

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

# Handbook for the 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

(Translation)

Meeting Time : May 30<sup>th</sup>, 2023

Meeting Venue: 8F., No.55, Nanxing Road, Xizhi District,

New Taipei City, Taiwan

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# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

# 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

# PART ONE - MEETING AGENDA

Meeting time: 9:00 a.m., May 30th (Tuesday), 2023

Meeting venue: 8F., No.55, Nanxing Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan

Meeting Method: Physical Shareholders Meeting

- 1. Call Meeting to Order (and declaration of the number of shares of shareholders in attendance)
- 2. Chairman's Address
- 3. Reports Items
  - (1) 2022 Business Report.
  - (2) 2022 Consent Report of Audit Committee.
  - (3) Report of Communications between members of Audit Committee and the head of internal auditor.
  - (4) 2022 Report of Remuneration Distribution to Employees and Directors.
  - (5) 2022 Report of Profit Distribution of Cash Dividend.
  - (6) 2022 Report of Remuneration Paid to Directors.
- 4. Proposals and Acknowledgement
  - (1) 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.
  - (2) 2022 Profit Distribution.
- 5. Discussion Items
  - (1) Revision of partial Articles in the "Article of Incorporation".
  - (2) Revision of partial Articles in the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting".
  - (3) Issuance of new shares from capital surplus.
  - (4) Release of the Prohibition on Directors and its Representative from Participation in Competitive Business.
- 6. Extemporary Motions
- 7. Adjournment

# I. Reports Items

- (I) 2022 Business Report
  - Explanation:

The 2022 Business Report is attached as P.9 ~ P.13, ATTACHMENT I.

- (II) 2022 Consent Report of Audit Committee
  - Explanation:

The 2022 Consent Report of Audit Committee is attached as P.14, ATTACHMENT II.

(III) Report of Communications between members of Audit Committee and the head of internal auditor.

# • Explanation:

The Communications between members of Audit Committee and the head internal auditor is attached as  $P.15 \sim P.16$ , ATTACHMENT III.

(IV) 2022 Report of Remuneration Distribution to Employees and Directors

# • Explanation:

- 1. Pursuant to Article 27 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company: This Company shall set aside 1%-20% as employees' remuneration and the percentage lower than 2% as directors' remuneration if the Company has profit (means the pre-tax income before deduction of the employees' and directors' remuneration) in the current year.
- 2. The Board of Directors of the Company had approved to allocate TWD 50,000,000 as the remuneration to employees and TWD 8,070,000 as the remuneration to the directors for the year 2022, where all remuneration shall be paid in cash. (hereinafter all monetary unit will be TWD)
- 3. The above-mentioned remuneration to employees and to directors had been expensed for the year 2022, the amount of the expenditures is consistent with that of the remuneration allocation agreed by the Board of Directors.
- 4. The proposal has been approved by the Remuneration Committee and passed by the resolution of the Board of Directors.

# (V) 2022 Report of Profit Distribution of Cash Dividend

#### • Explanation:

- 1. According to the 27-1 of the Article of Incorporation of the Company, the Board of Directors is authorized to distribute dividends and bonuses in whole or in part may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting.
- 2. 2022 profit distribution of cash dividend totaling in TWD 229,073,710, or TWD 2.5 per share. The Chairman of the Board of Directors is authorized to determine the record date, payment date and other relevant matters for the distribution of the cash dividend.
- 3. If there is any change in the number of common shares of the Company which consequently leads to a change in the dividend distribution ratio, the Chairman of the Board of Directors is authorized to adjust the dividend distribution ratio based on the actual shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- 4. The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.
- 5. Regarding the cash dividend distribution this time, the cash dividend is to be calculated to the integral number with all decimals truncated. And all the truncated decimals from all distorted figures are accumulated to a summation amount which will then be adjusted among shareholders in the order of decimal of each cash dividend amount from big to small as well as in the order of account number from the top to the bottom until the total amount of cash dividend actually paid out can match that in the book.

## (VI) 2022 Report of Remuneration Paid to Directors.

#### • Explanation:

- 1. According to the Company's profitability, the investment and contribution of each director to the Company's affairs, the Chairman of the board will propose a remuneration proposal, which will be approved by the Remuneration Committee and passed by the Board of Directors.
- 2. Information on Directors' remuneration, including remuneration policy, content and amount of individual remuneration, etc., please refer to P.17 ~ P.18, ATTACHMENT IV.

# II. Proposals and Acknowledgement

(I) Proposal One

(proposed by the Board of Directors)

• Subject:

2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.

# • Explanation:

- 1. 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements (including Parent Company Only and Consolidated Financial Statements) of the Company had been passed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors where the Financial Statements had been audited by CPA Feng, Ming-Juan and Wu, Han-Chi of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan. The Audit Committee had also issued a written Consent Report incorporating 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements along with 2022 Profit Distribution.
- 2. For details, please refer to ATTACHMENT I for 2022 Business Report (P.9 ~ P.13). ATTACHMENT V for 2022 Independent Auditors' Report and Parent Company Only Financial Statements (P.19 ~ P.29), and ATTACHMENT VI for 2022 Independent Auditors' Report and Consolidated Financial Statements (P.30 ~ P.40).
- 3. Please kindly acknowledge this proposal.
- Resolutions:

#### (II) Proposal Two

(proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject:

2022 Profit Distribution.

- Explanation:
  - 1. The 2022 Profit Distribution Table is attached as P.41, ATTACHMENT VII.
  - 2. For 2022, the beginning retained earnings of the Company is TWD 694,687,799, added remeasurement of defined benefit plans recognized in retained earnings of TWD 11,646,881, and unappropriated retained earnings after adjustment is TWD 706,334,680, plus 2022 net income of TWD 602,636,853, and set aside legal reserve of TWD 61,428,373, and reversal of special reserve of TWD 72,347,093, the total unappropriated retained earnings is TWD 1,319,890,253, 2022 profit distribution of cash dividend totaling in TWD 229,073,710. The Company shall, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors.

TWD 1,319,890,253 =

TWD 694,687,799 + 11,646,881 + 602,636,853 - (602,636,853 + 11,646,881) x 10% + 72,347,093

- 3. The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.
- 4. Please kindly acknowledge this proposal.
- Resolutions:

# **III. Discussion Items**

(I) Proposal Three

(proposed by the Board of Directors)

• Subject:

Revision of partial Articles in the "Article of Incorporation".

- Explanation:
  - 1. In order to comply with the Article 172-2 of the Company Act: "A company may explicitly provide for in its Articles of Incorporation that its Shareholders' Meeting can be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority." To add flexibility to the methods of convening a Shareholders Meeting, the Company hereby proposes to amend the "Articles of Incorporation". Please refer to ATTACHMENT VIII for Comparison Table of amendments to the "Articles of Incorporation". (P.42 ~ P.43)
  - 2. Please kindly discuss this proposal.
- Resolutions:

## (II) Proposal Four

(proposed by the Board of Directors)

• Subject:

Revision of partial Articles in the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting".

- Explanation:
  - 1. In order to comply with the articles' modifications of "Sample Template for Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings by Public Companies", the Company hereby proposes to amend the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting". Please refer to ATTACHMENT IX for Comparison Table of amendments to the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting". (P.44 ~ P.60)
  - 2. Please kindly discuss this proposal.
- Resolutions:

## • Subject:

Issuance of new shares from capital surplus.

# • <u>Explanation</u>:

- 1. In accordance with Article 241 of the Company Act, the Company intends to issue 9,162,948 new shares from capital surplus at the amount of NT\$91,629,480, with a par value per share of NT\$10. Based on the shareholders and their shareholding ratio listed in the shareholder' register on the ex-rights date, 100 shares were allotted free of charge for every thousand shares tentatively. For the fractional share that is less than one share, the shareholders shall register with the Company's stock agent to assemble their entitlements within 5 days from the book closure starting date. Entitlement can't be assembled into one single share or has not been assembled within the time limit, cash will be compensated according to the par value rounded up to one NTD (offsetting fees for dividend transfer or non-physical share registration), the fractional shares will be subscribed at par value by a person designated by the Chairman of the board.
- 2. If the outstanding shares are affected by subsequent changes in share capital, resulting in changes in allotment ratio, the Board of Directors will be authorized by the Shareholders' Meeting to handle the relevant matters.
- 3. The rights and obligations of the new shares issued are the same as the existing common shares.
- 4. After the issuance of new shares from capital increase is resolved by the Annual Shareholders' Meeting and submitted to the competent authority for approval. The Board of Directors will be authorized to determine the ex-right record date and announce it separately at that time.
- 5. If this capital increase proposal needs to be amended due to changes in laws or regulations of the competent authority, the Board of Directors will be authorized by the Shareholders' Meeting to handle it with full authority.
- 6. Please kindly discuss this proposal.

## • Resolutions:

# • Subject:

Release of the Prohibition on Directors and its Representative from Participation in a Competitive Business.

# • Explanation:

1. In order to comply with Article 209 of the Company Act: "A Director shall address the important contents of his conducts - acting on behalf of himself or on others within the scope of the business of the Company - to the Shareholders' Meeting while obtaining the permission from the shareholders". Hereby propose for getting approval of Shareholders' Meeting to release the prohibition on directors and its representative from participation in concurrent positions in other companies as below:

Title	Name	Concurrent Positions in Other Companies
Director	Advantech Co., Ltd. Representative Liu, Wei-Ting	Investment Representative of Advantech Co., Ltd. Corporate Investment Division. Chairman of ChuanTing Investment Co., Ltd. Chairman of Tran-Fei Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Shiung-Yang Investment Corporation. Chairman of IoT Vision Investment Corporation. (New) Director of DeNeng Scientific Research Co., Ltd. Director of Cermate Technologies Inc. Director of K&M Investment Co., Ltd. Director of CZ Investment Co., Ltd. Director of Huan Yan Water Solution Co., Ltd. Director of Smasoft Technology Co., Ltd. Director of ISAP Solution Corporation. Director of Yan Xu Green Electricity Co. LTD. (New) Director of Advantech Corporate Investment Co.,Ltd. (New) Supervisor of Advantech Intelligent Healthcare Co., Ltd.
Independent Director	Yu, Chwo-Ming	Professor, Department of Industrial and Business Management, Chang Gung University. (New) Member of Remuneration Committee, Advantech Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Integrated Service Technology Inc. Independent Director of WPG Holdings Limited. (New)

- 2. Please kindly discuss this proposal.
- Resolutions:

# IV. Extemporary Motions

# V. Adjournment

# PART TWO – ATTACHMENTS

(ATTACHMENT I)

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

# 2022 Business Report

Axiomtek Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") has the annual operating revenue of TWD 5.082 billion in 2022, an increase of 38.71% from TWD 3.664 billion in 2021.

In 2022, the epidemic will slow down and move towards unblocking. The kinetic energy of various industries is expected to gradually pick up, and the layout of digital transformation has been actively launched. Digital transformation is mainly driven by big data and software, improving operational efficiency and resilience through digital solutions. Enterprises integrate digital technology, digital tools, software and hardware, and at the same time deepen the connection between OT and IT technology; combined with the increasingly mainstream AI artificial intelligence, edge computing, machine vision, deep learning, Internet of Things, AR/VR, and 5G innovative application technologies in the market. It is expected that the wave of smart manufacturing and global localization will promote the transformation and growth of enterprises. Facing the trend of digital transformation, the Company makes good use of its existing advantages in hardware manufacturing and design, creates technological service value through the ecosystem, and provides highly vertically and horizontally integrated value for automation, smart city, retail, energy, medical, and other application industries, and drive the next wave of growth momentum.

The Company's operating results in 2022 and business plan for 2023 are illustrated as follows:

# I. Operating Results in 2022:

- (I) Outcome of business plan implementation:

  The Company's operating revenue was TWD 5.082 billion, the net income of TWD 603 million, a total comprehensive income of TWD 687 million and after-tax earnings per share was TWD 6.66 in 2022..
- (II) Budget implementation:

  The Company has not disclosed the financial forecast for 2022, so there is no budget achievement.

## (III) Financial income, expenditures and profitability:

	Item	2022	2021
Financial	Debt to assets ratio	36.37	36.69
Structure (%)	Long-term capital to property, plant and equipment ratio	230.29	214.36
	Current ratio	142.93	136.71
Solvency (%)	Quick ratio	79.87	74.75
	Interest earned ratio (times)	13,385.70	11,946.13
	Return on assets (%)	11.62	9.19
	Return on equity (%)	18.17	13.69
Profitability	Income before tax to paid-in capital (%)	82.28	49.12
	Profit ratio (%)	11.86	10.67
	Earnings per share (TWD)	6.66	4.57

#### (IV) Research and development status:

In response to sustainable management and market development trends, the following medium and long-term development directions are planned:

- 1. Focus on the industrial application in vertical markets such as factory automation, rail transit, green energy and smart grid; provide edge computing platforms, machine vision solutions, touch panel computer, and combine core technologies such as video, audio, and smart platforms to provide comprehensive AIoT solution.
- 2. The edge computing system is developing toward intelligent, miniaturized, and modularized products. Strengthen the integrated application of the embedded operating system and provide a security upgrade solution for the Internet of Things.
- 3. Develop specific domain-focused platforms for smart retail, medical, gaming, and entertainment markets, and integrate software expertise to provide customers with a complete and reliable solution.
- 4. Migrade the system level to an application market solution, combine DigiHub to provide software and hardware integration services; deepen the added value, and provide exclusive, customized, and flexible services for partners.

# II. Summary Business Plan for 2023:

## (I) Business policy

1. Focus on the integration of artificial intelligence and the Internet of Things, smart manufacturing-related technologies and edge computing platforms, and continue to invest in domain industries such as factory automation, smart energy, transportation, medical, gaming, and smart retail.

- 2. Provide a complete product line and professional customization services for targeted vertical markets.
- 3. Collaborate with strategic partners to create alliances, integrate software and hardware to enhance value-added products, and pursue long-term development and sustainable operation of the enterprise.
- 4. Global localization business policy, actively deploying overseas Design Engineering Service to provide localized professional services; adding overseas service bases, global marketing channels to deepen customer relationships, and establishing global distribution partners.
- 5. Form follows function can organize corresponding development, pursue the vision of sustainable development of the enterprise and long-term talent cultivation.

#### (II) Production and sales policies:

- 1. Introduce MES (Manufacturing Execution System) smart factory operations management and progress towards full factory automation.
- 2. Implement green production supply chain and supplier management, use GPMS (Green Product Management System) and SCM (Supply Chain Management) management mechanisms to confirm that products are non-toxic and harmless, and regularly audit the quality of suppliers.
- 3. Through the PLM (Product Lifecycle Management), global information management and communication systems, obtain data on materials, semi-finished products, inventories and future market demands, reducing inventory management costs and losses due to price reduction on the slow-moving stock.

# III. The Company's Development Strategy:

## (I) Sales strategy:

- 1. Give full play to the key influence of digital transformation, accumulate software and hardware integration technology, deepen the added value of the industry, and provide customers with exclusive technology services.
- Marketing globally with its own brand, focusing on design, manufacturing, and sales; actively deploying global localization strategies, establishing sales bases and technical bases, expanding marketing channels and realizing localized services.
- 3. Formulate strategies and tactics for the sales strategies of major global customers including key accounts, domain-focused system integrators, and channel partners, expand sales scale and assist customers to develop a new market.
- 4. Strengthen the added value of software and hardware integration, duplicate success cases, shorten customer development time and development costs, and

create a win-win model.

