vote counting shall be conducted in	Vote counting shall be conducted in	
public at the place of the Shareholders	public at the place of the Shareholders	
Meeting and voting results shall be	Meeting and voting results shall be	
reported on -site immediately and	reported on –site immediately and	
recorded in writing.	recorded in writing.	
When the Company convenes a virtual		
Shareholders Meeting, after the chair		
declares the meeting open,		
shareholders attending the meeting		
online shall cast votes on proposals		
and elections on the virtual meeting		
platform before the chair announces		
the voting session ends or will be		
deemed abstained from voting.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, votes shall be counted at		
once after the chair announces the		
voting session ends, and results of		
votes and elections shall be announced immediately.		
When the Company convenes a hybrid		
Shareholders Meeting, if shareholders		
who have registered to attend the		
meeting online in accordance with		
Article 6 decide to attend the physical		
Shareholders Meeting in person, they		
shall revoke their registration two		
shan revoke then registration two	1	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
days before the Shareholders Meeting	¥	•
in the same manner as they registered.		
If their registration is not revoked		
within the time limit, they may only		
attend the Shareholders Meeting		
online.		
When shareholders exercise voting		
rights by correspondence or electronic		
means, unless they have withdrawn		
the declaration of intent and attended		
the Shareholders Meeting online,		
except for extraordinary motions, they		
will not exercise voting rights on the		
original proposals or make any		
amendments to the original proposals		
or exercise voting rights on		
amendments to the original proposal.		
Article 15	Article 15	
Matters relating to the resolutions of a	Matters relating to the resolutions of a	
Shareholders Meeting shall be	Shareholders Meeting shall be	
recorded in the meeting minutes. The	recorded in the meeting minutes. The	
meeting minutes shall be signed or	meeting minutes shall be signed or	
sealed by the chair of the meeting and	sealed by the chair of the meeting and	
a copy distributed to each shareholder	a copy distributed to each shareholder	
within 20 days after the conclusion of	within 20 days after the conclusion of	
the meeting. The distribution of the	the meeting. The distribution of the	
meeting minutes could be in the way	meeting minutes could be in the way	
of electronic form.	of electronic form.	
The distribution for the meeting	The distribution for the meeting	
minutes in the preceding paragraph	minutes in the preceding paragraph	
can be in the ways of published in	can be in the ways of published in	
MOPS.	MOPS.	
The meeting minutes shall record the	The meeting minutes shall record the	
date of the meeting, place, the chair	date of the meeting, place, the chair	
name, the way of resolution and the	name, the way of resolution and the	
results of voting (including the weight	results of voting (including the weight	
of statistics). When there are elected	of statistics). When there are elected	
directors, the number of votes for each	directors, the number of votes for each	
candidate shall be disclosed and keep	candidate shall be disclosed and keep	
it forever during the term of	it forever during the term of	
continuing of the Company.	continuing of the Company.	
Where a virtual Shareholders Meeting		
is convened, in addition to the		
particulars to be included in the		
meeting minutes as described in the		
preceding paragraph, the start time		
and end time of the Shareholders		
Meeting, how the meeting is		
convened, the chair's and secretary's		
name, and actions to be taken in the		
event of disruption to the virtual		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
meeting platform or participation in		-
the meeting online due to natural		
disasters, accidents or other force		
majeure events, and how issues are		
dealt with shall also be included in the		
minutes.		
When convening a virtual-only		
shareholder meeting, other than		
compliance with the requirements in		
the preceding paragraph, the Company		
shall specify in the meeting minutes		
alternative measures available to		
shareholders with difficulties in		
attending a virtual-only Shareholders		
Meeting online.		
Article 16	Article 16	
On the day of a Shareholders Meeting,	On the day of a Shareholders Meeting,	
the Company shall compile in the	the Company shall compile in the	
prescribed format a statistical	prescribed format a statistical	
statement of the number of shares	statement of the number of shares	
obtained by solicitors through	obtained by solicitors through	
solicitation, the number of shares	solicitation and the number of shares	
represented by proxies and the number	represented by proxies and shall make	
of shares represented by shareholders	an express disclosure of the same at	
attending the meeting by	the place of the Shareholders Meeting.	
correspondence or electronic means,		
and shall make an express disclosure		
of the same at the place of the		
Shareholders Meeting. In the event a		
virtual Shareholders Meeting, the		
Company shall upload the above		
<u>meeting materials to the virtual</u> meeting platform at least 30 minutes		
before the meeting starts, and keep		
this information disclosed until the		
end of the meeting.		
During the Company's virtual		
Shareholders Meeting, when the		
meeting is called to order, the total		
number of shares represented at the		
meeting shall be disclosed on the		
virtual meeting platform. The same		
shall apply whenever the total number		
of shares represented at the meeting		
and a new tally of votes is released		
during the meeting.		