5. Utilize the Salesforce cloud application and platform, use IT (Information Technology) and BI (Business Intelligence) to effectively manage customer relationships and manage project progress, and integrate digital marketing models to improve customer experience.

## (II) Product technology:

- Edge computing platform: towards miniature and modular design, adopts industrial aesthetic design, and emphasizes user experience. Designed for automation, smart energy, machine vision, AGV/AMR, artificial intelligence and IoT application markets. Obtain product specialty certifications for specific vertical applications.
- 2. IT/OT cybersecurity platform: lock the industrial network security application market, develop edge computing computer platform, remote monitoring technology IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) and high-speed Ethernet module, and develop SDN (Software-Defined Networking) network security architecture.
- 3. Digital signage players and self-service kiosks: provide affordable and high-performance models, integrating touch screens, barcode readers, payment devices, and other multifunctional all-in-one machines; through multiple screen output interfaces and customized software and firmware program to achieve multi-screen splicing and self-management of the system.
- 4. Computers for medical equipment: combining with customer IT architecture to create a smart medical environment. The control system of large-scale testing instruments, mobile medical carts, bedside computers, and information computers are all the focus of future product development.
- 5. Gaming industry-specific computer platform: develop Video Mixer technology and game machine PTS (Player Tracking System) system platform, background management system, image processing, and Jackpot server, etc., and deepen its vertical industry expertise and integration capabilities.

# IV. The Effect of the External Competitive, the Legal Environment and the Overall Business Environment:

Edge computing with Artificial Intelligence of Things, AR/VR, 5G, and other technologies for domain vertical industries are made to support customers' success. The Company will continue to apply digital transformation and global localization, formulate the development of the group organization, and take sustainable management as the core. Plan long-term development strategies, realize localized services, and regional supply chains, and move technical energy to the front line to meet the flexible needs of customers.

Looking forward to the future, the Company will continue to cultivate its own technical capabilities, focus on specific domain markets, software and hardware integration capabilities, and value-added services to lead business growth. Cooperate with partners such as key accounts, domain-focused system integrators, and channel partners to create a successful alliance ecosystem. It is important to ensure that corporate governance and ESG responsibilities will be embedded into the corporate culture, and create a win-win situation with partners to break out of a new era.

Yang, Yu-Te, Chairman

Huang, Jui-Nan, President

Hsu, Chin-Chuan, Principal Accounting Officer

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

(ATTACHMENT II)

**2022** Consent Report of Audit Committee

To 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

Date: February 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2023

Consented by the Audit Committee, the 2022 Business Report, Financial Statements and profit

distribution proposals have also been resolved by the Board of Directors of the Company where

the financial statements have been completely audited and subsequently the Unqualified

Opinion Independent Auditors' Report has been issued by the CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan and Wu,

Han-Chi of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan which has been entrusted by the Board of

Directors.

In compliance with the provisions of relevant laws and regulations, the abovementioned 2022

Business Report, Financial Statements and Profit Distribution proposals are being reported and

presented herewith for review in order to comply with the provisions of Article 14-4 of the

Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Sincerely yours,

Chang, Jen-Chih

Convener of Audit Committee

AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

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# (ATTACHMENT III)

Summary of communication between the members of Audit Committee and the head of internal auditor.

Participant	Date	Attendees	Significant Matters of Communication	Outcome of the Communication
	Feb 25, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan, Assistant Vice President Ivy Kuo, Manager Raby Cheng	1.1.2021 Q4 audit report 2. The status of the execution of the internal control system and the results of the self-audits. Discuss the effectiveness of the 2021 internal control system and the internal control system statement 3. Explanation and discussion on the revision of the "Internal Control System" and " Internal Audit Implementation Rules " of the company.	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Apr 28, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan	1. 2022 Q1 audit report	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
Head of Internal Auditor	Jul 28, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Wen Lan PwC Taiwan: CPA Feng, Ming-Chuan, Manager Raby Cheng	1. 2022 Q2 audit report	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Oct 27, 2022 Audit Committee	Independent Directors: Chang, Jen-Chih, Lin, Yih-Jong, Yu, Chwo-Ming Internal Auditor: Alex Mou	1. 2022 Q3 audit report 2. 2023 annual audit plan	The defect part has been improved immediately. Report to the Board of Directors after resolution passed.
	Feb 18, 2022 Mar 8, 2022 Apr 8, 2022 Apr 29, 2022 May 31, 2022 Jun 6, 2022 July 29, 2022 Sep 2, 2022 Sep 29, 2022 Oct 31, 2022 Nov 30, 2022 Dec 27, 2022 Internal audit reports	Before the end of each month, the confirmed audit report of the previous month will be sent to the mailboxes of the Independent Directors	Jan 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Feb 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Mar 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Apr 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. May 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Jun 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Jun 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Jul 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Aug 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Aug 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Sep 2022 Monthly audit	According to the 2022 annual audit plan passed on Oct 28, 2021, various circular audits will be carried out monthly, and the audit results and follow-up reports will be sent to each Independent Directors before the end of each month and obtained all Independent Director's Receipt letter.

Participant	Date	Attendees	Significant Matters of Communication	Outcome of the Communication
			and tracking report. Oct 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Nov 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report. Dec 2022 Monthly audit and tracking report.	

# (ATTACHMENT Ⅳ)

# **2022 Remuneration Paid to Directors**

Unit: Thousand shares/NT\$ Thousand

				Rer	nunerati	on to Di	rectors				n of	Remu	neration F	Received	by Directo Emplo		oncurrer	nt Service	e as an	Sun	-	R Enterp
		(/	se ensation A) te 2)	Retire Pay Pensio	and	Profit- Comp	Sharing ensation (C) ote 3)			and R Net I	+C+D atio to ncome %)	Rewar Spe	ary, eds, and ecial sements Note 5)	and F	nent Pay Pension F)		Compen	Profit-Shansation ( (ote 6)	_	A+B+C F+G an to Net I (%) (No	d Ratio Income	Remuneration Received from Investee Enterprises other than Subsidiaries or from the Parent Company (Note 11)
Job Title	Name	The	All Cons	The	All Cons	The	All Cons	The	All Cons	The	All Consolidated (Note 7)	The	All Cons	The	All Cons	Com	he pany	Ent	solidated ities te 7)	The	All Consolidated I (Note 7)	ceived fro Subsidiar pany (Not
		The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	solidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	The Company	All Consolidated Entities (Note 7)	Amount in Cash	Amount in Stock	Amount in Cash	Amount in Stock	The Company	olidated Entities Note 7)	m Investee ies or from the e 11)
Chairman	Yang, Yu-Te	0	0	0	0	1,761	1,761	25	25	1,786 0.30%	1,786 0.30%	9,546	9,546	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,332 1.88%	11,332 1.88%	None
	Advantech Co., Ltd.	0	0	0	0	934	934	0	0	934 0.16%	934 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	934 0.16%	934 0.16%	None
Director	Representative: Liu, Wei-Ting	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	25	25 0.00%	25 0.00%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25 0.00%	25 0.00%	None
Director	Tsai, Shih-Yang	0	0	0	0	934	934	25	25	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	None
Director	Huang, Jui-Nan	0	0	0	0	934	934	25	25	959 0.16%	959 0.16%	10,624	10,624	108	108	0	0	0	0	11,691 1.94%	11,691 1.94%	None
Independent Director	Lin, Yih-Jong	0	0	0	0	1,059	1,059	25	25	1,084 0.18%	1,084 0.18%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,084 0.18%	1,084 0.18%	None
Independent Director	Chang, Jen-Chih	0	0	0	0	1,038	1,038	25	25	1,063 0.18%	1,063 0.18%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,063 0.18%	1,063 0.18%	None
Independent Director	Yu, Chwo-Ming	0	0	0	0	1,409	1,409	25	25	1,434 0.24%	1,434 0.24%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,434 0.24%	1,434 0.24%	None

- 1. The policies, systems, standards, and structure of Independent Directors' remuneration, and describe the correlation with the amount of remuneration according to the responsibilities, risks, and investment time:

  The Company mainly distributes the remuneration of Directors in accordance with the "Operating Procedures for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors' Remuneration Distribution Method". According to the Articles of Incorporation, if the Company is profitable in the current year (means the Pre-tax Income before deduction of the employees' and Directors' compensation) in the current year. Directors' payout should be no more than 2%. The remuneration of Directors in the preceding paragraphs only can receive the profit in the form of cash. The proportion and amount of Directors' remuneration allocation each year are proposed by the Remuneration Committee based on the Company's operating performance, business risks, development trends and reference to industry standards, and by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of Directors. The distribution of remuneration for Directors and Independent Directors is first based on the Directors' attendance at the Shareholders' Meeting, the degree of participation in the Company's operations, and the evaluation of the value of their contribution. The distribution of reasonable remuneration is given priority, and the weighted calculation is based on the content of positions and functional committee members. In general, Directors' remuneration is evaluated according to the performance of the responsibilities, risks, and time invested, and the rationality of the remuneration has been evaluated by the Nomination Committee, reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, and passed by the Board of Directors. Relevant laws and regulations review the remuneration system in a timely manner to implement corporate governance, and expect to make the distribution of remuneration for Directors transparent
- 2.Except as disclosed in the above table, the remuneration received by the Directors of the Company for providing services to all the companies in the financial report in the most recent year (such as serving as a non-employee consultant for the parent company, all companies and investment enterprises in the consolidated financial statements): TWD\$0
- 3. Retirement pay and pension is the contribution of labor pension funds paid on a monthly basis according to the law.
- Note 1:The names of Directors shall be listed separately (the institutional shareholder and its representative should be illustrated separately), and Directors and Independent Directors shall be listed separately, and the various payment amounts shall be disclosed in a collective manner.
- Note 2: Refers to remuneration in the past year for the Directors (including Director's salaries, additional fees, severance pay, various bonuses, incentive payouts, etc.)
- Note 3:Director's remuneration for the past year, approved by the Board.
- Note 4:Director's operating expenses in the past year (includes transportation, special fees, various allowances, lodging, allotted vehicles, other amenities, etc.) In the case of the provision of housing, cars and other means of transport or exclusive payments, the nature and cost of the assets provided, rental at actual or at a fair market price, fuel and other payments should be disclosed. Where a driver is assigned, including the payment made by the Company that is not already included in the remuneration.
- Note 5:Remuneration for Directors who are also employees (includes Presidents, Vice Presidents, other managerial officers, and employees) including salaries, job add-on, severance pay, various bonuses, incentive payouts, transportation expenses, special skills fees, various allowances, lodging, allotted vehicles and other amenities. In the case of the provision of housing, cars and other means of transport or exclusive payments, the nature and cost of the assets provided, rental at actual or at a fair market price, fuel and other payments should be disclosed. Where a driver is assigned, including the payment made by the Company that is not already included in the remuneration. Per IFRS 2 the salary expenses recognized in the "Share-based payment", including the acquisition of employee stock option certificates, restricted shares, and participation in cash increase subscription shares, shall also be included in the remuneration.
- Note 6:Past year's remuneration (including stock and cash) approved by the Board of Directors to Directors also serving as employees (includes the President, Vice Presidents, other managerial officers, and employees). If an estimate is not available, compute using the previous year's actual payouts and complete Table 1-3.
- Note 7:All categories of remuneration paid to the Directors by the companies (including this Company) listed in the consolidated report, must be disclosed.
- Note 8:Total remuneration paid to each Director must be disclosed in the appropriate range against the Name of Director.
- Note 9:All categories of remuneration paid to the Directors by the companies (including this Company) listed in the consolidated report, must be disclosed in the appropriate range against the Name of Director.
- Note 10:Net profit after tax refers to the past year's net profit after tax. Per international financial reporting standards, net profit after tax refers to the net profit after tax of the parent company or individual companies in the past
- Note 11: a. State clearly the remuneration amount paid to the Director by reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company (Fill in "None" if not in the case).
  - b. If the Director has received remuneration from reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company, please specify the amount received in the relevant ranges tabled and denote these as "Parent company and all reinvested businesses".
  - c. Remuneration here refers to any fees, compensation (including the remuneration for employees, Directors, and supervisors) and reimbursement for expenses incurred while executing their duties in the appointments held by Directors, supervisors or Presidents in reinvested businesses other than subsidiary or parent company.
- Note 12:The Company established the Audit Committee on June 3, 2015 to replace the role of the supervisor.
- \* The remuneration disclosed in the table differs from the concept of income defined according to Income Tax Law, therefore, the table is for the purpose of information disclosure instead of tax levy.

# 2022 Independent Auditors' Report

# (Parent Company Only Financial Statements)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. (hereinafter referred to as "Axiomtek" or "the Company") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in order to comply with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in order to comply with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Individual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company In order to comply with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in order to comply with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the individual financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the individual financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

# **Cut off of Operating Revenue**

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(31) for accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(20) for details of operating revenue.

The Company's operating revenue mainly comes from the manufacture and sale of finished products, and is mainly for export. The operating revenue for export is based on the transaction conditions with customers as the basis for revenue recognition. Different customers have different transaction conditions and revenue recognition procedures. Involving manual judgment by management, for sales transactions before and after the balance sheet date, it is necessary to confirm whether the significant risks and rewards related to the ownership of the goods have been transferred to the customer. Therefore, there is a risk of improper timing of revenue recognition. We considered the cut off of operating revenue as a key audit matter.

# How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Understood and assessed the effectiveness of the internal control of Axiomtek's operating revenue and perform the test of the effectiveness of internal controls over shipping and billing.
- 2. For the details of the export income transaction details for a specific period before and after the balance sheet date, confirm its completeness and perform a cut-off test by random inspection, including confirmation of transaction conditions, verification of relevant supporting documents, and confirmation that sales revenue has been recorded in an appropriate period.

# **Allowance for Inventory Valuation Losses**

## **Description**

Please refer to Note 4(12) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation losses and Note 6(3) for details of inventories. As at December 31, 2022, the Company's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$1,193,561 thousand and NT\$70,000 thousand, respectively.

The Company is primarily engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of industrial computer products. Due to rapid technological innovation and fluctuations in market prices, the Company recognizes inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and the net realizable value is estimated based on historical experience. An allowance for inventory valuation losses is provided for those inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged.

As the amounts of inventories are material, the types of inventories vary, and the estimation of net realizable value for individually obsolete or damaged inventories is subject to management's judgment, we considered the allowance for inventory valuation losses as a key audit matter.

## How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Ensured consistent application of Company's accounting policies in relation to allowance for inventory valuation losses and assessed the reasonableness of these policies.
- 2. Evaluated the reasonableness of inventories individually identified as obsolete or damaged with supporting documents, validated the appropriateness of system logic of inventory aging report utilized by management to ensure proper classification of inventories aged over a certain period of time and reperformed the calculation.
- 3. Discussed with management the net realizable value of inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged, validated respective supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory.

# **Other Matter- Audit by the Other Independent Accountants**

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under the equity method. These investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT \$231,507 thousand and NT \$211,830 thousand, constituting 4.15% and 4.36% of total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures accounted for under equity method amounted to NT\$22,384 thousand and NT\$9,581 thousand, constituting 3.26% and 2.75% of total comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The financial statements of these investments accounted for under the equity method were audited by other independent auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the separate financial statements and information disclosed relative to these investments, is based solely on the reports of other independent auditors.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in order to comply with the "Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in order to comply with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in order to comply with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Parent Company Only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Feng, Ming-Chuan

Wu, Han-Chi

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 23, 2023.

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			 December 31, 20		December 31, 202	
	Assets	Notes	 Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	<u>%</u>
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 774,147	14	\$ 607,232	12
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost – current	6(1) and 8	3,000	-	-	-
1150	Notes receivable	6(2) and 12(2)	5,583	-	5,566	-
1170	Accounts receivable	6(2) and 12(2)	185,940	3	124,776	3
1180	Accounts receivable – related parties	6(2),7 and 12(2)	449,061	8	385,570	8
1200	Other receivables		25,551	1	29,774	1
1210	Other receivables – related parties	7	104	-	-	-
1220	Current income tax assets		541	-	46	-
130X	Inventories	6(3)	1,123,561	20	942,383	19
1410	Prepayments		16,800	-	13,896	-
1470	Other current assets		 434		595	
11XX	Total current assets		 2,584,722	46	2,109,838	43
	Non-current assets					
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(4)	1,220,085	22	1,048,731	22
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)	1,639,967	29	1,548,362	32
1755	Use rights assets	6(6)	7,936	-	22,680	-
1760	Investment property	6(8)	37,983	1	38,479	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)	33,560	1	27,891	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(26)	52,675	1	60,791	1
1920	Refundable deposits		 8,072		5,575	
15XX	Total non-current assets		 3,000,278	54	2,752,509	57
1XXX	Total Assets		\$ 5,585,000	100	\$ 4,862,347	100

(Continued)

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

2130   Contract liabilities - current   6(19)   66,657   1   76,162   2   2   2   2   2   2   3   3   3				I	December 31, 202	22	D	ecember 31, 202	21
Short-term borrowings		Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
2130   Contract liabilities - current   6(19)   66.657   1   76,162   2   2   2   2   2   2   3   3   5   6.75   - 2   2   2   2   2   3   3   5   6.75   - 2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		Current liabilities							
2150   Notes payables   1,350   - 675   - 675   - 2170   Accounts payable   6181,480   14   2180   Accounts payable   related parties   7   17,495   - 11,348   14   2220   Other payables   6(11)   308,537   6   287,055   6   2230   Current income tax liabilities   170,401   3   93,535   2   22250   Provisions for liabilities - current   1,539   - 1,152   - 1,579	2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	635,300	11	\$	374,000	8
2170   Accounts payable   S96,615   11   681,480   14     2180   Accounts payable - related parties   7   17,495   - 11,348       2200   Other payables   6(11)   308,537   6   287,056   6     22200   Current income tax liabilities - current   1,539   -   1,152   -     22200   Lease liabilities-current portion   7,302   -   15,799   -     22200   Current liabilities - current   1,539   -   1,152   -     22200   Lease liabilities-current portion   7,302   -   15,799   -     2210   Advance receipts   171   -   84   -     2220   Other current liabilities   3,027   -   2,207   -     2210   Advance receipts   1,808,334   32   1,543,316   32     2210   Total current liabilities   1,808,334   32   1,543,316   32     2210   Total current liabilities   6(26)   180,464   3   155,892   3     2250   Deferred income tax liabilities   6(26)   180,464   3   155,892   3     2250   Lease liabilities-non current   229   -   6,968   -     22640   Accrued pension liabilities   6(13)   32,385   1   46,458   1     22645   Guarantee deposit received   763   -   763   -     2270   Total liabilities   700   700   700   700   700   700   700     2200   Total liabilities   700	2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(19)		66,657	1		76,162	2
2180	2150	Notes payables			1,350	-		675	-
2200   Other payables   6(11)   308,537   6   287,056   6	2170	Accounts payable			596,615	11		681,480	14
2230   Current income tax liabilities   170,401   3   93,353   2	2180	Accounts payable – related parties	7		17,495	-		11,348	-
Provisions for liabilities - current	2200	Other payables	6(11)		308,537	6		287,056	6
Lease liabilities-current portion   7,302   - 15,799   - 2310   Advance receipts   171   - 84   - 2399   Other current liabilities   3,027   - 2,207   - 2	2230	Current income tax liabilities			170,401	3		93,353	2
Advance receipts   171   - 84   2399   Other current liabilities   3,027   - 2,207   2,207   - 2	2250	Provisions for liabilities - current			1,539	-		1,152	-
	2280	Lease liabilities-current portion			7,302	-		15,799	-
	2310	Advance receipts			171	-		84	-
Non-current liabilit   2560   Income tax liabilities - non current   8,913   -   30,677   1   2570   Deferred income tax liabilities   6(26)   180,464   3   155,892   3   2580   Lease liabilities - non current   229   -   6,968   -   2640   Accrued pension liabilities   6(13)   32,385   1   46,458   1   2645   Guarantee deposit received   763   -   763   -   763   -   25XX   Total non-current liabilities   222,754   4   240,758   5   22XX   Total liabilities   223,754   4   240,758   5   22XX   Total liabilities   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   37   37   37   37   37   37	2399	Other current liabilities			3,027			2,207	
1	21XX	Total current liabilities			1,808,394	32		1,543,316	32
Deferred income tax liabilities		Non-current liabilit							
Lease liabilities-non current   229   - 6,968   - 6,968   - 2,040   Accrued pension liabilities   6(13)   32,385   1   46,458   1   46,458   1   2,045   2,045   4   2,047,58   5   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   37   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37   37   37   37   37   37   37	2560	Income tax liabilities- non current			8,913	-		30,677	1
Accrued pension liabilities   6(13)   32,385   1   46,458   1   2645   Guarantee deposit received   763   - 763   - 763   - 25XX   Total non-current liabilities   222,754   4   240,758   5   2   2   2   2   2   4   2   2   2   2	2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)		180,464	3		155,892	3
Capital surplus   Capital su	2580	Lease liabilities-non current			229	_		6,968	-
	2640	Accrued pension liabilities	6(13)		32,385	1		46,458	1
2XXX   Total liabilities   2,031,148   36   1,784,074   37	2645	Guarantee deposit received			763	-		763	-
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent  Share capital  3110 Ordinary shares 6(15) 910,235 16 884,829 18  3140 Advance receipts for share capital 6(15) 13,079 - 75,094 2  Capital surplus 6(16)  3200 Capital surplus 633,715 12 533,041 11  Retained earnings 6(17)  3310 Legal reserve 615,504 11 576,846 12  3320 Special reserve 76,627 1 38,974 1  3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 1,308,972 24 1,046,116 21  Other equity 6(18)  3400 Other equity 6(18)  3400 Other equity (4,280) - (76,627) (2  3XXX Total equity 3,553,852 64 3,078,273 63  Significant commitment and contingent item 9  Significant events after the balance sheet date 11	25XX	Total non-current liabilities			222,754	4		240,758	5
Share capital   3110   Ordinary shares   6(15)   910,235   16   884,829   18   3140   Advance receipts for share capital   6(15)   13,079   - 75,094   2   Capital surplus   6(16)	2XXX	Total liabilities			2,031,148	36		1,784,074	37
3110   Ordinary shares   6(15)   910,235   16   884,829   18   3140   Advance receipts for share capital   6(15)   13,079   - 75,094   2   Capital surplus   6(16)		Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	t						
Advance receipts for share capital   6(15)   13,079   - 75,094   2		Share capital							
Capital surplus  Capital surplus  6(16)  3200 Capital surplus  6(33,715 12 533,041 11  Retained earnings  6(17)  3310 Legal reserve  615,504 11 576,846 12  3320 Special reserve  76,627 1 38,974 1  3350 Unappropriated retained earnings  1,308,972 24 1,046,116 21  Other equity  6(18)  3400 Other equity  6(18)  3XXX Total equity  Significant commitment and contingent item  Significant events after the balance sheet date  11	3110	Ordinary shares	6(15)		910,235	16		884,829	18
Capital surplus   633,715   12   533,041   11	3140	Advance receipts for share capital	6(15)		13,079	-		75,094	2
Retained earnings       6(17)         3310       Legal reserve       615,504       11       576,846       12         3320       Special reserve       76,627       1       38,974       1         3350       Unappropriated retained earnings       1,308,972       24       1,046,116       21         Other equity       6(18)         3400       Other equity       (       4,280)       -       (       76,627)       (       2         3XXX       Total equity       3,553,852       64       3,078,273       63         Significant commitment and contingent item       9         Significant events after the balance sheet date       11		Capital surplus	6(16)						
3310   Legal reserve   615,504   11   576,846   12	3200	Capital surplus			633,715	12		533,041	11
3320   Special reserve   76,627   1   38,974   1     3350   Unappropriated retained earnings   1,308,972   24   1,046,116   21     Other equity   6(18)     ( 4,280)   - ( 76,627) ( 2   3XXX   Total equity   3,553,852   64   3,078,273   63     Significant commitment and contingent item   9     Significant events after the balance sheet date   11		Retained earnings	6(17)						
3350 Unappropriated retained earnings  Other equity  3400 Other equity  3XXX Total equity  Significant commitment and contingent item  Significant events after the balance sheet date  1,308,972 24 1,046,116 21  ( 4,280) - ( 76,627) ( 2  3,553,852 64 3,078,273 63	3310	Legal reserve			615,504	11		576,846	12
Other equity         6(18)           3400 Other equity         ( 4,280) - ( 76,627) ( 2           3XXX Total equity         3,553,852 64 3,078,273 63           Significant commitment and contingent item         9           Significant events after the balance sheet date         11	3320	Special reserve			76,627	1		38,974	1
3400 Other equity   (   4,280) - (   76,627) (   2   3XXX   Total equity   3,553,852   64   3,078,273   63       Significant commitment and contingent item   9       Significant events after the balance sheet date   11	3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,308,972	24		1,046,116	21
3XXX Total equity  Significant commitment and contingent item  Significant events after the balance sheet date  11		Other equity	6(18)						
Significant commitment and contingent item 9 Significant events after the balance sheet date 11	3400	Other equity		(	4,280)		(	76,627)	(2)
Significant commitment and contingent item 9 Significant events after the balance sheet date 11	3XXX	Total equity			3,553,852	64		3,078,273	63
Significant events after the balance sheet date 11		Significant commitment and contingent item	9						
			11						
	3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	5,585,000	100	\$	4,862,347	100

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings per Share)

							Year ended December 31								
				2022			2021								
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	_	%						
4000	Operating revenue	6(19) and 7	\$	5,082,224	100	\$	3,663,800		100						
5000	Operating costs	6(3), (24),	,	2.70< (12) (			• • • • • • • • •	,	<b>-</b> 200						
5000		(25) and 7	(	3,586,613) (	<u>71</u> )	(	2,686,465)	(_	73)						
5900	Gross profit			1,495,611	29		977,335		27						
5910	Unrealized gain from sale	6(4)	(	121,217) (	2)	(	81,600)	(	2)						
5920	Realized gain from sale			81,600	2		87,278	_	2						
5950	Net gross profit			1,455,994	29		983,013	_	27						
	Operating expenses	6(24) and (25)													
6100	Selling expenses		(	123,108) (	3)		94,773)	(	3)						
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	193,426) (	4)		154,088)	(	4)						
6300	Research and development expenses		(	567,638) (	11)	(	485,292)	(	13)						
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)	,	7.5		,	2)								
(000	impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9		_	75)	10)	<u></u>	3)	_							
6000	Total operating expenses		(	884,247) (	<u>18</u> )	(	734,156)	(_	20)						
6900	Operating profit			571,747	11	_	248,857	_	7						
<b>-</b> 100	Non-operating income and expenses														
7100	Interest income	6(20)		5,442	-		2,203		-						
7010	Other income	6(21)		33,571	1		12,921		-						
7020	Other gains and losses	6(22)		24,680	1		66,904		2						
7050	Finance costs	6(23)	(	5,637)	-	(	3,980)		-						
7070	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method	6(4)		119,112	2		144,571		4						
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			177,168	4		222,619		6						
7900	Profit before income tax			748,915	15		471,476		13						
7950	Income tax expenses	6(26)	(	146,278) (	3)	(	80,561)	(	2)						
8200	Net Income		\$	602,637	12	\$	390,915		11						
	Other comprehensive income														
	Components of other comprehensive income that will														
	not be reclassified to profit or loss														
8311	Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	6(13)	\$	12,778	-	(\$	3,986)		-						
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and	6(4)													
	joint ventures accounted for using equity method,														
	components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			1,425		(	1,144)								
8349	Income tax relating to components of other	6(26)		1,423	-	(	1,144)		-						
0547	comprehensive income	0(20)	(	2,556)	_		797		_						
	Components of other comprehensive income that will		(	_,/											
	be reclassified to profit or loss														
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign														
	operations			90,434	2	(	47,065)	(	1)						
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other	6(26)													
	comprehensive income		(	18,087)	-		9,413		-						
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		\$	83,994	2	(\$	41,985)	(	1)						
8500	<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>		\$	686,631	14	\$	348,930	_	10						
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(28)	\$		6.66	\$	_		4.57						
	Diluted earnings per share		\$			\$			4.37						
9850	Diffuced earnings per share	6(28)	Ф		6.52	Þ			4.30						

#### AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

#### PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Share o	capital					Reta	ined earning	;S			ther equity		
IV 2021	Notes	Ordinary share	rec	dvance eipts for re capital	Capital surplus	_Leş	gal reserve	Spec	ial reserve		appropriated ned earnings	st tr diff	rnancial catements anslation ferences of foreign perations	Tota	al equity
Year 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021		¢ 925.052	¢.	22 007	ф. 220.505	¢.	546 170	¢.	26 622	¢.	010 407	(¢	20.075	¢.	2 (22 779
•		\$ 825,953	\$_	23,897	\$ 330,595	\$	546,178	\$	26,633	\$	919,497	( <u>\$</u>	38,975)	\$	
Profit for the year  Other comprehensive income (loss) for the yea	_	-		-	-		-		-	,	390,915	,	-	,	390,915
	Γ									(	4,333 )		37,652)		41,985)
Total comprehensive income Appropriations of 2020 earnings			-	<del>-</del>					<del></del>		386,582	(	37,652)		348,930
Legal reserve	6(17)	_		_	_		30,668		_	(	30,668)		_		_
Reversal of special reserve	6(17)	_		_	_		-		12,341	(	12,341)		_		_
Cash dividends	6(17)	-		_	_		_		_	(	216,954)		- (	(	216,954)
Share-based payments	. ,	6,690	(	2,463)	15,655		_		_	,	-		-		19,882
Compensation cost of share-based payments		-	`	-	16,023		_		_		_		-		16,023
Conversion of convertible bonds		52,186		53,660	170,768		_		-		-		-		276,614
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 884,829	\$	75,094	\$ 533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627 )	\$	3,078,273
<u>Year 2022</u>				•									,		
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 884,829	\$	75,094	\$ 533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627 )	\$	3,078,273
Profit for the year		-		-	-		-		-		602,637		-		602,637
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	r				<u>-</u>						11,647		72,347		83,994
Total comprehensive income		<u>-</u>					_		_		614,284		72,347		686,631
Appropriations of 2021 earnings															
Legal reserve	6(17)	-		-	-		38,658		-	(	38,658)		-		-
Special reserve	6(17)	-		-	-		-		37,653	(	37,653)		-		-
Cash dividends	6(17)	-		-	-		-		-	(	275,117)		-		275,117)
Share-based payments		8,910		13,079	30,191		-		-		-		-		52,180
Compensation cost of share-based payments		-		-	11,829		-		-		-		-		11,829
Conversion of convertible bonds		16,496	(	75,094)	58,598		-		-		-		-		-
Change in Capital Surplus-others					56						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		56
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 910,235	\$	13,079	\$ 633,715	\$	615,504	\$	76,627	\$	1,308,972	(\$	4,280)	\$	3,553,852