If matters put to a resolution at a	If matters put to a resolution at a	
Shareholders Meeting constitute	Shareholders Meeting constitute	
information under applicable laws or	information under applicable laws or	
regulations, the Company shall upload	regulations, the Company shall upload	
the content of such resolution to the	the content of such resolution to the	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
MOPS within the prescribed time	MOPS within the prescribed time	
period.	period.	
Article 19	(New Article)	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company shall disclose		
real-time results of votes and election		
immediately after the end of the		
voting session on the virtual meeting		
platform according to the regulations,		
and this disclosure shall continue at		
least 15 minutes after the chair has		
announced the meeting adjourned.		
Article 20	(New Article)	
When the Company convenes a		
virtual-only Shareholders Meeting,		
both the chair and secretary shall be in		
the same location, and the chair shall		
declare the address of their location		
when the meeting is called to order.		
Article 21	(New Article)	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company may offer a		
simple connection test to shareholders		
prior to the meeting, and provide		
relevant real-time services before and		
during the meeting to help resolve		
communication technical issues.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, when declaring the meeting		
open, the chair shall also declare,		
unless under a circumstance where a		
meeting is not required to be		
postponed to or resumed at another		
time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4		
of the Regulations Governing the		
Administration of Shareholder		
Services of Public Companies, if the		
virtual meeting platform or		
participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters,		
accidents or other force majeure		
events before the chair has announced		
the meeting adjourned, and the		
obstruction continues for more than 30		
minutes, the meeting shall be		
postponed to or resumed on another		
date within five days, in which case		
Article 182 of the Company Act shall		
not apply.		
For a meeting to be postponed or		
resumed as described in the preceding		
resumed as deserroed in the preceding	l	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
paragraph, shareholders who have not	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
registered to participate in the affected		
Shareholders Meeting online shall not		
attend the postponed or resumed		
session.		
For a meeting to be postponed or		
resumed under the second paragraph,		
the number of shares represented by,		
and voting rights and election rights		
exercised by the shareholders who		
have registered to participate in the		
affected Shareholders Meeting and		
have successfully signed in the		
meeting, but do not attend the		
U`		
postpone or resumed session, at the		
affected Shareholders Meeting, shall		
be counted towards the total number		
of shares, number of voting rights and		
number of election rights represented		
at the postponed or resumed session.		
During a postponed or resumed		
session of a Shareholders Meeting		
held under the second paragraph, no		
further discussion or resolution is		
required for proposals for which votes		
have been cast and counted and results		
have been announced, or list of		
elected directors and supervisors.		
When the Company convenes a hybrid		
Shareholders Meeting, and the virtual		
meeting cannot continue as described		
in second paragraph, if the total		
number of shares represented at the		
meeting, after deducting those		
represented by shareholders attending the virtual Shareholders Meeting		
online, still meets the minimum legal		
U		
requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the Shareholders		
Meeting shall continue, and not		
postponement or resumption thereof		
under the second paragraph is		
required.		
Under the circumstances where a		
meeting should continue as in the		
preceding paragraph, the shares		
represented by shareholders attending		
the virtual meeting online shall be		
counted towards the total number of		
shares represented by shareholders		
present at the meeting, provided these		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
shareholders shall be deemed		•
abstaining from voting on all		
proposals on meeting agenda of that		
Shareholders Meeting.		
When postponing or resuming a		
meeting according to the second		
paragraph, the Company shall handle		
the preparatory work based on the		
date of the original Shareholders		
Meeting in accordance with the		
requirements listed under Article 44-		
20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies.		
For dates or period set forth under		
Article 12, second half, and Article 13,		
paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing		
the Use of Proxies for Attendance at		
Shareholder Meetings of Public		
Companies, and Article 44-5,		
paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article		
44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies, the Company hall handle		
the matter based on the date of the		
Shareholders Meeting that is		
postponed or resumed under the		
second paragraph.		-
Article 22	(New Article)	
When convening a virtual-only		
Shareholders Meeting, the Company		
shall provide appropriate alternative		
measures available to shareholders		
with difficulties in attending a virtual		
Shareholders Meeting online. Except		
for the circumstances stipulated in		
Item 6, Article 44-9 of Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies, at least shareholders shall		
be provided with connection		
equipment and necessary assistance,		
and the period during which		
shareholders can apply to the		
Company and other relevant matters		
shall be specified.		4
Article <u>23</u>	Article <u>19</u>	
These Rules and Procedure shall be	These Rules and Procedure shall be	
effective from the date it is approved	effective from the date it is approved	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
by the Shareholders Meeting. The	by the Shareholders Meeting. The	
same applies in case of revision.	same applies in case of revision.	
Article 2 <u>4</u>	Article 2 <u>0</u>	
The amendment was made on May 30,	The amendment was made on July 5,	
<u>2023</u> .	<u>2021</u> .	