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Years ended	Decem	ber 31
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	748,915	\$	471,476
Adjustments		,	,	•	. ,
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation	6(5), (6) and (24	.)	61,666		62,179
Depreciation from investment Property	6(8) and (22)	•	496		541
Amortization	6(9) and (24)		15,067		12,049
Expected credit impairment losses/ Reversal of	12(2)		,		ŕ
allowance for doubtful accounts	<b>(</b> )		75		3
Impairment loss on other assets	6(22)		2,000		-
Interest expense	6(23)		5,637		3,980
Interest income	6(20)	(	5,442)	(	2,203)
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(24) and (25)	·	9,380	Ì	12,912
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(4)				·
accounted for under equity method	· /	(	119,112)	(	144,571)
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	6(22)		-	(	120)
Gain on disposal of investments	6(22)	(	11)	(	295)
Gain on disposal of investment assets	6(22)		<u>-</u>	(	78,854)
Unrealized profit from sales			39,617	(	5,678)
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating				`	,
activities					
Changes in assets relating to operating activities					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			11		295
Notes receivable		(	17)	(	2,618)
Accounts receivable (including related parties)		(	124,730)	(	161,407)
Other receivables (including related parties)			8,351	(	15,469)
Inventories		(	181,178)	(	511,038)
Prepayments		(	2,905)	(	2,306)
Other current assets			162		175
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities					
Contract liabilities		(	9,505)		46,478
Notes payables		`	675	(	322)
Accounts payable (including related parties)		(	78,718)		464,046
Other payables		`	12,124		45,374
Other current assets			906	(	12,354)
Accrued pension liabilities		(	1,295)	(	1,392)
Cash inflow generated from operations		\	382,169	\	180,881
Receipt of interest			3,660		2,352
Payment of interest		(	5,468)	(	874)
Payment of income tax		(	79,444)	(	17,390)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		(	300,917	(	164,969
Their easil flows provided by operating activities			500,717		104,709

(Continued)

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	_		Years ended December 31		
	Note	S	2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Financial assets at amortized cost - current		(\$	3,000)	\$	-
Other receivables (including related parties)			-		84,350
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(	132,650)	(	575,515)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment			34		120
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties			-		125,027
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(	20,736)	(	17,811)
Increase in refundable deposits		(	40)		163
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(	156,392)	(	383,666)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from short -term borrowings			4,505,600		1,013,592
Redemption of short -term borrowings		(	4,244,300)	(	639,592)
Payment of cash dividends	6(17)	(	275,117)	(	216,954)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options	6(14)		52,180		19,882
Payment of lease liabilities		(	16,029)	(	16,663)
Proceeds from bonds payable			-	(	2,300)
Proceeds from disposal of employee stock ownership trust			56		<u>-</u>
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities			22,390		157,965
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			166,915	(	60,732)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			607,232		667,964
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	774,147	\$	607,232
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		\$	166,915 607,232	\$	60,732 667,964

# 2022 Independent Auditors' Report

# (Consolidated Financial Statements)

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended In order to comply with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in order to comply with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China ("ROC GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group In order to comply with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (hereinafter referred to as the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in order to comply with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters on the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are stated as follows:

# **Cut-off of Operating Revenue**

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(32) for accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(23) for details of operating revenue.

The Group's operating revenue mainly comes from the manufacture and sale of finished products, and is mainly for export. The operating revenue for export is based on the transaction conditions with customers as the basis for revenue recognition. Different customers have different transaction conditions and revenue recognition procedures. Involving manual judgment by management, for sales transactions before and after the balance sheet date, it is necessary to confirm whether the significant risks and rewards related to the ownership of the goods have been transferred to the customer. Therefore, there is a risk of improper timing of revenue recognition. We considered the cut off of operating revenue as a key audit matter.

## How our audit addressed the matter

We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:

- 1. Understood and assessed the effectiveness of internal controls over cutoff of the Group's operating revenue and tested the effectiveness of internal controls over shipping and billing.
- 2. Checked the completeness and performed cutoff tests on a random basis on the export sales details in a certain period around balance sheet date, which includes checking the terms and conditions of transaction, verifying against supporting documents, and checking whether inventory changes records and sales cost had been recognized in the proper period.

# **Allowance for Inventory Valuation Losses**

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation losses and Note 6(3) for details of inventories. As at December 31, 2022, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses amounted to NT\$2,007,826 thousand and NT\$80,818 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sales of industrial computers products. Due to rapid technological innovation and fluctuations in market prices, the Group recognizes inventories at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and the net realizable value is estimated based on historical experience. An allowance for inventory valuation losses is provided for those inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged.

As the amounts of inventories are material, the types of inventories vary, and the estimation of net realizable value for individually obsolete or damaged inventories is subject to management's judgment, we consider allowance for inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

## How our audit addressed the matter

- (I) We have performed primary audit procedures for the above matter as follows:
- 1. Ensured consistent application of Group's accounting policies in relation to allowance for inventory valuation losses and assessed the reasonableness of these policies.
- 2. Evaluated the reasonableness of inventories individually identified as obsolete or damaged with supporting documents, validated the appropriateness of system logic of inventory aging report utilized by management to ensure proper classification of inventories aged over a certain period of time and reperformed the calculation.
- 3. Discussed with management the net realizable value of inventories aged over a certain period of time and individually identified as obsolete or damaged, validated respective supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory.

# **Other Matter – Audits of Other Independent Accountants**

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries, which statements reflect total assets of NT\$321,826 thousand and NT\$303,234 thousand, constituting 5.35% and 5.68% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and operating revenue of NT\$563,959 and NT\$417,138 thousand, constituting 8.52% and 8.23% of consolidated total operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the accounts included in the financial statements relative to these subsidiaries, is based solely on the audit reports of the other independent accountants.

# **Other Matter – Parent Company Only Financial Reports**

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the Parent Company Only Financial Statements of AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements In order to comply with the "Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in order to comply with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in order to comply with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Feng, Ming-Chuan

Wu, Han-Chi

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 23, 2023.

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2022				December 31, 2021		
-	Assets	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	
	Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	1,031,621	17	\$	943,871	18	
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost – current	6(1)		3,000	-				
1150	Notes receivable	6(2) and 12(2)		17,620	-		19,898	-	
1170	Accounts receivable	6(2) and 12(2)		745,252	12		745,599	14	
1200	Other receivables			25,554	1		29,785	1	
1220	Current income tax assets			1,922	-		401	-	
130X	Inventories	6(3)		1,927,008	32		1,511,484	28	
1410	Prepayments			31,815	1		23,221	-	
1470	Other current assets			1,042			834		
11XX	Total current assets			3,784,834	63		3,275,093	61	
:	Non-current assets								
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(4)		17,023	-		20,982	1	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5) and 8		1,775,555	30		1,670,465	31	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)		190,296	3		127,737	2	
1760	Investment property	6(8)		37,983	1		38,479	1	
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)(10)		117,218	2		114,769	2	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(29)		72,904	1		78,938	2	
1990	Other non-current assets			15,558			9,228		
15XX	Total non-current assets			2,226,537	37		2,060,598	39	
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	6,011,371	100	\$	5,335,691	100	

(Continued)

# AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021	
	oilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
Current liabilities								
2100 Short-term borrow	vings	6(11)	\$	635,300	11	\$	374,000	7
2130 Contract liabilitie	s - current	6(22)		76,941	1		92,336	2
Notes payables				1,350	-		675	-
2170 Accounts payable		6(12)		685,682	12		828,310	15
2180 Accounts payable	- related parties	7		7,384	-		6,813	-
Other payables		6(13)		429,955	7		419,448	8
2230 Current income to	x liabilities			171,000	3		94,855	2
Provisions for lia	pilities - current			1,539	-		1,152	-
2280 Current lease liab	ilities			47,916	1		37,570	1
2320 Current portion o	f long-term borrowings	6(14)(15)		-	-		1,411	-
Other current liab	ilities			17,152			6,963	
21XX Total current	iabilities			2,074,219	35		1,863,533	35
Non-current liabil	ities							
2540 Long-term borrow	vings	6(15) and 8		-	-		53,606	1
Non-current incom	ne tax liabilities			8,913	-		30,677	-
2570 Deferred income	tax liabilities	6(29)		184,528	3		160,410	3
Non-current lease	liabilities			147,583	2		92,880	2
2600 Other non-curren	liabilities	6(16)		42,276	1		56,312	1
25XX Total non-curr	ent liabilities			383,300	6		393,885	7
2XXX Total liabilities	S			2,457,519	41		2,257,418	42
<b>Equity attributabl</b>	e to shareholders of the parent							
Share capital								
3110 Ordinary shares		6(18)		910,235	15		884,829	17
3140 Advance receipts	for share capital			13,079	-		75,094	1
Capital surplus		6(19)						
3200 Capital surplus				633,715	11		533,041	10
Retained earnings		6(20)						
3310 Legal reserve				615,504	10		576,846	11
3320 Special reserve				76,627	1		38,974	1
3350 Unappropriated re	etained earnings			1,308,972	22		1,046,116	20
Other equity		6(21)						
3400 Other equity			(	4,280)		(	76,627) (	(2)
31XX Total equity at	tributable to shareholders of							
the parent				3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
3XXX Total equity			_					
Significant conting				3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
2-8	ent liabilities and unrecognized	9		3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
contract commitm	_	9		3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58
contract commitm	_	9		3,553,852	59		3,078,273	58

## AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

			Year ended December 31				iber 31	
				2022			2021	
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(22)	\$	6,618,827	100	\$	5,069,606	100
5000	Operating costs	6(3)(27)						
	Operating costs	(28) and $7$	(	4,388,015) (	66)	(	3,368,611) (	67
5900	Gross profit			2,230,812	34		1,700,995	33
5910	Unrealized gain from sale	6(4)	(	234)	-	(	20)	-
5920	Realized gain from sale			20	_		57	-
5950	Net operating margin			2,230,598	34		1,701,032	33
	Operating expenses	6(27)(28)						
6100	Selling expenses		(	568,942) (	9)	(	638,299) (	12
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	363,357) (	5)	(	161,830) (	3
6300	Research and development expenses		(	570,785) (	9)	(	488,175) (	10
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal	12(2)	`	, , ,	,	`		
	of impairment loss) determined in accordance	· ,						
	with IFRS 9			1,206	_		4,278	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(	1,501,878) (	23)	(	1,284,026) (	25
6900	Operating profit			728,720	11		417,006	8
	Non-operating income and expenses			<u> </u>		-		
7100	Interest income	6(23)		5,952	_		1,670	_
7010	Other income	6(24)		41,740	1		22,422	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(25)		30,547	_		66,334	1
7050	Finance costs	6(26)	(	10,432)	_	(	7,336)	_
	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(4)	(	10,132)		(	7,550)	
7060	accounted for under equity method	V(.)	(	3,745)	_	(	5,000)	_
	Total non-operating income and expenses		_	64,062	1		78,090	2
7000	Profit before income tax			792,782	12	-	495,096	10
7900	Income tax expenses	6(29)	(	190,145) (	3)	(	104,181) (	2
7950	Net Income	0(2))	\$	602,637		\$	390,915	8
			Ψ	002,037		Ψ	370,713	
8200	Other comprehensive income	6(16)	¢	14 202		( <b>C</b>	5 120)	
8311	Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	6(16)	\$	14,203	-	(\$	5,130)	-
8349	Income tax relating to components of other	6(29)	(	2.556)			797	
	comprehensive income		(	2,556)	-		191	-
	Components of other comprehensive income							
	that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation differences of			90,434	1	(	47,065) (	1
	foreign operations	6(20)		90,434	1	(	47,003) (	1)
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income	0(29)	(	18,087)			0.412	
	•		_	10,007)			9,413	
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the		( ¢	92 004	1	( <b>C</b>	41 005) (	1
0.700	year		(\$	83,994	10	(\$	41,985) (	
8500	<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>		\$	686,631	10	\$	348,930	7
	Profit attributable to:							
8610	Shareholders of the parent		\$	602,637	9	\$	390,915	8
	Total comprehensive income (loss)							
	attributable to:							
8710	Shareholders of the parent		\$	686,631	10	\$	348,930	7
0750	Rocio corninge por choro	6(30)	¢		6.66	\$		157
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$			\$		4.57
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(30)	\$		6.52	\$		4.30

## AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent

							Equity attribu	itable t	o snarenoider								
			Share	capital						Retair	ned Earnings						
V 2021	Notes	Ordinary sha	ares		ce receipts are capital	Cap	oital surplus	Leg	gal reserve	Spe	cial reserve		appropriated ned earnings	sta tra diffe	nancial tements nslation erences of n operations		Total
<u>Year 2021</u>		Ф. 025	0.50	Ф	22 007	Φ	220.505	Φ.	546 150	Ф	26.622	Φ.	010 407	(A)	20.055	Ф	2 (22 550
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 825,	953	\$	23,897	\$	330,595	\$	546,178	\$	26,633	2	919,497	(\$	38,975)	3	2,633,778
Profit for the year	((21)		-		-		-		-		-		390,915		-		390,915
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(21)				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	(	4,333 )	(	37,652)	(	41,985)
Total comprehensive income		_	-		-		-	·	-		_	·	386,582	(	37,652)		348,930
Appropriations of 2020 earnings	6(20)			'													
Legal reserve			-		-		-		30,668		-	(	30,668)		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		-		12,341	(	12,341)		-		-
Cash dividends			-		-		-		-		-	(	216,954)		-	(	216,954)
Share-based payments	6(18)	6,	690	(	2,463)		15,655		-		-		-		-		19,882
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(17)		-		-		16,023		-		-		-		-		16,023
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(19)		186		53,660		170,768		-		-		-		-		276,614
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 884,	829	\$	75,094	\$	533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627 )	\$	3,078,273
Year 2022																-	
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 884,	829	\$	75,094	\$	533,041	\$	576,846	\$	38,974	\$	1,046,116	(\$	76,627)	\$	3,078,273
Profit for the year		-	-		_		-	-	_		_		602,637	1			602,637
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(21)				_		_		_		_		11,647		72,347		83,994
Total comprehensive income		-	_	-				-					614,284		72,347		686,631
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(20)	-											017,207		12,541		000,031
Legal reserve	0(20)		_		_		_		38,658		_	(	38,658)		_		_
Special reserve			_		_		_		50,050		37,653	(	37,653)		_		_
Cash dividends			_		_		_		_		57,035	(	275,117)		_	(	275,117)
Share-based payments	6(18)	8	910		13,079		30,191		_		_	(	273,117 )		_	(	52,180
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(17)	0,	-		-		11,829		_		_		_		_		11,829
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(18)	16	496	(	75,094)		58,598		_		_		_		_		-
Change in Capital Surplus-others	6(19)	10,	-	,	-		56		_		_		_		_		56
Balance at December 31, 2022	-()	\$ 910,	235	\$	13,079	\$	633,715	\$	615,504	\$	76,627	\$	1,308,972	(\$	4,280)	\$	3,553,852
·														<u>.</u>			

## AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			d December 31			
	Notes		2022		2021	
ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	792,782	\$	495,096	
Adjustments						
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Expected credit impairment losses/ Reversal of allowance	12(2)					
for doubtful accounts	((5)(()(27)	(	1,206)	(	4,278	
Depreciation	6(5)(6)(27)		98,567		93,218	
Depreciation from investment Property	6(8)(25)		496		541	
Amortization	6(9)(27)		20,799		17,494	
Interest income	6(23)	(	5,952)	(	1,670	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted	6(4)		2 745		5 000	
for under equity method	6(25)		3,745		5,000	
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	6(25)	,	25	(	120	
Gain on disposal of investments  Gains on disposals of investment property	6(25)	(	11)	(	295	
Gain on lease modification	` ′		-	(	78,854	
	6(25)		-	(	1	
Interest expense	6(26)		10,432		7,336	
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(27)(28)		11,829		16,023	
Unrealized profit from sales	6(4)		214	(	37	
Impairment loss on other assets	6(25)		2,000		-	
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities						
Changes in assets relating to operating activities						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			11		295	
Notes receivable			2,278	(	1,074	
Accounts receivable (including related parties)			1,332	(	38,411	
Other receivables			6,012	(	18,573	
Inventories		(	416,358)	(	692,429	
Prepayments		(	8,594)		14,683	
Other current assets		(	208)		1,781	
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities						
Contract liabilities		(	15,395)		55,087	
Notes payables			675	(	322	
Accounts payable (including related parties)		(	142,057)		511,786	
Other payables			1,149		89,990	
Other current liabilities			10,189	(	12,512	
Other non-current assets			167	(	3,993	
Cash inflow generated from operations			372,921	`	455,761	
Receipt of interest			4,170		1,819	
Payment of interest		(	10,262)	(	4,231	
Payment of income tax		(	126,150)	(	50,218	
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		\	240,679	\	403,131	

(Continued)

#### AXIOMTEK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Years ended			l December 31			
	Notes		2022		2021			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Financial assets at amortized cost – current		(	3,000)		-			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(31)	(\$	141,556)	(\$	581,355)			
Proceeds from disposal of equipment			55		360			
Proceeds from disposal of Investment property			-		125,027			
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(	21,406)	(	18,214)			
Decrease (Increase) in other non-current assets		(	3,872)		563			
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(	169,779)	(	473,619)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from short -term borrowings			4,505,600		1,013,592			
Redemption of short -term borrowings		(	4,244,300)	(	639,592)			
Proceeds from long-term borrowings			-		55,771			
Redemption of long-term borrowings		(	59,408)	(	41,021 )			
Payment of cash dividends	6(20)	(	275,117)	(	216,954)			
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options			52,180		19,882			
Payment of lease liabilities		(	42,377)	(	39,351)			
Proceeds from bonds payable			-	(	2,300)			
Proceeds from disposal of employee stock ownership trust	6(33)		56					
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities		(	63,366)		150,027			
Effects due to changes in exchange rate			80,216	(	43,457)			
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			87,750		36,082			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			943,871		907,789			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	1,031,621	\$	943,871			

### **2022 Profit Distribution Table**

Unit: TWD

Item	Amo	ount		
Item	Sub-total	Total		
Unappropriated retained earnings at the beginning of the term		694,687,799		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans recognized in retained earnings	11,646,881			
Adjusted unappropriated retained earnings		706,334,680		
2022 Net income	602,636,853			
10% set aside as legal reserve	(61,428,373)			
Reversal of special reserves	72,347,093			
Total unappropriated retained earnings		1,319,890,253		
Distributable item:				
Shareholders' dividend – cash (\$2.5 per share)		(229,073,710)		
Unappropriated retained earnings at the end of the term		1,090,816,543		

Note: The 2022 net income shall be distributed with higher priority this time.

Chairman: Yang, Yu-Te President: Huang, Jui-Nan Principal Accounting Officer: Hsu, Chin-Chuan

## Comparison Table of Amendments to the "Article of Incorporation"

Amendment Article	Eviating Antials	Explanation
	Existing Article	Explanation Act in connection
Article 11	Article 11	with the articles
Shareholders' Meeting of the Company	Shareholders' Meeting of the Company	modifications of
shall be of two types, namely regular	shall be of two types, namely regular	Operating
meeting and special meetings. Regular	meeting and special meetings. Regular	Procedures for
meeting shall be convened once a year	meeting shall be convened once a year by the Board of Directors in	Article of
by the Board of Directors in accordance with laws within six	by the Board of Directors in accordance with laws within six	Incorporation by
months after the close of each fiscal	months after the close of each fiscal	Public
year. Special meetings shall be	year. Special meetings shall be	Companies.
convened in accordance with laws	convened in accordance with laws	e ompanies.
whenever necessary.	whenever necessary.	
The Company's Shareholders' Meeting	whenever necessary.	
can be held by means of visual		
communication network or other		
methods promulgated by the central		
competent authority.		
Article 29	Article 29	
These Articles of Incorporation were	These Articles of Incorporation were	
established on May 8, 1990.	established on May 8, 1990.	
The first amendment was approved on	The first amendment was approved on	
January 7, 1993.	January 7, 1993.	
The second amendment was made on	The second amendment was made on	
October 1, 1993.	October 1, 1993.	
The third amendment was made on	The third amendment was made on	
May 24, 1997.	May 24, 1997.	
The fourth amendment was made on	The fourth amendment was made on	
August 15, 1997.	August 15, 1997.	
The fifth amendment was made on	The fifth amendment was made on	
September 5, 1997.	September 5, 1997.	
The sixth amendment was made on	The sixth amendment was made on	
June 20, 1998.	June 20, 1998.	
The seventh amendment was made on	The seventh amendment was made on	
June 12, 1999.	June 12, 1999.	
The eighth amendment was made on	The eighth amendment was made on	
June 24, 2000.	June 24, 2000.	
The ninth amendment was made on	The ninth amendment was made on	
June 16, 2001. The tenth amendment was made on	June 16, 2001. The tenth amendment was made on	
March 5, 2002.	March 5, 2002.	
The eleventh amendment was made on	The eleventh amendment was made on	
June 25, 2002.	June 25, 2002.	
The twelfth amendment was made on	The twelfth amendment was made on	
June 30, 2003.	June 30, 2003.	
Valle 50, 2005.	Valle 30, 2003.	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
The thirteenth amendment was made	The thirteenth amendment was made	
on May 24, 2004.	on May 24, 2004.	
The fourteenth amendment was made	The fourteenth amendment was made	
on June 24, 2005.	on June 24, 2005.	
The fifteenth amendment was made on	The fifteenth amendment was made on	
June 9, 2006.	June 9, 2006.	
The sixteen amendment was made on	The sixteen amendment was made on	
June 25, 2007.	June 25, 2007.	
The seventeenth amendment was made	The seventeenth amendment was made	
on June 6, 2008.	on June 6, 2008.	
The eighteenth amendment was made	The eighteenth amendment was made	
on June 22, 2009.	on June 22, 2009.	
The nineteenth amendment was made	The nineteenth amendment was made	
on June 17, 2010.	on June 17, 2010.	
The twentieth amendment was made	The twentieth amendment was made	
on June 24, 2011.	on June 24, 2011.	
The twenty-first amendment was made	The twenty-first amendment was made	
on June 18, 2012.	on June 18, 2012.	
The twenty-second amendment was	The twenty-second amendment was	
made on June 3, 2015.	made on June 3, 2015.	
The twenty-third Amendment was	The twenty-third Amendment was	
made on May 31, 2016.	made on May 31, 2016.	
The twenty-fourth Amendment was	The twenty-fourth Amendment was	
made on May 22, 2017.	made on May 22, 2017.	
The twenty-fifth Amendment was	The twenty-fifth Amendment was	
made on May 29, 2019.	made on May 29, 2019.	
The twenty-sixth Amendment was		
made on May 30, 2023.		

# Comparison Table of Amendments to the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting"

Amendment Article	<b>Existing Article</b>	Explanation
Article 3	Article 3	Act in connection
Unless otherwise provided by law or	Unless otherwise provided by law or	with the articles
regulation, the Company's	regulation, the Company's	modifications of
Shareholders Meeting shall be	Shareholders Meeting shall be	『XXX Co., Ltd.
convened by the Board of Directors.	convened by the Board of Directors.	Rules of
When the Company convenes the	, and the second	Procedure for
virtual meeting of the Shareholders		Shareholders
meeting, unless otherwise stipulated in		Meetings <sub>J</sub>
Regulations Governing the		0 1
Administration of Shareholder		
Services of Public Companies, it shall		
be specified in the articles of		
association, and shall be resolved by		
the Board of Directors, and the virtual		
meeting of the Shareholders meeting		
shall be implemented with the		
attendance of more than two-thirds of		
the Directors and the consent of more		
than half of the Directors present at		
the Board of Directors.		
Changes to how the Company		
convenes its Shareholders Meeting		
shall be resolved by the Board of		
Directors, and shall be made no later		
than mailing of the Shareholders		
Meeting notice.		
The Company shall prepare electronic	The Company shall make including	
versions of the Shareholders Meeting	the Shareholders Meeting notice,	
notice and proxy forms, and the	proxy form, approval proposal,	
origins of and explanatory materials	discussion proposal, election, or	
relating to all proposals, including	discharge Directors and so on (a	
proposals for ratification, matters for	regular meeting of shareholders prior	
deliberation, or the election or	within 30 days or special meeting of	
dismissal of directors or supervisors,	shareholders prior 15 days) as	
and upload them to the Market	electronic forms upload to MOPS.	
Observation Post System (MOPS)	And the amendment of the meeting	
before 30 days before the date of a	shall be made as electronic files and	
regular Shareholders Meeting or	upload to MOPS (a regular meeting of	
before 15 days before the date of a	shareholders prior within 21 days or	
special Shareholders Meeting. The	special meeting of shareholders prior	
Company shall prepare electronic	15 days). Before the 15 days of the	
versions of the Shareholders Meeting	Shareholders Meeting, the Company	
agenda and supplemental meeting	shall well prepare the Shareholders	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
materials and upload them to the	Meeting's handbook and the	•
MOPS before 21 days before the date	amendment to be put in the place of	
of the regular Shareholders Meeting or	professional stock transfer agency	
before 15 days before the date of the	authorized by the Company and	
special Shareholders Meeting. If,	reviewed by each shareholder anytime	
however, the Company has the paid-in	and shall grant to shareholders in the	
capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of	place of the meeting.	
the last day of the most current fiscal		
year, or total shareholding of foreign		
shareholders and PRC shareholders		
reaches 30% or more as recorded in		
the register of shareholders of the		
Shareholders Meeting held in the		
immediately preceding year,		
transmission of these electronic files		
shall be made by 30 days before the		
regular Shareholders Meeting. In		
addition, before 15 days before the		
date of the Shareholders Meeting, the		
Company shall also have prepared the		
Shareholders Meeting agenda and		
supplemental meeting materials and		
made them available for review by		
shareholders at any time. The meeting		
agenda and supplemental materials		
shall also be displayed at the		
Company and the professional		
shareholder services agent designated		
thereby.		
The Company shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting		
materials in the preceding paragraph		
available to shareholders for review in		
the following manner on the date of		
the Shareholders Meeting:		
1. For physical Shareholders		
Meetings, to be distributed on-site		
at the meeting.		
2. For hybrid Shareholders Meetings,		
to be distributed on-site at the		
meeting and shared on the virtual		
meeting platform.		
3. For virtual-only Shareholders		
Meetings, electronic files shall be		
shared on the virtual meeting		
platform.		
(Omitted below)	(Omitted below)	
Article 4	Article 4	
For each Shareholders Meeting, a	For each Shareholders Meeting, a	
shareholder may appoint a proxy to	shareholder may appoint a proxy to	
attend the meeting by providing the	attend the meeting by providing the	

A magazina and A métala	Emissing Austral	Ermlanation
Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
proxy form issued by the Company	proxy form issued by the Company	
and stating the scope of the proxy's	and stating the scope of the proxy's	
authorization.	authorization.	
A shareholder may issue only one	A shareholder may issue only one	
proxy form and appoint only one	proxy form and appoint only one	
proxy for any given Shareholders	proxy for any given Shareholders	
Meeting and shall deliver the proxy	Meeting and shall deliver the proxy	
form to the Company before 5 days	form to the Company before 5 days	
before the date of the Shareholders	before the date of the Shareholders	
Meeting. When duplicate proxy forms	Meeting. When duplicate proxy forms	
are delivered, the one received earliest	are delivered, the one received earliest	
shall prevail unless a declaration is	shall prevail unless a declaration is	
made to cancel the previous proxy	made to cancel the previous proxy	
appointment.	appointment.	
After a proxy form has been delivered	After a proxy form has been delivered	
to the Company, if the shareholder	to the Company, if the shareholder	
intends to attend the meeting in person	intends to attend the meeting in person	
or to exercise voting rights by	or to exercise voting rights by	
correspondence or electronically, a	correspondence or electronically, a	
written notice of proxy cancellation	written notice of proxy cancellation	
shall be submitted to the Company	shall be submitted to the Company	
before 2 business days before the	before 2 business days before the	
meeting date. If the cancellation	meeting date. If the cancellation	
notice is submitted after that time,	notice is submitted after that time,	
votes cast at the meeting by the proxy	votes cast at the meeting by the proxy	
shall prevail.	shall prevail.	
If, after a proxy form is delivered to		
the Company, a shareholder wishes to		
attend the Shareholders Meeting		
online, a written notice of proxy		
cancellation shall be submitted to the		
Company two business days before		
the meeting date. If the cancellation		
notice is submitted after that time,		
votes cast at the meeting by the proxy		
shall prevail.		
Article 5	Article 5	
The venue for a Shareholders Meeting	The venue for a Shareholders Meeting	
shall be the premises of the Company,	shall be the premises of the Company,	
or a place easily accessible to	or a place easily accessible to	
shareholders and suitable for a	shareholders and suitable for a	
Shareholders Meeting. The meeting	Shareholders Meeting. The meeting	
may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and	may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and	
no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration	no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration	
shall be given to the opinions of the	shall be given to the opinions of the	
Independent Directors with respect to	Independent Directors with respect to	
the place and time of the meeting.	the place and time of the meeting.	
The restrictions on the place of the		
meeting shall not apply when the		
Company convenes a virtual-only		
Shareholders Meeting.		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
Article 6	Article 6	•
The Company shall specify in its	The Company shall specify in its	
Shareholders Meeting notices the time	Shareholders Meeting notices the time	
during which shareholder, solicitor	during which shareholder, attendance	
and proxies (collectively,	registrations will be accepted, the	
"shareholders") attendance	place to register for attendance, and	
registrations will be accepted, the	other matters for attention.	
place to register for attendance, and		
other matters for attention.		
The time during which shareholder	The time during which shareholder	
attendance registrations will be	attendance registrations will be	
accepted, as stated in the preceding	accepted, as stated in the preceding	
paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes	paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes	
prior to the time the meeting	prior to the time the meeting	
commences. The place at which	commences. The place at which	
attendance registrations are accepted	attendance registrations are accepted	
shall be clearly marked and a	shall be clearly marked and a	
sufficient number of suitable	sufficient number of suitable	
personnel assigned to handle the	personnel assigned to handle the	
registrations. For virtual Shareholders	registrations.	
Meetings, shareholders may begin to		
register on the virtual meeting		
platform 30 minutes before the		
meeting starts. Shareholders		
completing registration will be		
deemed as attend the Shareholders Meeting in person.		
Shareholders shall attend Shareholders	Shareholders or their proxies	
Meetings based on attendance cards,	(collectively, "shareholders") shall	
sign-in cards, or other certificates of	attend Shareholders Meetings based	
attendance. The Company may not	on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or	
arbitrarily add requirements for other	other certificates of attendance. The	
documents beyond those showing	Company may not arbitrarily add	
eligibility to attend presented by	requirements for other documents	
shareholders. Solicitors soliciting	beyond those showing eligibility to	
proxy forms shall also bring	attend presented by shareholders.	
identification documents for	Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall	
verification.	also bring identification documents	
	for verification.	
The Company shall furnish the	The Company shall furnish the	
attending shareholders with an	attending shareholders with an	
attendance book to sign, or attending	attendance book to sign, or attending	
shareholders may hand in a sign-in	shareholders may hand in a sign-in	
card in lieu of signing in.	card in lieu of signing in.	
The Company shall furnish attending	The Company shall furnish attending	
shareholders with the meeting agenda	shareholders with the meeting agenda	
book, annual report, attendance card,	book, annual report, attendance card,	
speaker's slips, voting slips, and other	speaker's slips, voting slips, and other	
meeting materials. Where there is an	meeting materials. Where there is an	
election of Directors, pre-printed	election of Directors, pre-printed	
ballots shall also be furnished.	ballots shall also be furnished.	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
When the government or a juristic	When the government or a juristic	паринанин
person is a shareholder, it may be	person is a shareholder, it may be	
represented by more than one	represented by more than one	
representative at a Shareholders	representative at a Shareholders	
Meeting. When a juristic person is	Meeting. When a juristic person is	
appointed to attend as proxy, it may	appointed to attend as proxy, it may	
designate only one person to represent	designate only one person to represent	
it in the meeting.	it in the meeting.	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders	it in the meeting.	
Meeting, shareholders wishing to		
attend the meeting online shall register		
with the Company two days before the		
meeting date.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company shall upload		
the meeting agenda book, annual		
report and other meeting materials to		
the virtual meeting platform at least		
30 minutes before the meeting starts,		
and keep this information disclosed		
until the end of the meeting.		
Article 6-1	(New Article)	
To convene a virtual Shareholders	(Tiew Thereie)	
Meeting, the Company shall include		
the follow particulars in the		
Shareholders Meeting notice:		
1. How shareholders attend the virtual		
meeting and exercise their rights.		
2. Actions to be taken if the virtual		
meeting platform or participation in		
the virtual meeting is obstructed		
due to natural disasters, accidents		
or other force majeure events, at		
least covering the following		
particulars:		
A. To what time the meeting is		
postponed or from what time		
the meeting will resume if the		
above obstruction continues		
and cannot be removed, and the		
date to which the meeting is		
postponed or on which the		
meeting will resume.		
B. Shareholders not having		
registered to attend the affected		
virtual Shareholders Meeting		
shall not attend the postponed		
or resumed session.		
C. In case of a hybrid		
Shareholders Meeting, when		
the virtual meeting cannot be		

Existing Article	
	Explanation
Article 8	
<u>=</u>	
-	
	Article 8 The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
Shareholders Meeting, and the voting	Shareholders Meeting, and the voting	
and vote counting procedures.	and vote counting procedures.	
The Company shall retain the	The Company shall retain the	
recording for at 1 year. If, however, a	recording for at 1 year. If, however, a	
shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to	shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to	
Article 189 of the Company Act, the	Article 189 of the Company Act, the	
recording shall be retained until the	recording shall be retained until the	
conclusion of the litigation.	conclusion of the litigation.	
Where a Shareholders Meeting is held	_	
online, the Company shall keep		
records of shareholder registration,		
sign-in, check-in, questions raised,		
votes cast and results of votes counted		
by the Company, and continuously		
audio and video record, without		
interruption, the proceedings of the		
virtual meeting from beginning to end.		
The information and audio and video		
recording in the preceding paragraph		
shall be properly kept by the		
Company during the entirety of its		
existence, and copies of the audio and		
video recording shall be provided to		
and kept by the party appointed to		
handle matters of the virtual meeting.		
In case of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company is advised to		
audio and video record the back-end		
operation interface of the virtual		
meeting platform.		
Article 9	Article 9	
Attendance at Shareholders Meetings	Attendance at Shareholders Meetings	
shall be calculated based on numbers	shall be calculated based on numbers	
of shares. The number of shares in	of shares. The number of shares in	
attendance shall be calculated	attendance shall be calculated	
according to the shares indicated by	according to the shares indicated by	
the attendance book and sing-in cards	the attendance book and sing-in cards	
handed in, and the shares checked in	handed in plus the number of shares	
on the virtual meeting platform, plus	whose voting rights are exercised by	
the number of shares whose voting	correspondence or electronically.	
rights are exercised by		
correspondence or electronically.	771 1 1 11 11 1	
The chair shall call the meeting to	The chair shall call the meeting to	
order at the appointed meeting time	order at the appointed meeting time	
and announce relevant information	and announce relevant information	
such as the number of non-voting	such as the number of non-voting	
rights and the number of shares in	rights and the number of shares in	
attendance. However, when the	attendance. However, when the	
attending shareholders do not	attending shareholders do not	
represent a majority of the total	represent a majority of the total	
number of issued shares, the chair	number of issued shares, the chair	

Amendment Article	Evisting Article	Explanation
	Existing Article	Explanation
may announce a postponement,	may announce a postponement,	
provided that no more than two such	provided that no more than two such	
postponements, for a combined total	postponements, for a combined total	
of no more than 1 hour, may be made.	of no more than 1 hour, may be made.	
If the quorum is not met after two	If the quorum is not met after two	
postponements and the attending	postponements and the attending	
shareholders still represent less than	shareholders still represent less than	
one third of the total number of issued	one third of the total number of issued	
shares, the chair shall declare the	shares, the chair shall declare the	
meeting adjourned. <u>In the event of a</u>	meeting adjourned.	
virtual Shareholders Meeting, the		
Company shall also declare the		
meeting adjourned at the virtual		
meeting platform.		
If the quorum is not met after two	If the quorum is not met after two	
postponements as referred to in the	postponements as referred to in the	
preceding paragraph, but the attending	preceding paragraph, but the attending	
shareholders represent one third or	shareholders represent one third or	
more of the total number of issued	more of the total number of issued	
shares, a tentative resolution may be	shares, a tentative resolution may be	
adopted pursuant to Article 175,	adopted pursuant to Article 175,	
paragraph 1 of the Company Act, all	paragraph 1 of the Company Act, all	
shareholders shall be notified of the	shareholders shall be notified of the	
tentative resolution and another	tentative resolution and another	
Shareholders Meeting shall be	Shareholders Meeting shall be	
convened within 1 month. <u>In the event</u>	convened within 1 month.	
of a virtual Shareholders Meeting,		
shareholders intending to attend the		
meeting online shall re-register to the		
Company in accordance with Article		
<u>6.</u>		
When, prior to conclusion of the	When, prior to conclusion of the	
meeting, the attending shareholders	meeting, the attending shareholders	
represent a majority of the total	represent a majority of the total	
number of issued shares, the chair	number of issued shares, the chair	
may resubmit the tentative resolution	may resubmit the tentative resolution	
for a vote by the Shareholders	for a vote by the Shareholders	
Meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the	Meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the	
Company Act.	Company Act.	
Article 11	Article 11	
Before speaking, an attending	Before speaking, an attending	
shareholder must specify on a	shareholder must specify on a	
speaker's slip the subject of the	speaker's slip the subject of the	
speech, his/her shareholder account	speech, his/her shareholder account	
number (or attendance care number),	number (or attendance care number),	
and account name. The order in which	and account name. The order in which	
shareholders speak will be set by the	shareholders speak will be set by the	
chair.	chair.	
A shareholder in attendance who has	A shareholder in attendance who has	
submitted a speaker's slip but does not	submitted a speaker's slip but does not	
actually speak shall be deemed to	actually speak shall be deemed to	
actually speak shall be declifed to	actually speak shall be declifed to	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
have not spoken. When the content of	have not spoken. When the content of	Explanation
the speech does not correspond to the	the speech does not correspond to the	
subject given on the speaker's slip, the	subject given on the speaker's slip, the	
spoken content shall prevail.	spoken content shall prevail.	
Except with the consent of the chair, a	Except with the consent of the chair, a	
shareholder may not speak more than	shareholder may not speak more than	
twice on the same proposal, and a	twice on the same proposal, and a	
single speech may not exceed 5	single speech may not exceed 5	
minutes. If the shareholder's speech	minutes. If the shareholder's speech	
violates the rules or exceeds the scope	violates the rules or exceeds the scope	
of the agenda item, the chair may	of the agenda item, the chair may	
terminate the speech.	terminate the speech.	
When an attending shareholder is	When an attending shareholder is	
speaking, other shareholders may not	speaking, other shareholders may not	
speak or interrupt unless they have	speak or interrupt unless they have	
sought and obtained the consent of the	sought and obtained the consent of the	
chair and the shareholder that has the	chair and the shareholder that has the	
floor, the chair shall stop any	floor, the chair shall stop any	
violation.	violation.	
When a juristic person shareholder	When a juristic person shareholder	
appoints two or more representatives	appoints two or more representatives	
to attend a Shareholders Meeting, only	to attend a Shareholders Meeting, only	
one of the representatives so	one of the representatives so	
appointed may speak on the same	appointed may speak on the same	
proposal.	proposal.	
After an attending shareholder has	After an attending shareholder has	
spoken, the chair may respond in	spoken, the chair may respond in	
person or direct relevant personnel to	person or direct relevant personnel to	
respond.	respond.	
Where a virtual Shareholders Meeting		
is convened, shareholders attending		
the virtual meeting online may raise		
questions in writing at the virtual		
meeting platform from the chair		
declaring the meeting open until the		
chair declaring the meeting adjourned.		
No more than two questions for the		
same proposal may be raised. Each		
question shall contain no more than		
200 words. The regulations in		
paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.		
As long as questions so raised in		
accordance with the preceding		
paragraph are not in violation of the		
regulations or beyond the scope of a		
proposal, it is advisable the questions		
be disclosed to the public at the virtual		
meeting platform.	A 4°-1-12	
Article 13	Article 13	
A shareholder shall be entitled to one	A shareholder shall be entitled to one	
vote for each share held, except when	vote for each share held, except when	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
the shares are restricted shares or are	the shares are restricted shares or are	
deemed non-voting shares under	deemed non-voting shares under	
Article 179, paragraph 2 of the	Article 179, paragraph 2 of the	
Company Act.	Company Act.	
When voting rights are exercised by	When voting rights are exercised by	
correspondence or electronic means,	correspondence or electronic means,	
the method of exercise shall be	the method of exercise shall be	
established in accordance with the	established in accordance with the	
laws and shall be specified in the	laws and shall be specified in the	
Shareholders Meeting notice. A	Shareholders Meeting notice. A	
shareholder exercising voting rights	shareholder exercising voting rights	
by correspondence or electronic	by correspondence or electronic	
means will be deemed to have	means will be deemed to have	
attended the meeting in person.	attended the meeting in person.	
However, the shareholder mentioned	However, the shareholder mentioned	
in the preceding paragraph will be	in the preceding paragraph will be	
deemed to waive the right for the	deemed to waive the right for the	
motion and the modification of the	motion and the modification of the	
proposal at that Shareholders Meeting	proposal at that Shareholders Meeting	
mentioned herein, therefore, the	mentioned herein, therefore, the	
Company shall avoid the situation of	Company shall avoid the situation of	
providing the proposal for the motion	providing the proposal for the motion	
and the modification for the agenda	and the modification for the agenda	
item.	item.	
When shareholder exercises voting	When shareholder exercises voting	
rights by written consent or electronic	rights by written consent or electronic	
means in accordance with the	means in accordance with the	
preceding paragraph, the intention	preceding paragraph, the intention	
shall be delivered to the Company	shall be delivered to the Company	
before 2 days before the date of the	before 2 days before the date of the	
Shareholders Meeting, when the	Shareholders Meeting, when the	
intention repeat, the one received	intention repeat, the one received	
earliest shall prevail unless a	earliest shall prevail unless a	
declaration is made to cancel the	declaration is made to cancel the	
previous intention.	previous intention.	
After shareholder exercises voting	After shareholder exercises voting	
rights by written consent or electronic	rights by written consent or electronic	
means, if they want to attend to the	means, if they want to attend to the	
Shareholders Meeting in personal or	Shareholders Meeting in personal, the	
online, the shareholder mentioned in	shareholder mentioned in the	
the preceding sentence shall withdraw	preceding sentence shall withdraw the	
the intention by written consent or	intention by written consent or	
electronic means in the same way of	electronic means in the same way of	
exercising voting rights before 2 days	exercising voting rights before 2 days	
before the date of the Shareholders	before the date of the Shareholders	
Meeting; when the withdraw	Meeting; when the withdraw	
mentioned herein is overdue, the	mentioned herein is overdue, the	
voting rights by written consent or	voting rights by written consent or	
electronic mean shall prevail. If	electronic mean shall prevail. If	
shareholder exercises voting rights by	shareholder exercises voting rights by	
written consent or electronic means	written consent or electronic means	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
and appoint agent as proxy to attend	and appoint agent as proxy to attend	•
the Shareholders Meeting, the voting	the Shareholders Meeting, the voting	
right of proxy shall prevail.	right of proxy shall prevail.	
Except as otherwise specified in the	Except as otherwise specified in the	
Company Act or in the Company's	Company Act or in the Company's	
articles of incorporation, a resolution	articles of incorporation, a resolution	
shall be adopted by a majority of the	shall be adopted by a majority of the	
votes represented by the shareholders	votes represented by the shareholders	
present at the meeting.	present at the meeting.	
When there is an amendment or an	When there is an amendment or an	
alternative to a proposal, the chair	alternative to a proposal, the chair	
shall present the amended or	shall present the amended or	
alternative proposal together with the	alternative proposal together with the	
original proposal and decide the order	original proposal and decide the order	
in which they will be put to a vote.	in which they will be put to a vote.	
When any one among them is passed,	When any one among them is passed,	
the other proposals will then be	the other proposals will then be	
deemed veto, and no further voting	deemed veto, and no further voting	
shall be required.	shall be required.	
Vote monitoring and counting	Vote monitoring and counting	
personnel for the voting on a proposal	personnel for the voting on a proposal	
shall be appointed by the chair, and all	shall be appointed by the chair, and all	
monitoring personnel shall be	monitoring personnel shall be	
shareholders of the Company.	shareholders of the Company.	
Vote counting shall be conducted in	Vote counting shall be conducted in	
public at the place of the Shareholders	public at the place of the Shareholders	
Meeting and voting results shall be	Meeting and voting results shall be	
reported on –site immediately and	reported on –site immediately and	
recorded in writing.	recorded in writing.	
When the Company convenes a virtual Shareholders Meeting, after the chair		
declares the meeting open,		
shareholders attending the meeting		
online shall cast votes on proposals		
and elections on the virtual meeting		
platform before the chair announces		
the voting session ends or will be		
deemed abstained from voting.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, votes shall be counted at		
once after the chair announces the		
voting session ends, and results of		
votes and elections shall be announced		
immediately.		
When the Company convenes a hybrid		
Shareholders Meeting, if shareholders		
who have registered to attend the		
meeting online in accordance with		
Article 6 decide to attend the physical		
Shareholders Meeting in person, they		
shall revoke their registration two		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
days before the Shareholders Meeting		
in the same manner as they registered.		
If their registration is not revoked		
within the time limit, they may only		
attend the Shareholders Meeting		
online.		
When shareholders exercise voting		
rights by correspondence or electronic		
means, unless they have withdrawn		
the declaration of intent and attended		
the Shareholders Meeting online,		
except for extraordinary motions, they		
will not exercise voting rights on the		
original proposals or make any		
amendments to the original proposals		
or exercise voting rights on		
amendments to the original proposal.		
Article 15	Article 15	
Matters relating to the resolutions of a	Matters relating to the resolutions of a	
Shareholders Meeting shall be	Shareholders Meeting shall be	
recorded in the meeting minutes. The	recorded in the meeting minutes. The	
meeting minutes shall be signed or	meeting minutes shall be signed or	
sealed by the chair of the meeting and	sealed by the chair of the meeting and	
a copy distributed to each shareholder	a copy distributed to each shareholder	
within 20 days after the conclusion of	within 20 days after the conclusion of	
the meeting. The distribution of the	the meeting. The distribution of the	
meeting minutes could be in the way	meeting minutes could be in the way	
of electronic form.	of electronic form.	
The distribution for the meeting	The distribution for the meeting	
minutes in the preceding paragraph	minutes in the preceding paragraph	
can be in the ways of published in	can be in the ways of published in	
MOPS.	MOPS.	
The meeting minutes shall record the	The meeting minutes shall record the	
date of the meeting, place, the chair	date of the meeting, place, the chair	
name, the way of resolution and the	name, the way of resolution and the	
results of voting (including the weight	results of voting (including the weight	
of statistics). When there are elected	of statistics). When there are elected	
directors, the number of votes for each	directors, the number of votes for each	
candidate shall be disclosed and keep	candidate shall be disclosed and keep	
it forever during the term of	it forever during the term of	
continuing of the Company.	continuing of the Company.	
Where a virtual Shareholders Meeting	company.	
is convened, in addition to the		
particulars to be included in the		
meeting minutes as described in the		
preceding paragraph, the start time		
and end time of the Shareholders		
Meeting, how the meeting is		
convened, the chair's and secretary's		
name, and actions to be taken in the		
event of disruption to the virtual		
event of disraption to the virtual		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
meeting platform or participation in	Existing At title	12Apianauvn
the meeting online due to natural		
disasters, accidents or other force		
majeure events, and how issues are		
dealt with shall also be included in the		
minutes.		
When convening a virtual-only		
shareholder meeting, other than		
compliance with the requirements in		
the preceding paragraph, the Company		
shall specify in the meeting minutes		
alternative measures available to		
shareholders with difficulties in		
attending a virtual-only Shareholders		
Meeting online.		
Article 16	Article 16	
On the day of a Shareholders Meeting,	On the day of a Shareholders Meeting,	
the Company shall compile in the	the Company shall compile in the	
prescribed format a statistical	prescribed format a statistical	
statement of the number of shares	statement of the number of shares	
obtained by solicitors through	obtained by solicitors through	
solicitation, the number of shares	solicitation and the number of shares	
represented by proxies and the number	represented by proxies and shall make	
of shares represented by shareholders	an express disclosure of the same at	
attending the meeting by	the place of the Shareholders Meeting.	
correspondence or electronic means,		
and shall make an express disclosure		
of the same at the place of the		
Shareholders Meeting. <u>In the event a</u>		
virtual Shareholders Meeting, the		
Company shall upload the above		
meeting materials to the virtual		
meeting platform at least 30 minutes		
before the meeting starts, and keep		
this information disclosed until the		
end of the meeting.		
During the Company's virtual		
Shareholders Meeting, when the		
meeting is called to order, the total		
number of shares represented at the		
meeting shall be disclosed on the		
virtual meeting platform. The same		
shall apply whenever the total number		
of shares represented at the meeting		
and a new tally of votes is released		
during the meeting.	TC 44	
If matters put to a resolution at a	If matters put to a resolution at a	
Shareholders Meeting constitute	Shareholders Meeting constitute	
information under applicable laws or	information under applicable laws or	
regulations, the Company shall upload	regulations, the Company shall upload	
the content of such resolution to the	the content of such resolution to the	

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
MOPS within the prescribed time	MOPS within the prescribed time	•
period.	period.	
Article 19	(New Article)	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company shall disclose		
real-time results of votes and election		
immediately after the end of the		
voting session on the virtual meeting		
platform according to the regulations,		
and this disclosure shall continue at		
least 15 minutes after the chair has		
announced the meeting adjourned.		
Article 20	(New Article)	_
When the Company convenes a		
virtual-only Shareholders Meeting,		
both the chair and secretary shall be in		
the same location, and the chair shall		
declare the address of their location		
when the meeting is called to order.		
Article 21	(New Article)	
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, the Company may offer a		
simple connection test to shareholders		
prior to the meeting, and provide		
relevant real-time services before and		
during the meeting to help resolve		
communication technical issues.		
In the event of a virtual Shareholders		
Meeting, when declaring the meeting		
open, the chair shall also declare,		
unless under a circumstance where a		
meeting is not required to be		
postponed to or resumed at another		
time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4		
of the Regulations Governing the		
Administration of Shareholder		
Services of Public Companies, if the		
virtual meeting platform or		
participation in the virtual meeting is		
obstructed due to natural disasters,		
accidents or other force majeure		
events before the chair has announced		
the meeting adjourned, and the		
obstruction continues for more than 30		
minutes, the meeting shall be		
postponed to or resumed on another		
date within five days, in which case		
Article 182 of the Company Act shall		
not apply.		
For a meeting to be postponed or		
resumed as described in the preceding		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
paragraph, shareholders who have not	<u> </u>	-
registered to participate in the affected		
Shareholders Meeting online shall not		
attend the postponed or resumed		
session.		
For a meeting to be postponed or		
resumed under the second paragraph,		
the number of shares represented by,		
and voting rights and election rights		
exercised by the shareholders who		
have registered to participate in the		
affected Shareholders Meeting and		
have successfully signed in the		
meeting, but do not attend the		
postpone or resumed session, at the		
affected Shareholders Meeting, shall		
be counted towards the total number		
of shares, number of voting rights and		
number of election rights represented		
at the postponed or resumed session.		
During a postponed or resumed		
session of a Shareholders Meeting		
held under the second paragraph, no		
further discussion or resolution is		
required for proposals for which votes		
have been cast and counted and results		
have been announced, or list of		
elected directors and supervisors.		
When the Company convenes a hybrid		
Shareholders Meeting, and the virtual		
meeting cannot continue as described in second paragraph, if the total		
number of shares represented at the		
meeting, after deducting those		
represented by shareholders attending		
the virtual Shareholders Meeting		
online, still meets the minimum legal		
requirement for a shareholder		
meeting, then the Shareholders		
Meeting shall continue, and not		
postponement or resumption thereof		
under the second paragraph is		
required.		
Under the circumstances where a		
meeting should continue as in the		
preceding paragraph, the shares		
represented by shareholders attending		
the virtual meeting online shall be		
counted towards the total number of		
shares represented by shareholders		
present at the meeting, provided these		

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
shareholders shall be deemed		
abstaining from voting on all		
proposals on meeting agenda of that		
Shareholders Meeting.		
When postponing or resuming a		
meeting according to the second		
paragraph, the Company shall handle		
the preparatory work based on the		
date of the original Shareholders		
Meeting in accordance with the		
requirements listed under Article 44-		
20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies.		
For dates or period set forth under		
Article 12, second half, and Article 13,		
paragraph 3 of Regulations Governing		
the Use of Proxies for Attendance at		
Shareholder Meetings of Public		
Companies, and Article 44-5,		
paragraph 2, Article 44-15, and Article		
44-17, paragraph 1 of the Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies, the Company hall handle		
the matter based on the date of the		
Shareholders Meeting that is		
postponed or resumed under the		
second paragraph.		
Article 22	(New Article)	1
When convening a virtual-only		
Shareholders Meeting, the Company		
shall provide appropriate alternative		
measures available to shareholders		
with difficulties in attending a virtual		
Shareholders Meeting online. Except		
for the circumstances stipulated in		
Item 6, Article 44-9 of Regulations		
Governing the Administration of		
Shareholder Services of Public		
Companies, at least shareholders shall		
be provided with connection		
equipment and necessary assistance,		
and the period during which		
shareholders can apply to the		
Company and other relevant matters		
shall be specified.		
Article 23	Article 19	
These Rules and Procedure shall be	These Rules and Procedure shall be	
effective from the date it is approved	effective from the date it is approved	
	,	1

Amendment Article	Existing Article	Explanation
by the Shareholders Meeting. The	by the Shareholders Meeting. The	
same applies in case of revision.	same applies in case of revision.	
Article 2 <u>4</u>	Article 20	
The amendment was made on May 30,	The amendment was made on July 5,	
2023.	2021.	

#### PART THREE - APPENDICES

(APPENDIX I)

### AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

### **Article of Incorporation(before Revision)**

#### **Section I-General Principles**

#### Article 1

The Company is incorporated under the Company Act and its name shall be "Axiomtek Co., Ltd.".

#### **Article 2**

The scope of business of the Company shall be as follow:

- 1. CB01020 Office Machines Manufacturing
- 2. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing
- 3. F219010Retail Sale of Electronic Materials
- 4. I301020 Data Processing Services
- 5. I301030 Digital Information Supply Services
- 6. I501010 Product Designing
- 7. E605010Computing Equipment Installation Construction
- 8. CC01060 Wired Communication Equipment and Apparatus Manufacturing
- 9. CC01070 Telecommunication Equipment and Apparatus Manufacturing
- 10. CC01110 Computers and Computing Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing
- 11. CE01010 Precision Instruments Manufacturing
- 12. EZ05010 Apparatus Installation Construction
- 13. I301010 Software Design Services
- 14. F213030Retail sale of Computing and Business Machinery Equipment
- 15. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval

#### Article 3

The Company's headquarter is in New Taipei City, and may setup domestic or overseas branches with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### Article 4

The Company for business needs may conduct the making of endorsement and guarantee in accordance with the "Operating Procedures of Fund Lending and Making of Endorsements and Guarantees".

#### Section II - Shares

#### Article 5

The Company's total capital shall be in the amount of NT\$1,600,000,000, divided into 160,000,000 shares, at a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$10) each, and may be issued in installments subject to the resolution of Board of Directors.

Within the aforementioned capital, NT\$100,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 shares, with a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$10) each shall be reserved for issuing employee stock options which may be issued in installments in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

#### Article 6

To transfer shares to employees at less than the average actual share repurchase price, the Company must have obtained the consent of at least two-thirds of the voting rights present at the most recent Shareholders' Meeting attended by shareholders representing a majority of total issued shares.

#### **Article 6-1**

When the Company issuing the employee stock options at an exercise price lower than the Company's closing price on the date the issuance, it must obtain the consent of at least two-thirds of the voting rights represented at a Shareholders Meeting attended by shareholders representing a majority of the total issued shares.

#### **Article 6-2**

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive the Company's treasury stocks in accordance with the Company Act. The requirement and manner of distribution are authorized to Board of Directors for resolution.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive the share subscription warrant. The requirement and manner of distribution are authorized to Board of Directors for resolution.

When the Company issues new shares, qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive the shares. The requirement and manner of distribution are authorized to Board of Directors for resolution.

Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive restricted stock for employees. The requirement and manner of distribution are authorized to Board of Directors for resolution.

#### Article 7

The Company is exempted from having the stock shares printed out; however, the Company should contact the securities depository and clearing institution for registration.

#### **Article 8**

Registration for transfer of shares shall be suspended sixty (60) days immediately before the date of regular meeting of shareholders, and thirty (30) days immediately before the date of any special meeting of shareholders, or within five (5) days before the day on which dividend, bonus, or any other benefit is scheduled to be paid by the Company.

#### Article 9

All transfer of stocks, pledge of rights, loss, succession, gift, loss of seal, amendment of seal, change of address or similar stock transaction conducted by shareholder of the Company shall follow the "Guidelines for Stock Operations for Public Companies".

#### **Article 10**

The total investment of the Company shall not be restricted by Article 13 of the Company Act, which shall not exceed 40% of the paid-up capital of the Company.

#### **SECTION III- Shareholders' Meeting**

#### Article 11

Shareholders' Meeting of the Company shall be of two types, namely regular meeting and special meetings. Regular meeting shall be convened once a year by the Board of Directors in accordance with laws within six months after the close of each fiscal year. Special meetings shall be convened in accordance with laws whenever necessary.

#### **Article 12**

Shareholder who is unable to attend the Shareholders' Meeting in person may have a representative appointed to attend the meeting by issuing the power of attorney that is printed by the Company with the scope of authorization specified and then signed and sealed. The power of attorney referred to above is regulated in accordance with Article 177 of the Company Act and the "Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies" published by the competent authority.

#### Article 13

A shareholder shall have one voting power in respect of each share in his/her/its possession. The shares shall have no voting power in accordance with the regulations of Article 179 of the Company Act.

#### Article 14

Resolutions at a Shareholders' Meeting shall, unless otherwise provided for in the Company Act, be adopted by a majority vote of the shareholders present, who represent more than one-half of the total number of voting shares.

#### Article 15

A notice to convene a regular meeting of shareholders shall be given to each shareholder no later than thirty (30) days prior to the scheduled meeting date. In case the Company intends to convene a special meeting of shareholders, a meeting notice shall be given to each shareholder no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the scheduled meeting date. All shareholders will be notified of the meeting date, venue and proposed matters for convening any such meeting.

#### Article 16

The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the Chairman of the Shareholders' Meeting. When the Chairman is absent for some reason, the Chairman shall appoint one of the Board of Directors as the Chairman, and when not appointed, one of the directors shall be elected as the Chairman. If a Shareholders' Meeting convened by any other person having the convening right, he/she shall act as the Chairman of that meeting provided, however, that if there are two or more persons having the convening right, the Chairman of the meeting shall be elected from among themselves.

#### Article 17

Resolutions adopted at a Shareholders' Meeting shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, and handle in accordance with the regulations of Article 183 of the Company Act.

#### **Section IV-Directors and Functional Committees**

#### Article 18

The Company shall have seven to nine directors. They are elected from capable candidates through a nominating system at the Shareholders' Meeting for a term of three (3) years. A director may be reelected. The total shareholding of the Company held by all Directors shall be handled in accordance with the regulations of the security's regulatory authorities. The Company may obtain directors liability insurance with respect to liabilities resulting from exercising their duties during their terms of directorship.

#### Article 18-1

The Company shall have to appoint Independent Directors at least three in number and not less than one-fifth of total number of Directors in accordance with the regulations of Article 14-2 of the Securities Exchange Act. Regulations governing the professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions held, method of nomination and appointment, and other matters for compliance with respect to Independent Directors shall be prescribed by the competent authority. Independent Directors and Directors shall be elected at the same time, but in separately calculated numbers, a candidate to whom the ballots cast represent a prevailing number of votes shall be deemed Independent Directors and Directors.

#### Article 19

The Board of Directors is formed by the Directors. The Chairman is elected by a majority of the attending directors at the Board meeting that is attended by two-thirds of the Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall externally represent the Company.

#### Article 20

In case the Chairman of the Board of Directors is on leave or absent or cannot exercise his power and authority for any cause, the matter regarding the deputy of the Chairman should be handled in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Act.

#### Article 21

In calling a meeting of the Board of Directors, a notice shall be given to each director no later than seven (7) days prior to the scheduled meeting date. However, in the case of emergency, the meeting may be convened at any time.

The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the remunerations of all Directors according to their participation and contributions to the Companies' operation and by referring to the remuneration standard adopted by other firms of the same industry.

#### **Article 22**

When the number of vacancies in the Board of Directors of the Company equals to one-third of the total number of Directors, the Board of Directors shall convene a special meeting of shareholders to elect succeeding directors to fill the vacancies within 60 days, the new Directors shall serve the remaining term of the predecessors.

#### Article 23

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Act, resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be adopted by a majority of the directors at a meeting attended by a majority of the directors. In case a director appoints another director to attend a meeting of the Board of Directors in his/her behalf, he/she shall, in each time, issue a written proxy and state therein the scope of authority with reference to the subjects to be discussed at the meeting. A director may accept the appointment to act as the proxy for

one other director only.

#### Article 24

Resolutions adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, which shall be affixed with the signature or seal of the Chairman of the meeting and shall be distributed to all Directors within fifteen (15) days after the close of the meeting. The minute of the meeting of the Board of Directors shall record the date and place of the meeting, the name of the Chairman, the method of adopting resolutions, and a summary of the essential points of the proceedings and the results of the meeting. The minutes shall be kept persistently throughout the life of the Company. The attendance list bearing the signatures of Directors present at the meeting and the powers of attorney of the proxies shall be kept with the minutes of the meeting by the Company.

#### Article 24-1

The Board of Directors may set up a Remuneration Committee, an Audit Committee or other Functional Committees due to the needs of business operations.

The Company establishes an Audit Committee, which composes of the entire number of Independent Directors in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act, The Audit Committee or the members of Audit Committee shall be responsible for those responsibilities of Supervisors specified under the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act and other relevant regulations.

#### **Section V-Managers**

#### **Article 25**

The Company may have one or more managerial personnel. Appointment and discharge and the remuneration of the managerial personnel shall be decided in accordance with Article 29 of the Company Act. Managerial personnel shall be empowered to manage the operation of the Company and to sign relevant business documents for the company, subject to the scope of authorization. The Company may obtain managerial liability insurance with respect to liabilities resulting from exercising their duties during their tenure.

### **Section VI-Accounting**

#### Article 26

At the close of each fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall prepare Business Report, Financial Statement, and the Profit Distribution Proposal for acknowledgement in the general meeting of shareholders.

#### **Article 27**

This Company shall set aside 1%-20% as employees' remuneration and the percentage lower than 2% as directors' remuneration if the Company has profit (means the pre-tax income before deduction of the employees' and directors' remuneration) in the current year. However, the Company's accumulated deficit shall have been covered, if any (including the adjustment of unappropriated retained earnings). The Company may have the profit distributable as employees' remuneration in the preceding paragraphs distributed in the form of shares or in cash to the qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of parents or subsidiaries of the Company meeting certain specific requirements, the requirement and manner of distribution are authorized to Board of Directors for resolution. The remuneration of directors in the preceding paragraphs only can receive the profit in the form of cash.

The Company shall, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors for the preceding two paragraphs distributed

and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting.

#### Article 27-1

When allocating the net income for each fiscal year, the Company shall first offset its losses in previous years and set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital, this provision will not apply. The Company would set aside or fund another sum as special reserve in accordance with the regulations of the Law or the rules of the Authorities, plus the rest of the and accumulated retained earnings of preceding fiscal year (including the adjustment of undistributed earnings), and the meeting of Board of Directors would draft the proposal for distribution, and to authorize the distributable dividends and bonuses in whole or in part may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting.

The Company distributing surplus earning in the form of new shares to be issued by the Company in accordance with the preceding paragraphs shall follow the provisions of Article 240 of the Company Act with a resolution adopted at a meeting of shareholders.

The dividend policy of the Company is in concert with the development plan of current and future, the environment of investment, funds requirement, and the competition condition of domestic and foreign, also considers the shareholders' interest, as results, the Company shall set aside earnings available for distribution which is not less than 25% as shareholders' dividends and bonuses, the stock dividends of share allocations will not be higher than 80% of the total dividends and bonuses.

#### **Article 27-2**

When the Company incurs no loss, it may authorize the legal reserve (only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25 percent of the paid-in capital may be distributed) and the capital reserve following the provisions of the Company Act in whole or in part may be paid in cash after a resolution has been adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting.

### **Section VII-Supplementary Provisions**

#### **Article 28**

For all matters not stipulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company Act shall govern.

#### Article 29

These Articles of Incorporation were established on May 8, 1990.

The first amendment was approved on January 7, 1993.

The second amendment was made on October 1, 1993.

The third amendment was made on May 24, 1997.

The fourth amendment was made on August 15, 1997.

The fifth amendment was made on September 5, 1997.

The sixth amendment was made on June 20, 1998.

The seventh amendment was made on June 12, 1999.

The eighth amendment was made on June 24, 2000.

The ninth amendment was made on June 16, 2001.

The tenth amendment was made on March 5, 2002.

The eleventh amendment was made on June 25, 2002.

The twelfth amendment was made on June 30, 2003.

The thirteenth amendment was made on May 24, 2004.

The fourteenth amendment was made on June 24, 2005.

The fifteenth amendment was made on June 9, 2006. The sixteen amendment was made on June 25, 2007. The seventeenth amendment was made on June 6, 2008. The eighteenth amendment was made on June 22, 2009. The nineteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The twentieth amendment was made on June 24, 2011. The twenty-first amendment was made on June 18, 2012. The twenty-second amendment was made on June 3, 2015. The twenty-third Amendment was made on May 31, 2016. The twenty-fourth Amendment was made on May 22, 2017. The twenty-fifth Amendment was made on May 29, 2019.

(APPENDIX II)

### AXIOMTEK CO., LTD.

## Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting (before Revision)

#### Article 1

To establish a strong governance system and sound supervisory capabilities for the Company's Shareholders Meetings, and to strengthen management capabilities, these Rules are adopted pursuant to Article 5 of the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies".

#### **Article 2**

The rules of procedures for the Company's shareholders meetings, except as otherwise provided by law, regulation, or the articles of incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.

#### **Article 3**

Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, the Company's Shareholders' Meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors.

The Company shall make including the Shareholders' Meeting notice, proxy form, approval proposal, discussion proposal, election, or discharge Directors and so on (a regular meeting of shareholders prior within 30 days or special meeting of shareholders prior 15 days) as electronic forms upload to MOPS. And the amendment of the meeting shall be made as electronic files and upload to MOPS (a regular meeting of shareholders prior within 21 days or special meeting of shareholders prior 15 days). Before the 15 days of the Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall well prepare the Shareholders Meeting's handbook and the amendment to be put in the place of professional stock transfer agency authorized by the Company and reviewed by each shareholder anytime and shall grant to shareholders in the place of the meeting.

The reasons for convening a Shareholders' Meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form. Matters pertaining to election or discharge of directors, alteration of the Articles of Incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, dissolution, merger, spin-off, or any matters as set forth in Paragraph I, Article 185 of Company Act, Article 26-1, Article 43-6 of Securities and Exchange Act, Article 56-1 and Article 60-2 of Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be itemized in the causes or subjects to be described and the essential contents shall be explained in the notice to convene a meeting of shareholders, and shall not be brought up as extemporary motions.

The convening of the Shareholders' Meeting has stated the full re-election of directors and the date of appointment. After the re-election of the Shareholders' Meeting is completed, the same meeting may not change its appointment date by provisional motion or other means.

A shareholder holding one percent (1%) or more of the total number of outstanding shares may propose to the Company a proposal for discussion at a regular Shareholders' Meeting, provided that only one matter shall be allowed in each single proposal, and in case a proposal contains more than one matter, such proposal shall not be included in the agenda. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of Article 172-1, paragraph 4 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the board of directors may exclude it from the agenda. Shareholders may submit a proposed proposal for urging the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities, and it is limited to one only in accordance with the relevant provisions of Article 172-

1 of Company Act, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Prior to the date on which share transfer registration is suspended before the convention of a regular Shareholders' Meeting, the company shall give a public notice announcing acceptance of proposal in writing or by way of electronic transmission, the place and the period for shareholders to submit proposals to be discussed at the meeting; and the period for accepting such proposals shall not be less than 10 days.

Shareholder-submitted proposals are limited to 300 words, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the regular Shareholders' Meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of the proposal screening results and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the Shareholders' Meeting the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals not included in the agenda.

#### **Article 4**

For each shareholders meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders meeting and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company before 5 days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronically, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company before 2 business days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

#### Article 5

The venue for a shareholders meeting shall be the premises of the Company, or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of the Independent Directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

#### Article 6

The Company shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations.

Shareholders or their proxies (collectively, "shareholders") shall attend shareholders meetings based on attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance. The Company may not arbitrarily add requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification. The Company shall furnish the attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall furnish attending shareholders with the meeting agenda book, annual report, attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of Directors, pre-printed ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one

representative at a shareholders meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

#### Article 7

If a shareholders meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairman of the board. When the chairman of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chairman, the vice chairman shall act in place of the chairman; if there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairman, the chairman shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the Directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairman does not make such a designation, the managing directors or the Directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

When a managing director or a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the managing director or director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders meetings convened by the Board of Directors be chaired by the chairperson of the board in person and attended by a majority of the Directors and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.

If a shareholders meeting is convened by a party with power to convent but other than the Board of Directors, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders meeting in a non-voting capacity.

#### Article 8

The Company, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the registration procedure, the proceedings of the shareholders meeting, and the voting and vote counting procedures.

The Company shall retain the recording for at 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the recording shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

#### Article 9

Attendance at shareholders meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sing-in cards handed in plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and announce relevant information such as the number of non-voting rights and the number of shares in attendance. However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act, all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders

meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the Company Act.

#### Article 10

If a Shareholders' Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the Board of Directors. Relevant motions (including temporary motions and amendments to the original motions) shall be decided on a case-by-case basis. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a Shareholders' Meeting convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the Board of Directors.

The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of the rules of procedure, the other members of the Board of Directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in order to comply with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then continue the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extraordinary motions put forward by the shareholders, when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may announce the discussion closed and call for a vote.

#### **Article 11**

Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance care number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates the rules or exceeds the scope of the agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor, the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant personnel to respond.

#### Article 12

Voting at shareholders meeting shall be calculated based the number of shares.

With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder.

The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed 3 percent of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

#### Article 13

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be established in accordance with the laws and shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person. However, the shareholder mentioned in the preceding paragraph will be deemed to waive the right for the motion and the modification of the proposal at that Shareholders' Meeting mentioned herein, therefore, the Company shall avoid the situation of providing the proposal for the motion and the modification for the agenda item.

When shareholder exercises voting rights by written consent or electronic means in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the intention shall be delivered to the Company before 2 days before the date of the Shareholders' Meeting, when the intention repeat, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous intention.

After shareholder exercises voting rights by written consent or electronic means, if they want to attend to the Shareholders' Meeting in personal, the shareholder mentioned in the preceding sentence shall withdraw the intention by written consent or electronic means in the same way of exercising voting rights before 2 days before the date of the Shareholders' Meeting; when the withdraw mentioned herein is overdue, the voting rights by written consent or electronic mean shall prevail. If shareholder exercises voting rights by written consent or electronic means and appoint agent as proxy to attend the shareholders meeting, the voting right of proxy shall prevail.

Except as otherwise specified in the Company Act or in the Company's articles of incorporation, a resolution shall be adopted by a majority of the votes represented by the shareholders present at the meeting.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed veto, and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, and all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.

Vote counting shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders meeting and voting results shall be reported on —site immediately and recorded in writing.

#### **Article 14**

The election of Directors at a shareholders meeting shall be held in accordance with the applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be announced on-site immediately, including the list of elected Directors and the number of elected rights, and the list of failed Directors and the number of election rights obtained.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least 1 year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the company Act, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

#### Article 15

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The distribution of the meeting minutes could be in the way of electronic form.

The distribution for the meeting minutes in the preceding paragraph can be in the ways of published in MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall record the date of the meeting, place, the chair name, the way of resolution and the results of voting (including the weight of statistics). When there are elected directors, the

number of votes for each candidate shall be disclosed and keep it forever during the term of continuing of the Company.

#### Article 16

On the day of a Shareholders' Meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation and the number of shares represented by proxies and shall make an express disclosure of the same at the place of the shareholders meeting.

If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders meeting constitute information under applicable laws or regulations, the Company shall upload the content of such resolution to the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

#### Article 17

The personnel who is responsible for the Shareholders' Meeting shall wear the badge or identification card.

The chairman may conduct the disciplinary officers or the security guard to assist in keeping order of the meeting place. Such disciplinary officers or the security guard shall wear the badge marked "Disciplinary officers" for identification purpose.

At the place of meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by the Company, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.

When a shareholder violates the rules of procedure and defies the chair's correction, obstructing the proceeding and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct relevant personnel to escort the shareholder from the meeting.

#### Article 18

During the meeting, the chairman may, at his discretion, set time for intermission. In case of incident of force majeure, the chairman may decide to temporarily suspend the Meeting and announce, depending on the situation.

If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extraordinary motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.

A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders meeting to defer or resume the meeting within 5 days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Act.

#### Article 19

These Rules and Procedure shall be effective from the date it is approved by the Shareholders' Meeting. The same applies in case of revision.

#### **Article 20**

The amendment was made on July 5, 2021.

### **Article of Incorporation**

- I. As per calculation based on the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies", the overall shareholding by Directors is as follows:
  - (I) The Company has issued 91,960,484 common shares of which 10% (i.e., 9,196,048 shares) shall be held by all Directors according to statutory requirements. Also, the Audit Committee comprises Independent Directors has been established by the Company in order to comply with Article 14.4 of the Securities and Exchange Act, responsible for the implementation of the authority of Supervisors under the provisions of the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act and other laws and regulations. Therefore, supervisors" shareholding requirements are not applicable.
  - (II) The Company has also elected three Independent Directors; subsequently, the statutorily required number of common shares held by the Directors shall be reduced according to 80% of the abovementioned shares that shall be held by Directors. Hence, the total number of common shares held by the Directors of the Company shall come to 7,356,838 shares.

II. As of April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2023 (book closure date), the shareholding of common shares held by all Directors in the shareholders' registry has been as follows:

Title	Name	Representative	Current Shareholding	
			Shares	Shareholding
				Ratio %
Chairman	Yang, Yu-Te		1,798,512	1.96
Director	Advantech Co., Ltd.	Liu, Wei-Ting	25,542,984	27.78
Director	Tsai, Shih-Yang		1,408,000	1.53
Director	Huang, Jui-Nan		200,00	0.22
Independent Director	Lin, Yih-Jong		0	0
Independent Director	Chang, Jen-Chih		0	0
Independent Director	Yu, Chwo-Ming		16,915	0.02
The Shareholding of Ordinary Shares Held by all Directors		28,966,411	31.51	

III. As it has stood, the number of ordinary shares held by all Directors has reached the statutorily required number.